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PRICE ONE ANNA
REGD. NO. B. 1065

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL XXI NO 193 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1933 TWELVE PAGES

# MR. ANEY AWARDED SIX MONTHS S. I.

## *Out Of The Gloaming.*

The University Chancellor said that for the right people to work the W.P. constitution in the right spirit and for training the right men, the Government would have to look to schools and colleges? They might as well look into the jails, where they are imbibing the right spirit.

* * * *

He also told his audience that at a time like this education has to be more than academic. But the Government ought not to advise young men "ad nauseam" not to dabble in politics, when they are preparing themselves for the W.P. constitution.

* * * *

The Chancellor stated that the motor car and the aeroplane "have tended to annihilate boundaries and bring distant places in contact with each other." R.A.F. planes are annihilating boundaries on the Frontier, and briging Bajauri nearer to the British. Practice and theory go together.

* * * *

That is the reason why Sir F. Sykes condemned the "simpler and more promitive modes of life." The Bajauris are being dragged down their mountain fastnesses and yoked to the chariot of British civilisation, willynilly. The claims of civilisation must come first, even if they lose their independence.

* * * *

"Nothing dispels ignorance more than actual contact," he continued. Most of the consultees have now returned to India as the W.P.'s and Sir S. Hoare's enthusiastic supporters. They are dying to give more strength to his elbows to deal with Congressmen; at least Sir Mahomed Yakub wants to, and he is always right.

* * * *

In Madras too they are doing their bit by bringing Congressmen in more direct contact with Police "canes,". A good contact with the Police lathi, and everything turns out alright. It may be primitive, but the lathi must be plied with the "right spirit by the right people" as the University Chancellor put it so aptly.

* * * *

The Chancellor's address was full of those good things which make life worth living—in India under the Ordinances. He said civilisation was the "power to think freely, live rightly, maintain justice between man and man, and above all to make and like beautiful things."

* * * *

If we judge India by this high standard, she is far in advance of others, for not only are Indians permitted to think freely, but for thinking freely they can be fed freely for nearly four years, as at Meerut, as an encouragement to others.

* * * *

The Maharajah of Burdwan who has now become the real friend of the tenants—obviously he has abandoned his bright career as the "Chorus Girl of the Empire,"—is busy forming the landlord-tenant party in Bengal, —something like the Wolf and the Lamb party.

* * * *

There was a furious sham battle between Bears and Bulls on the Bombay Stock Exchange and the exchanges were about equal, though the Bears stood triumphant for the while on the prostrate bodies of the Bulls.

* * * *

But the Bulls recovered courage, and before they were counted out, they returned to the charge. With added encouragement and courage born of desperation, the fight is likely to be prolonged and rather sanguinary. In the end Bulls and Bears will retire after shaking hands, and only the public who take sides will be gulled by the sham fight.

* * * *

"Democracy, in the Anglo-Saxon sense, has never been really at home in Asia," says Dr. Otte of the Peking Imperial University. It hasn't had much chance. But we should be quite content to have it in the Asiatic sense.

* * * *

It was the day before the annual cricket match between rival village teams. The vicar of the village and chairman of the home club called on the captain and gave him money with which to buy a new ball and a new bat.

"That may help you to gain a few runs and take a few wickets," he told the captain.

The following afternoon, a few minutes before the match, the vicar again approached the captain.

"Did you get the bat and ball?" he asked.

"No! Bats and balls won't help us," replied the captain emphatically. "I gave the money to the umpire!"

## *If Need Be, He Would Offer Satyagraha Again, He Says*

## Cases Against Two Women Withdrawn

## 11 Co-accused Get Six Months Rigorous Imprisonment

*AKOLA, Aug. 16.*

***Mr. M. S. Aney was sentenced to-day to six months' simple imprisonment and fine of Rs. 250 in default further three months' simple imprisonment.***

***Of the 13 others who were tried with him, 11 were sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment, while cases against two women were withdrawn.***

PLEADS GUILTY

Mr. Aney pleaded guilty to the charge under section 145 I.P.C. and declined to offer defence or cross-examine witnesses.

In the course of a statement Mr. Aney said that himself and co-accused individually started to offer Satyagraha without any previous arrangement. He complained that the report of his speech before he commenced the march was incomplete.

Asked by the Magistrate if he wanted to explain why he insisted on breaking Forest Laws, Mr. Aney said that he had given his reasons at many public meetings and if need be he would again advocate Satyagraha.

Nine of the other accused pleaded guilty, while two pleaded not guilty.

JUDGMENT.

In the course of the judgment, the Magistrate remarked that the prosecution had proved that the assembly started with the common object of breaking Forest Laws, that it was declared unlawful and on refusal to disperse was arrested.

ONLY LENIENT SENTENCE

"I see no force in the plea of individual responsibility or incomplete report of speech".

Considering Mr. Aney's advanced age and his present health and also his request to the public to do constructive work and considering that he did not insist on the continuance of Civil Disobedience, the Magistrate observed that he awarded a lenient sentence.—A.P.

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Noakhali, Aug 16—A severe tornado passed over several villages in Noakhali District last weekend causing serious damage to property but there was no loss of life.—A P.

## 50 KILLED BY CLOUD-BURST

### Considerable Property Damaged At Kingston

KINGSTON (Jamaica) Aug 16

Over 50 persons have been killed at Kingston and in the neighbouring district by cloud-burst which has caused considerable damage to property.—Reuter.

## CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET SENSATION

### Big Decline In Prices, Wheat Dropping Full Five Cents

(Special Cable.)

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.

The grain market resumed today with the minimum price pegs removed. The only restriction on trading was a maximum of five cents a bushel, fluctuations up or down during the day.

As a result, all grain prices fell immediately to the lowest permissible prices, wheat dropping full five cents.

Trading is again at a standstill.

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Nathiagali, Aug 16—A notice under the Public Tranquility Act has been served on Khan Mirsilai, ex-Secretary of the Congress Committee, Peshawar, ordering him to abstain from participating in poltical activities.—A. P.

## STOP PRESS

NEW TRANS-ATLANTIC RECORD

(Special Cable)

NEW YORK, Aug 16

The Italian super-liner "Rex" claims to have established new trans-Atlantic record crossing from the Gibraltar to New York in four days 13 hours 58 minutes, the total distance covered being 3181 miles at an average speed of nearly 29 knots.

Bremen made the previous record crossing.

POOLEY DEAD

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Aug 16

H. T Pooley, Director, Empire Producers organisation died in a hospital in London to-day following stroke on bus as he was going home.

Previously he had been in the best of health. His sudden death shocked Empire circles.

## MOHMANDS MOBILISE

### Katsai Village To Be Their New Basis?

### GHALANAI SNIPED AT

**Peshawar Brigade Column Moves Out of Camp at Dawn.**

SIMLA, August 16.

The latest information received here from the Forntier says that last evening was spent in repairing the damage caused to the camp at Dand and to the road up to Dand from Pirkala by the heavy rain of the previous night. The latter was open again for transport by noon.

The camel tract as far as Ghalanai is now working well and a road which will be fit for machine transport is making satisfactory progress.

The Ghalanai camp was sniped at last night but no casualties occurred.

The Peshawar brigade column moved out of the camp at Ghalanai at dawn this morning towards Katsai, where it is reported a considerable body of Upper Mohmand raiders are gathered.

Katsai is a village at the junction of the Toratigga Nullah leading up to the Khapak Pass and Yusufkhal area leading to the Nahaukki Pass.—A.P.

## RAS MARCHERS SENT TO JAIL

### All Volunteers Refuse To Furnish Bail

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD Aug. 16.

Diwan Bahadur Bulakhidas, Honorary Magistrate, Ahmedabad, delivered to-day judgment in the case of 23 volunteers, who were arrested just before their impending march to the Ras village from the Sabarmati Ashram, and convicted and sentenced them under Section 109 (2) I. P. C. to suffer one year's R. I. each, or to be released on their furnishing a bail amount of Rs. 200 each.

All of them refused to pay the bail amount and courted jail.

## *MADRAS CLOTH PICKETS ARRESTED*

MADRAS, August 16.

Mr. N. S. Varadachari, Secretary, All-India Spinners' Association and eight other volunteers picketed foreign cloth shops in Rattan Bazar this afternoon.

The police arrived on the scene and arrested them. They were taken to the Commissioner's office where they are being kept.—A. P.

## *FLOOD REPORTS EXAGGERATED?*

POONA, Aug 16

Replying to a short notice question in the Bombay Legislative Council the Revenue Member stated that reports of floods caused by recent rains in Sind and Gujarat were somewhat exaggerated.

He added that Government had sanctioned Rs. 2,000 for immediate relief for the distressed in the Kaira District and a similar amount for Broach.

The Commissioner in Sind had been asked to report regarding the extent of damage in Sind.—A. P.

## MAHATMAJI'S FAST RUMOUR

### No Official Confirmation Neither Denial

### BUT FACILITIES WILL BE GIVEN TO CARRY ON HARIJAN WORK

POONA, Aug. 16.

**Enquiries made in official circles have failed to elicit any confirmation regarding the report that Gandhiji went on fast at noon to-day, nor were the authorities prepared to deny the report.**

**It has now been confirmed that Government have permitted Gandhiji facilities for carrying on anti-untouchability work but the terms of this permission and whether Gandhiji has accepted them could not be ascertained.—A. P.**

(EARLIER).

OFFICIAL STATEMENT EXPECTED.

**The Associated Press understands that Gandhiji has, as a result of correspondence between him and the Government, been given privileges to carry on anti-untouchability work as during his last jail life.**

**It is expected that an official statement to this effect will be made shortly.—A.P.**

## *Jamiat Singh Breaks Fast*

### Promises For Requisite Amount For Volunteer's Relief Given

**The promises for the requisite amount for the immediate relief of Congress volunteers having been given, Sirdar Jamiat Singh agreed to break his fast. He broke his fast at 8 p.m. on Wednesday after having fasted for three days in the presence of Mr. Purshotamdas Tricumdas, Mr. Abdur Rehman Mitha and nearly 50 released volunteers.**

Although the immediate needs have been fulfilled, the relief will have to be continued for some months as volunteers who are at present in jails will be released from time to time during the next few months. The public are therefore requested to send in their contributions to Mr. Abdur Rehman Mitha, Lloyds Chambers, 58 Valkeshwar Road.

Arrangements to open a camp are being made.

## CONGRESSMEN'S THREAT

Messrs. Pratap Singh President, Bombay War Council), Trilok Singh, Ex. G. O. C. Bombay War Council), Narinjan Singh, Ex. Captain A. Ward volunteers, Bishan Singh, Ex. Captain Akali Volunteers and Labh Singh, Ex. Secretary Akali volunteers, have addressed the following appeal to the public.

The noble cause for which Sirdar Jamiat Singh has taken up a voluntary fast has our complete sympathy and support. It is a humiliation for this great city that a public worker of the type of Sirdar Jamiat Singh should be allowed to take such an extreme step to save our brave and patriotic boys from degenerating into beggars and thieves.

These brave sons of India, deserve every encouragement and help, but the callous apathy shown by the public of Bombay is very surprising.

Looking to all the facts and circumstances, we have decided after great consideration that if within a few days more there is no sufficient response to the appeal of Sirdar Jamiat Singh, we shall also go on fast along with our brother Sirdar Jamiat Singh.

## *MR. MITHA'S APPEAL FOR DONATIONS*

### *Committee To Administer Funds To Be Formed*

The following statement has been issued by Messrs. Abdul Rehman Mitha and P. R. Lele:—

The fast of Srdar Jamiat Singh and the public meeting held at Chowpatty on Tuesday to ventilate the crying grievances of released Congress volunteers have produced a great effect. Already one Association has promised Rs. 200 per month for relief. Another Association has sent a donation of Rs. 200 (lump sum) and a third has promised another donation. A promise to supply provisions has also been received. A cash donation of Rs. 10 was paid by a Parsi gentleman at the Chowpatty meeting. It is hoped that by to-morrow sufficient arrangements will have been made to provide relief to the released Satyagrahis who need it. Temporary arrangements to supply meals to the Satyagrahis have been made at Mr. Abdul Rehman Mitha's residence where some 50 volunteers are being fed from Tuesday.

We appeal to the generous public to contribute their quota for this humanitarian cause, immediately to enable us to induce Sirdar Jamiat Singh to break his fast. At least promises of Rs. 500 per month more are required.

We wish to assure the public that the funds will be used only for the purpose for which they will be collected and a committee will be constituted to administer the funds as soon as the whole of the requireed amount is promised, on which all the principal donors will be requested to nominate their representatives.

## DALAL STREET TRADITION!

### "Indian Express" Tenders Abject Apology To Madras Govt.

### "IMPROPER HEADLINE"

**Sequel to Newspaper Commenting on City Bomb Case when "Sub-Judice".**

MADRAS, August 16.

At the resumed hearing of the City Bomb Case at the Criminal Sessions, Madras High Court, presided over by Justice Bardswell to-day before regular proceedings began the Crown Prosecutor referred to the notice issued by the court on "The Indian Express" to show cause why the proprietor of the paper should not be charged with contempt. He drew his Lordships attention to a headline in the paper yesterday, (in publishing the evidence of Mr. Kalyanasundaram Iyer, Assistant Commissioner), namely "T. S. Kalyanasundaram Iyer in the dock", instead of in the box.

The Crown Prosecutor said that from the way the report was published it was clear that dock was meant not box. He added if these publications were permitted there was no safety for police officers and the enthusiasm shown by them might disappear.

Judge: "The matter has been aggravated by what appeared yesterday. The headline "Kalyanasundaram Iyer in the dock" is most improper". The Judge directed this headline to be included in another charge and fixed further hearing for the afternoon.

UNQUALIFIED APOLOGY.

When the court reassembled after lunch Mr. S. Vepa,—Advocate, or behalf of "The Indian Express" submitted that he had filed a written statement in the court signed by himself and the editor of the paper tendering an unqualified apology on behalf of the paper.

After hearing the Crown Prosecutor His Lordship finally ordered that an unconditional apology be published in the paper after the apology was shown to him and directed that the paper should bear the costs of the proceedings.—A.P.

## *DRASTIC "CUTS" IN SUGAR PRICES*

(Special Cable)

SOURABAYA. Aug. 16

Some drastic reductions in the sugar prices are announced.

Superior head sugar is fixed at 5.75 florins per quintal, this price is to be reduced by 75 cents in the Western India and 25 cents in Eastern India.

# TABULATED ADLETS

## 1 Anna Per Word.

## Minimum Re. 1

**SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

**ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The 'Bombay Chronicle'"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

**BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

**REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS** should be addressed carefully as under. "Box No.—The Advertisement Department. The 'Bombay Chronicle'," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

### 8. MATRIMONIAL.

**Wanted Suitable Match, aged 20** for a respectable educated Gujerati of liberal views, professionally earning Rs. 750 per month. no caste restrictions. Middle class Gujerati girl or widow preferred. Write to Box No. 1060, 'Bombay Chronicle."

### 9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted Salesmen for insecticide.** Good prospects for influential persons. Apply Box No. 1089, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted Motor Mechanic. Lady** Doctors, qualified Midwives, immediately. Royal Service Agency, 369-71 Hornby Road, Nanabhailane, 2nd floor, (unemployed properly assisted). (1090).

### 14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

**To Let to Vegetarian Hindus** extremely splendid three and four-room flats, in Raval Building, Hindu Colony, near Tilak Bridge, Dadar. Rent Rs. 65 and Rs. 85. (1091).

### 15. HOUSES & FLATS WANTED

**Wanted a shop or a part at** Hornby Road, Church Gate Street. Ferozshah Road. Write to Box No. 1088, "Bombay Chronicle."

### 20. OFFICES TO LET.

**For Solicitors—Well-lighted** and airy Office premises in Meadows Street. Reasonable Rent. Apply Box No. 123. "Bombay Chronicle."

### 74. AGENCIES WANTED

**Applications are invited from** persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock, Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P.O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

### 85. ENGINEERS.

**Wanted candidates to qualify** Overseers; Sub-Engineers through correspondence. British India Technical College (Registered by Government). Sukkur, Sind. (1015)

### 124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

**All varieties Mango, Lichi Grafts.** 4 years old. fruitable next year, Rs. 25 dozen. Expenses Extra. Advance essential. Catalogue free. **Botanical Garden, Darbhanga, Bihar.** (1084).

### 154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

**A Bargain—Norwegian Glazed** Newsprint paper 30" x 40"—50lbs and 35" x 45"—62lbs. For Sale at one Anna and Six Pies per pound. Apply "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd.

## Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

| | Per column inch Per insertion. |
|---|---|
| 1st Insertion .. | Rs 7-8-0 |
| 2nd Insertion .. | Rs. 5-8-0 |
| 3rd Insertion .. | Rs. 4-8-0 |
| 4th and Subsequent Insertions .. | Rs 3-8-0 |

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns

## University of Bombay

UNIVERSITY SCHOLARSHIPS FOR STUDY IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

The attention of qualified candidates is drawn to the University Notifications recently published in the "Bombay Government Gazette" inviting applications for the following University Foreign Scholarships to be awarded by the Syndicate during the current academical year:—

The Sir Mangaldas Nathubhai Technical Scholarships (Two).

The Edulji Dinshaw Foreign Technical Scholarship (One).

2. The Sir Mangaldas Nathubhai Scholarships are of the annual value of Rs. 2000 each, tenable for a period of three years in England for the study of branch of technical education, and open to all Hindu Graduates of the University of Bombay irrespective of standing.

3. The Edulji Dinshaw Scholarship is of the value of Rs. 4.800 per annum, tenable for a period of three years for the study of any branch of technical education in a foreign country and is open for competition by Parsi candidates who have passed the M.Sc., M.Ag., or M.E. Examination of any Indian University and who are Graduates of not more than ten years' standing from the date of their first passing a Degree Examination.

4. Students intending to appear at Degree Examinations to be held during the second half of the current academical year are not qualified to offer themselves as candidates for the above scholarships.

5. The Registrar will be glad to supply any qualified candidate on application, written or oral, with a copy of the Notification appertaining to the Scholarship for which he is eligible, a form of application and a copy of the rules regulating the award and tenure of the Scholarship.

By Order,
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar,
Bombay, 7th August, 1933.
7082.

## Public Notices.

### NOTICE

No. 77 of 1933.
Chief Customs Office,
Jamnagar, 28th July, 1933.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for general information that Nawanagar State is going to farm out by Public Auction the contract of selling country liquors of local preparation and imported English liquors for one year or a suitable period from 1st September, 1933

Persons desirous of submitting offers to keep the Ijara are requested to be present at our Office on 21-8-1933 morning.

Conditions of the contract will be explained at the time of the auction.

DWARKADAS L. SARAYA.
Chief Customs Officer,
Nawanagar State
7062

### TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of 4000 reams of paper of the following description for the "Tribune" Press:—

1. Size 26" x 40".
2. Quality (a) News printing Machine (Calandered). (b) News printing (Glazed paper).
3. Weight 38-39 lbs. of machine calandered and 42 lbs. of glazed paper as found in the manufacturer's invoice.
4. Colour, white.
5. Delivery in 3 instalments with an interval of one month between each. First instalment to reach Karachi in the first week of December.
6. Quotations:—C.I.F. Karachi in £ Sterling.
7. Payment 75 p.c. cash against shippers' documents through the Punjab National Bank, Lahore, Balance within 15 days after the arrival of the consignment at the "Tribune" Press, Lahore.
8. Tenders along with 3 full sheet samples of each quality should be sent. Sealed Tenders to be addressed to the Trustees, the "Tribune", Lahore, in registered cover so as to reach not later than 24th September, 1933
9. Tenders will be opened on a date to be fixed and notified later at which local tenderers and representatives of others may be present.
10. Acceptance or non-acceptance of the lowest tender will be at the discretion of the Trustees.

7116

## Legal Notices

### In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

**Suit No. 592 of 1932.**

Messrs. BUTTERWORTH & CO., (India), Ltd., a Joint Stock Company, Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act, having their Registered Office at Calcutta and a Branch Office at Bruce Street, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs.

versus

TULJARAM B. RELWANI, of Karachi, Hindu Inhabitant, High Court Pleader, residing at Bunder Road, Karachi .... Defendant.

To,
The Defendant abovenamed.

Sir,

Please TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs have filed the above suit against you to recover from you Rs. 2,700-14-0 as mentioned in the plaint with interest and costs.

You are now hereby summoned to appear in the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, on the 27th day of September, 1933, at 11 A.M. (S.T.) in the forenoon to answer the plaintiffs.

TAKE NOTICE that in default of your appearance on the day mentioned above the suit will be heard in your absence.

Dated this 16th day of Aug. 1933.

Yours truly,
SHASTRI & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
7124.

## Legal Notices

### In The High Court of Judicature At Bombay

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1080 of 1933

(1) SORABJI CAWASJI PETIT, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, a landlord, residing at Warden Road, without the Fort of Bombay, (2) Dr. CAWASJI EDULJI DADACHANJI, also of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, a Medical practitioner, residing at Agiary Moholla, Khetwady, without the Fort of Bombay, (3) Dr. MERWANJI ERUCHJI PAVRI, also of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitant, a Medical practitioner, residing at Middle Colaba, without the Fort of Bombay, (4) VICAJI ARDESHIR TARAPOREWALLA, also of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, an Architect, residing at Parsi Colony, Dadar, without the Fort of Bombay, (5) SORABJI BURJORJI DADYBURJOR, B.A., LL.B., also of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, an Advocate, (A.S.) residing at Gowalia Tank Road, without the Fort of Bombay, (6) DADABHOY FRAMJI CAMA, also of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, a landlord, residing at Pedder Road, without the Fort of Bombay, (7) KAIKHUSHRO JAMSHEDJI DUBASH, also of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, a Solicitor, residing at Walton Road, Apollo Reclamation, without the Fort of Bombay, (8) MINOCHER HORMUSJI ENGINEER, also of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, a Merchant's Assistant, residing at Gowalia Tank Road, without the Fort of Bombay, (9) JEHANGIR RUSTOMJI MASTER, also of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Chira Bazaar, without the Fort of Bombay, (10) SORAB EDULJI ENGINEER, also of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, a Solicitor and an Assistant to the High Court Receiver, residing at Rustom Baug, Byculla, without the Fort of Bombay, (11) KAIKHUSHRO NANABHAI RANINA also of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, retired Municipal employee, residing at Parsi Colony, Dadar, without the Fort of Bombay, (12) HIRJIBHOY DADABHOY MULLA, also of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, Secretary, the N. M. Petit Charity Funds, residing at Naigaum Road without the Fort of Bombay and (13) HIRJIBHOY CAWASJI DRIVER, also of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, Principal, J. N. Petit Orphanage, residing at Lal Baug, Parel, without the Fort of Bombay, on behalf of themselves and of all other members of the Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit Gymnastic Institution except the Defendant .. Plaintiffs

versus

PHIROZ MANECKJI MODY of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, residing at No. 269, Charni Road, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendant

To,
The Members of the Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit Gymnastic Institution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to the Judge's Order, dated the 14th July, 1933, under Order I. Rule 8, of the Code of Civil Procedure that the Plaintiffs 1 to 5 abovenamed as Trustees and all the Plaintiffs as the members of the Managing Committee of the above mentioned Institution have with the permission of the Court, obtained on the 14th day of July, 1933, instituted this suit against the defendant abovenamed praying for the following reliefs:—

(a) That it may be declared that the defendant has ceased to be one of the Trustees of the said Institution.

(b) That the defendant may be restrained by an order and injunction of this Hon'ble Court from acting or claiming to act as a Trustee of the said Institution.

(c) That the defendant may be ordered to sign the necessary cheque for the purpose of drawing out the amount lying in the account with the Imperial Bank of India and also to sign a letter for closing the said account with the Imperial Bank of India and to endorse the securities belonging to the said Institution.

(d) That pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit any one or more of the plaintiffs 1 to 5 may be appointed Receiver or Receivers of the said securities and the moneys lying in the said account with the Imperial Bank of India with such powers as to this Hon'ble Court may seem fit

(e) That the defendant may be ordered to pay the plaintiffs costs of the suit.

(f) That the plaintiffs may have such further and other relief as the nature of the case may require.

AND THAT the hearing of this suit has been fixed for the 26th day of September, 1933.

Dated this 15th day of August 1933.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) H. A. VAKIL,

This 15th day of August, 1933.
Messrs. MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
7123

## AUCTION SALES

### D. MISTRY & Co.

AUCTIONEERS,
Tele. 22801.

AUCTION SALE OF JEWELLERY

Messrs. D. MISTRY & CO. will sell by Public Auction very valuable Jewellery of late Seth Raichand Kevalchand and Minor Chundulal, such as:—

Diamonds: Bangles, Rings, Rose Rings, Shadi Pins, Earrings, Marquise, valuable Diamond and Emerald Ladies full set, etc.

Pearls: Single and double rows bangles, Necklaces, Studs, Earrings, etc.

Blue coloured Diamonds, English made valuable gold watch, etc.

To-day at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at 62, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. Jewellery on view.

AUCTION SALE OF TOBACCO FACTORY.

Messrs. D. MISTRY & CO. will sell by Public Auction by the order of the Favourite Tobacco Co., such as tobacco cuting machine, electric motor, loose tobacco, President Cigarette packets, Gold Flake packets. Gold Flake square tins, etc.

The stock in trade, machinery and good-will of the running concern.

On SUNDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) opp. Post Office, Santa Cruz, B. B. & C. I. Ry.

D. MISTRY & CO.

### BENNETT & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD AND UNSERVICEABLE MUNICIPAL STORES.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will (TODAY), THURSDAY, the 17th instant at 3 P. M. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at Central Stores, Chinchpokli:—

Unserviceable stores such as Kerosene and Bombay lamps, waste-not taps, pulleys. meters, drums, steel casks, furniture, etc.

To-day at 4 P. M. (S. T.) at Municipal Workshops, Foras Road:—

Unserviceable stores such as: W. I. and C. I. scrap, tyres, electric wire, steam rollers, lorries, wheels, rims, motor lamps, etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

**Income Tax & Sup. Tax**
Statutory Statement of Accounts Prepared Audit of Books of Firms undertaken
Telephone No. 22997.
B. L. THOSAR
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
Chandavarkar Road, BOMBAY

## N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS.

| Steamers. | Tons. | Arrive | Leave |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tokiwa Maru | 6,972 | 20 Aug. | 24 Aug. |
| *Genyo Maru | 9,000 | 29 Aug | 10 Sep |
| Calcutta Maru | 5,339 | 17 Sep | 27 Sep |
| Malacca Maru | 5374 | 30 Sep. | 10 Oc. |

*Passenger steamer with excelle accommodation and services £50 Return.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS.

| Steamers. | Tons | Leave Colombo |
|---|---|---|
| Kashima Maru | 10,000 | 22 Aug. |
| Yasukuni Maru | 12,000 | 2 Sep. |
| Hakone Maru | 10500 | 18 Sept. |

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES-LONDON

| Steamers. | Tons | Leave Colombo |
|---|---|---|
| Terukuni Maru | 12,000 | 28 Aug. |
| Hakusan Maru | 10500 | 13 Sep. |

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

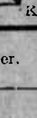
| Steamers | Tons | Leave Hongkong |
|---|---|---|
| Taiyo Maru | 14,500 | Ex-Kobe 23 Sep. |
| Chichibu Maru | 17000 | 4 Oc. |

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

| Steamers. | Tons | Leave Kobe |
|---|---|---|
| Hiye Maru | 11,600 | 18 Sep. |
| Heian Maru | 11600 | 2 Oc. |

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Cox's Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Phone No. 20279: Telegrams "YUSEN."

## Osaka Shoshen Kaisha O. S. K. Line



REGULAR SERVICE To Japan Via SINGAPORE HONG-KONG & SHANGHAI

| Steamer. | Arrival. | Departure |
|---|---|---|
| London Maru | 9th Aug. | 18th Aug. |
| Atlas ,, | 23rd ,, | 10th Sep. |
| Shunko ,, | 8th Sept. | 23rd ,, |
| Alaska ,, | 24th ,, | 8th Oct. |

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One year Monthly details, Rs. 2, Weekly details, 1 year Rs. 10. Correct answers for 5 questions Re. 1, V.P. As. 5. Send copy of Horoscope or time and date of birth or of writing letter and approximate age.
HANUMAN JOTHISHA OFFICE
Tiruttani, S. India.

## COTTON

LATEST INFORMATION IS MONEY ITSELF

COTTON BUSINESS.—We transact cotton business on behalf of our clients through the E. I. C. Association, Ltd., and the Mahajan Association. Our clients are remain in touch with all the latest information from all Foreign Markets which help them to cover their bargains profitably.

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL MARKETS—The New York and Liverpool Cotton Markets dominate all other markets of the world and every bit of information there is flashed all round the world. Shrewd speculators avail themselves of the news and make profits. The Bureau remains in constant touch with these markets right from the opening midway fluctuations to the closing prices.

STERLING-DOLLAR CROSS-RATE—The Sterling-Dollar Cross-Rate is of utmost importance to business. All the commodity markets rule practically in tune with the fluctuations in the Cross-Rate. We receive opening, closing and all time to time fluctuations together with our London Agent's opinion. We can wire or telephone same to any part of India for a moderate charge.

TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CALLS:—Quotations of Liverpool and New York Future together with Bombay quotations and expectation (Dharna) can be phoned or wired to any part of India.

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181, Esmail Building, 1st Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Phone No. 24241.
Tel: "VANUSET."

## WELCOMED BY LORDS

### Activities Of Shree Gaudya Math Missionaries In London

(From A Correspondent.)

The Missionaries of the Gaudiya Math in London attended an "At-Home" at the famous Waldrof Hotel given by Mr. Nehra, the President of the Hindu Society, who is taking active interest in the activities of the Gaudiya Math preachers. They were introduced to a large number of eminent persons including Sardar Bata Singh, Dy. President of the Punjab Council; Sardar Bahadur Balwant Singh Puri, O.B.E., Bhai Parmananda, M. L. A., Mrs. Atiya Begum of Central Club and Miss Gargi Muller, a highly cultured German lady recently converted to Hinduism. A meeting was subsequently held at the residence of Mr. Nehra, where along with the Gaudiya Math Missionaries a large number of Hindu delegates to the Jt. Select Committee, many notable princes and Chiefs and the members of the Hindu Society met to frame scheme for establishing a permanent association in London with a view to working a systematic propaganda for Indian religion and culture among the British people.

LECTURES IN HOUSE OF LORDS.

Tridandi Swami B. H. Bon of the London Gaudiya Math has been invited by Lord Clwyd to deliver lectures in the House of Lords and speeches in the House of Commons have already been arranged for giving due publicity to the life and teachings of Lord Sree Chaitanya. On the introduction of the Arch Bishop of Canterbury, Swami B. H. Bon of the Gaudiya Math interviewed Right Rev. H. L. Paget, D.D., Lord Bishop of London who has expressed his sympathy and promised help for the missionary propaganda of the Gaudiya Math.

Viscount Goschen, ex-Governor of Madras, invited the Swamijis of the Gaudiya Math several times to listen to the teachings of Lord Sree Chaitanya for which he has great appreciation. Mr. A. Corbluth who is a staunch vegetarian and willing to lead a spiritual life has been taking much interest in the preachings of the Gaudiya Math. Mr. P. Wilson Raffan, J.P., Secretary of the United Kingdom Band of Hope Union; Rev. M. Roxby of the Old Church, Mr. W. C. Croft, Private Secretary to Sir Samuel Hoare; Mr. W. Green, Manager of the Labour Exchange; Mr. and Mrs. Morris; Mr. and Mrs. Belham, a Government Officer have acquired a high appreciation for the sublime religion of Sree Chaitanya on long discussions with the Swamijis.

OBJECTS OF MISSION

The Missionaries of the Gaudiya Math discussed in detail the objects and methods of their preaching propaganda in London on interview with many notable persons.

The Swamijis are going out of London on an invitation by prominent persons to deliver a series of public lectures arranged in Pembroke and in the neighbourhood town of Essexshire. The Arch Bishop of Canterbury has also arranged some public lectures of the Swamijis in Chestershire.

## ALLEGED BREACH OF TRUST

### Servant Remanded To Custody

On a charge of criminal breach of trust as a servant, one Amritlal Kuberdas was placed on Wednesday morning before Mr. P. L. Thakker, Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon. The police, who wanted time to carry on investigation applied for the remand of the accused to police custody.

In their application the police stated that the accused was working as a Mehta in a cloth shop, situated at Kambeker Street. During the last month and a half, the accused had gone to the customers, had collected the dues amounting to Rs. 169-13-3 and misappropriated the amount, without making any entry in the account books. It was discovered by the owner of the shop recently, who complained to the Phydonie police, and the accused was arrested on Tuesday.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to be remanded to police custody till August 23.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 15 December, 2016

# CITY AND SUBURBS

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

### To-day

Hindu—Shravan Vad 12, 1989.

Muslim—Rabi-ul-Akhar. 22, 1353

Parsi—Aspandad 15, 1302.

**Sunrise—6-20m.**

Sunset—7-6m.

**Hightide—10-30, 21-40.**

Lowtide—2-56, 16-38.

**PHASES OF THE MOON:** New Moon 21st August, 11h. 18m. a.m. First Quarter 28th August, 3h. 43m. p.m.

**Municipal Corporation** 3-40 p.m.

"Josephine Butler and Punty", lecture by Miss M.K. Davis, at Bowen Memorial Hall, Lamington Road, 6-30 p.m.

**Results of M.Sc. Examination** (Translation test). University Buildings, 2 p.m.

**S.S. Cathay** with the English mails of August 3, due at 4 p.m.

**SATURDAY, August 19.**

**S.S. Mooltan** with English mails sails at 1 p.m.

**SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE:—The Social Workers' Training Class will meet at the hall of the Social Service League, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, to-day (Thursday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when Principal T.A. Kulkarni, will deliver a lecture on "Crime and Punishment".**

**"THE COTERIE":**—The monthly meeting of the "Coterie" will take place at "Ganpat Bhuwan, Dadar", at 7-30 p.m. to-day (Thursday) when Mr. T.S.S. Pillay, Member of the Syndicate of the Madras University will speak on "Some Aspects of University Reform". Ladies' Day.


No matter where you may live, if you enjoy fine Moving Pictures perfectly presented in an atmosphere of charm and beauty, it is good news that

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**INTOXICATING!**

**A Landmark In Entertainment.**

**PLAYED TO PACKED HOUSES**

DESPITE THE HEAT WAVE IN

**LONDON**

**IT'LL ELECTRIFY BOMBAY!**

BOOK NOW & AVOID THE RUSH


## DAILY AMUSEMENTS

**PATHE CINEMA:**—Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Special show Sunday morning at 10 a.m. "To-night Is Ours" with Fredric March and Claudette Colbert.

**CAPITOL:** "Fast Workers". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

**CARLTON:** "Night World". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

**WELLINGTON:** "Night of the Garter". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

**GLOBE:** "Arabian Nights". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

**MAJESTIC:** "Sati Ansuya". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.

**ROXY:** "Perfect Understanding". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

**KRISHNA:** "Fairy of Punjab". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m

**EDWARD:** "Let's Be Gay". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

**IMPERIAL:** "Miss 1933". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

## TO-DAY ON RADIO

6-30 a.m. Commercial Bulletin: Liverpool and New York Cotton Closing Rates.

12 noon. Selection of Indian Music.

12-30 p.m. Selection of European Music.

1 p.m. Bombay Market: Opening Rates.

5-30 p.m. European Programme: Relay of Music from Capitol Cinema (by kind permission of the management). News available.

6-30 p.m. Interval.

7 p.m. Moments Musical. With music and musicians. By Richard Meredith.

7-10 p.m. Columbia Variety Show No. 15. Sponsored by Messrs. S. Rose and Co., Ltd.,

(1) Joe Venuti and Eddie Lang's Blue Five: (a) "Hey Young Fella"; (b) "Pink Elephants".

(2) Jessie Matthews, Soprano: (a) "Three Wishes"; (b) "Let me give my happiness".

(3) Eddie Cantor, Comedian: (a) "Look what you're done"; (b) "What a perfect combination".

(4) Sidney Torch, Cinema Organ: (a) "Dance of the Blue Marionette"; (b) "Hot Dog".

(5) Reis and Dunn, Duettists. (a) "That's all that matters"; (b) "Shuffle off to Buffalo".

(6) Alice Delysia, Comedienne: (a) "Every Woman"; (b) "I know what I want".

(7) Frank Ferera's Hawaiian Orchestra: (a) "Lamp lighting Time";; (b) "Rock-a-bye Moon".

8 p.m. Cotton, Silver, Gold Seeds, Wheat, Stock, Exchange and other Market Prices.

8-45 p.m. European Programme: Weather Report and News Bulletin.

9 p.m. Indian Programme: News in Hindi. New York Opening, Liverpool Closing and Bombai Current Rates.

9-10 p.m. Recitation of Holy Koran by Moulvi Gulam Mahomed Kamar.

9-20 p.m. Songs by Bai Saraswatibai with Dattaram Parwaker Sarangi.

11 p.m. God Save the King Emperor.

## EMPIRE BROADCASTING

4-30 p.m. Omni-directional broadcast.

7 p.m. Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin.

7-1 p.m. Coventry Hippodrome Orchestra.

7-30 p.m. Evensong from Westminster Abbey.

8-15 p.m. Buxton Municipal Orchestra.

9-15 p.m. Northern Studio Orchestra.

9-45 p.m. B.B.C. Dance Orchestra.

10-30 p.m. Dance Music.

10-45 p.m. News Bulletin.

**SIR M.N. CHARITABLE DISPENSARY:**—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the month of June-July 1933 was 1459 of whom 1127 were males and 332 females.

**SETH D.T. CHARITABLE DISPENSARY:**—During the last month of July 1933 the number of Hindu patients that were treated in this dispensary was 1216. Among them the number of new admission was 292. The average daily attendance was 39.

**GOKHALE EDUCATION SOCIETY:**—A Drawing Grade Examination centre has been opened at this school. Schools in the surrounding area and intending private candidates should send their applications with fees before 25th August, to the Superintendent, Examination Centre.

Claudette Colbert and Fredric March in Noel Coward's "To-night Is Ours," showing at the Pathe from To-day.

# LANDLORD ACQUITTED

### Offshoot Of Sensational Poona Murder Case

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia at the High Court delivered judgment in the revisional application filed by Shankar Sheth Usvane, a rich landlord of Poona and his servant Sakharam.

The case is an offshot of the sensational murder case in which the first accused's son Bapusaheb was sentenced to transportation for life for killing his mistress Sundrabai in May 1931. It was alleged that the two present accused and another servant helped in secretly disposing of the dead body with a view to destroy the evidence of the crime.

Their Lordships held that there was not sufficient evidence against the first accused beyond that of another servant Chima who was an accomplice.

The first accused was therefore, acquitted. The conviction and sentence of the second accused Sakharam were confirmed. In the lower court, the two accused were sentenced to 2 years' rigorous imprisonment with Rs. 1,000 fine and 18 months' rigorous imprisonment respectively.

**COMMISSIONER'S ROUND CANCELLED:**—Owing to another engagement, the Municipal Commissioner will not be able to go round with the Councillors of "G" Ward, to-day (Thursday) at 7-30 a.m. (B.T.), as previously intimated.

**"YADAV CENTRAL BOARD", (B.P.):**—The Janonashtami festival was celebrated in the hall of Messrs. Kotkar Bros., Girgaum, Bombay on Saturday evening. A largely attended meeting was held under the presidentship of Mr. B.S. Dalaya. Mr. Khedekar delivered a lecture on shri Krishna and Bhagwadgita. Pandit Shyamdutta Shastri also spoke on the same subject. The speech of Pandit Dwijendranath Shastri proved very interesting.

**PHYSICAL TRAINING CLASS FOR GIRLS':**—The organisers of the Hanuman Vyayam Shala, Thana, announce to the Thana public that a "Physical Training Class for girls" will be started from next month, after abont 20 girls have enlisted their names for the class.

For the present the admission is restricted only for girls under ten. A free training will also be given to those deserving and poor girls. Those wishing to enlist their names should see the Secretary between 5 p.m. to 8 p.m. daily.

**FREE HINDI:**—Under the auspices of the Narendra Grantha Sangraha, Dadar, "Free Hindi Class" is to be started in the Municipal Marathi School, Dadar. Those who desire to take the advantage of the class should write or see personally the Secretary on or before the 31st August. Address: The Hon. Secretary, Narendra Grantha Sangraha, "Radha Niwas", Dr. Bhawani Shankar Road, Dadar.

Quetta—Information has been received here that 'Independence Day' celebrations are in full swing since August 11 in Kabul, Kandahar and other big towns of Afghanistan.—A. P.

# "TO-NIGHT IS OURS"

### New Programme At Pathe

Pathe Cinema are releasing to-day "To-night Is Ours" a brilliant romantic story adapted from Noel Coward's "The Queen Was In The Parlour".

This is a beautiful picture with exquisite love scenes and wonderful photography. The acting throughout is superb. The famous stars of "The Sign Of The Cross", Fredric March and Claudette Colbert are co-starred in this production.

Brilliant and witty, like all Coward's works, "To-night Is Ours" centres around a young woman who has tossed aside the responsibilities of a kingdom for a fling at Paris, and a young Parisian who insists on sharing the fling with her. They lead each other a hectic chase through the pleasure spots of the capital but their moments alone are moments of infinite tenderness and passion.

# INDIAN COTTON CROP

### First Forecast

The Indian Central Cotton Committee, has issued the following Press Communique:—

The First All-India Cotton Forecast estimates for 1933-34 will be posted in the Marwari Bazar, The Cotton Exchange, Sewri and in the office of the East India Cotton Association, Ltd., Tai Building, Hornby Road, Fort, at 2-36 p.m. (S.T.) on Friday, the 18th instant.

**POSTAL NOTICE:**—Mails for Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. "Taklliwa" will be accepted at the General Post Office up to 12 noon on Wednesday the 23rd instant.

Correspondence for Mauritius, Reunion, Madagascar Ports, Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamef.

**HANUMAN VYAYAM MANDIR:**—The annual meeting of the Hanuman Vyayam Mandir, Chinchani, was held on the 14th instant under the presidentship of Mr. G.N. Shah, Principal K.D. High School, who expressed his satisfaction on the quality of work turned out by the students. Mr. M.G. Shah, (Surpanch, V. P. Chinchani), gave a full account as to how the Mandir has been achieving its goal with gradual steps. After successfully discussing the means to get the Mandir fully equipped and appointing a new Managing Body the meeting terminated.

**SARASWATI VIDYARTHI SAHAYAK MANDALI:**—The S.V.S. Mandali, Bombay, has received the following donations:—

(1) Executors of the Will of the late Mr. Shantaram Moroba Mone, (Bombay) Rs. 500; (2) Shamrao Vithal Co-operative Bank, Ltd., (Bombay) Rs. 100; (3) Mrs. Manoramabai Vasantrao Wagle, (Bombay) Rs. 100; (4) Mr. R.N. Nayampalli (Bombay) Rs. 100; (5) Mr. H.S. Kulkarni, B.E., (Calcutta) Rs. 100; (6) Mr. R.A. Wagle, (Bombay) Rs. 100; (7) Mrs. Sitabai Anantrao Kagal, (Ahmedabad) Rs. 100; (8) Mrs. Shantabai Raghunathrao Deshpande, (Sangamner) Rs. 100; (9) Dr. S.M. Kamat, (Hubli) Rs. 70; (10) Dr. (Mrs.) Malatibai Pandit, (Rajkot) Rs. 50, making a total of Rs. 1,320.

# IRON-SMITH VICTIMISED

### Confidence Tricksters Relieve Him Of Money Assuring Job

For duping a man by assuring him of a job and receiving from him Rs. 100 as consideration, two Hindus, Dattatraya Bhau and Anand Govind were put up before Mr. M. A. F Coelho, Fifth Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, on Wednesday.

The police in applying for the remand of the accused stated that Bhau came to the complainant who is an iron-smith at present without employment, and represented to him that posts of iron-smiths were vacant in the B. B. and C. I. Workshop at Sunmill Road and that Rs. 100 were offered to the "Saheb" in charge of the Workshop the complainant was sure to get a job there.

Believing this story, the credulous iron-smith immediately went out and came back with Rs. 100 taken as a loan from a Marwari upon pledging the ornaments of his wife, and paid the money to both the accused.

The second accused had been introduced to the complainant as an employee at the workshop and that he "knew the Saheb very well."

A day or two later, the complainant began to realise that he had been outwitted by two practised sharpers, and soon came to know that no money had been paid to the "Saheb" and that the "vacancy" had never existed.

Accordingly, he went on a hunt for the culprits, and it was not long before he traced them quietly walking along Haine's Road. He immediately had them arrested by the Police.

As the police wanted time to conduct further enquiries in the case, the Magistrate remanded the two accused in custody until August 23. Meanwhile, the second accused has been ordered to be sent to the Police Surgeon for ascertaining his age.

(Continued From Col. 7.)

particularly Japanese, instead of Indian. When Japan resolved to boycott our cotton without any valid reason, it is high time that by way of retaliation not only the Indian commercial community but the Indian public should take steps to boycott all Japanese goods as China is doing."

Mr. Shroff laid down that "under no circumstances politics should dominate the Stock Exchange which is designed only to be the chief market place for negotiating securities. But, he said, when important questions of finance, exchange and taxes were concerned the Stock Exchange must have its say from the point of view of the Exchange. Mr. Shroff said: "Past events have amply proved that the country has gained nothing by pursuing a policy of civil disobedience and hartals. On the contrary, it has brought misery and distress."

The report was adopted.

**BAND AT POONA EMPRESS GARDENS.**

By kind permission of the Officers of the 2nd Bn., the King's Own Scottish Borderers the Band will play at the Empress Gardens, Poona on Friday (18th instant), from 6 to 7-30 p.m., weather permitting.

# SHROFF WARNS PANIC-MONGERS

### Calls For Co-operation Of Brokers To Maintain 'Change Credit And Protect Investors

"I am exceedingly grieved to say a few words about the most undesirable fracas that has taken place lately. Though we are strictly carrying on the rules touching forward settlements it is a matter of great regret that the conduct and behaviour of operators outside our control and beyond the pale of the Exchange, should create unnecessary panic, thereby bearing down first class securities and other shares of sound companies. Such a panic ought never to have been created and drastic steps ought to be taken to avoid any repetition of such discreditable operations. In this matter, I invite the hearty co-operation of our members. Such speculations and artificial panics ought never to be permitted For otherwise, I fear, that Government might intervene and take such legislative measures as should make it impossible for such class of operators to destroy the credit of the city and do the greatest harm to our Exchange. Our first duty is to protect all bona fide investors from needlessly coming to harm by unscrupulous operators."

With these words, Mr. K. R. P Shroff, President of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, moved the adoption of the report of the work done by the Association during the past year at their annual meeting held on Wednesday.

Mr. Shroff in the course of his speech said:

"As regards the operations of our exchange there was, as you may recall not a little dislocation of business at the commencement of the last year. The Exchange for a time failed to perform its customary function with efficiency and integrity by reason of political consideration. Consequently it was natural that bona fide investors and speculators kept themselves wholly aloof. Business was confined to the professional dealers and jobbers. At the same time such business was of so limited a character that there was a great deficit to meet the clearing charges. Thanks to the Bank of India, Ltd., it was considerate and sympathetic enough under so difficult a condition to reduce the charge by Rs. 10,000. For this relief, I take this opportunity to express our appreciation of its services as the Clearing House which it is needless to say, the Bank has all along been managing so ably.

**TEXTILE PLIGHT.**

"Unfortunately the Textile industry showed no signs of improvement. Owing to the great reducton of the purchasing power, the demand for local manufactures was exceedingly slack, quite apart from the unfair competition of Japan. In spite of heavy protective duties and extensive propaganda for indigenous products the industry made no progress. It is the general opinion that a radical overnaul of the industry on sound and economic lines is absolutely essential. Protection by itself is not a healthy remedy at all. Besides, excessive protection is certainly a burden on the consumer who is already overwhelmed with heavy emergency taxation. The Bombay Shareholders' Association have in this respect rendered a great service to the investing public by submitting to the Tariff Board their suggestions for wholesome reforms. It is surprising that despite promises, the Government are still indefinitely delaying the introduction of the several important amendments more or less on the lines of the latest English Companies Act now enforced for four years and more. It is imperative that the Government should no longer postpone energetic action in the matter, if trade, commerce and industry are to return to that sound and healthy condition which existed some years ago. It is, in my opinion, owing to this unaccountable delay on the part of the Government that commercial morality is at it's lowest ebb."

**SECURITIES UP.**

Mr. Shroff then referred to the floatation of the two loans which fully established public confidence "India's credit, which was greatly shaken owing to political troubles during the previous two years, was fully restored. Since then prices of securities generally have steadily improved enabling Government to effect important conversion operations and reduce the annual interest charges."

He deplored the want of necessary secrecy regarding these operations.

The facilities which the Stock Exchange in Bombay affords for free trading in Government securities have enabled Government to borrow money time after time at a lower rate of interest. These were taken advantage of in unloading large blocks of securities on the market during the 20th April Settlement of this year.

"I am personally strongly of opinion that such facilities for forward trading in gilt-edged securities should no longer be permitted so that Banks, Insurance Companies and others holding large blocks of such securities or large cash balances at their disposal may be successfully prevented from controlling the market at the expense of ignorant operators. A withdrawal of such speculative element from gilt-edged market is imperative. For it would be to the ultimate advantage of this section of investors. There would be far less erratic price movements accompanied by greater stability."

**JAPANESE BOYCOTT.**

He referred to the boycott of British goods which he said, created ill-feeling and hatred. 'We failed in our patriotic object to advance our own own manufactures and in a way paved the path for other foreign countries to snatch away our trade. The result is that the public are now freely buying foreign goods.

(Continued in col. 5).


**PATHE CINEMA**

THE PARAMOUNT HOUSE

TO-DAY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

**GRAND GALA OPENING OF**

A SUPERB ROMANCE

NOEL COWARD'S

**TO-NIGHT IS OURS**

SCREEN ADAPTATION OF

**"The Queen was in the Parlour"**

WITH

**FREDRIC MARCH**

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# ADULTERATED BUTTER VENDORS HEAVILY FINED

## Magistrate Denies Responsibility For Delay And Asks Municipality To Speed Up Serving Summons

The allegations made in the Press and elsewhere that the Presidency Magistrates do not dispose off Municipal cases with quick despatch, is not correct, was the observation made by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on Tuesday afternoon, when he disposed off a number of Butter and Milk adulteration cases that came up for hearing before the Court. His Worship stated that when the Municipality were given the opportunity of having their cases heard, at least in two-thirds of the cases down for hearing the Municipality were not ready to go on with the cases.

This observation was made when the Assistant Health Officer, was asking for postponement of a number of cases on the ground that either the summonses had not been served or the warrants had not been executed on the parties in the cases down for hearing on Tuesday.

The Magistrate said that, as far as his Court was concerned, such an allegations was untenable. The Municipality must exer themselves, he said, to be ready to go on with every case down for hearing on the date it is fixed.

MUNICIPAL LAXITY.

The Department's laxity in serving summonses or warrants on the parties they are prosecuting, is responsible for the delay, if any, in disposing off Municipal cases and the Presidency Magistrates are certainly not responsible for it.

During the afternoon, the Magistrate sentenced a milk vendor, who had refused to sell a sample of milk to a Municipal officer to pay a fine of Rs. 200, or in default, four months' imprisonment. "Refusing to sell a sample is a more serious offence than adulteration," was the observation made by the Magistrate in the case. Several Irani shopkeepers were also fined for selling adulterated butter. The fines imposed extended from Rs. 25 to Rs. 150.

WORTHLESS GUARANTEES.

A manufacturer, who had passed letters of guarantee to several vendors that he would be responsible for the purity of the butter, he had sold them, was also prosecuted when his own stuff was found to contain 66 per cent. of foreign matter. The defence was that the servant, who is alleged to have sold the butter, was not his servant, and had, as a matter of fact, never been in his employ. The receipt passed to the Municipality on his own company receipt form he alleged was done without his knowledge. The case was adjourned to August 29. During the course of the trial of this case, the Magistrate observed that the Municipality will be doing a public service, if the names of all the manufacturers selling adulterated butter are published by the Municipality, in addition to the publicity, the Press was now giving to cases of Butter, ghee and milk adulteration.

CASES DISPOSED OF.

The following cases were disposed off on Tuesday:—

Chowhajran Agan and Hardev Subaharaj, owners of a shop at 11, Ormiston Road, were not present in Court. The Magistrate issued a warrant, bailable in Rs 100 cash.

Ali Mirza Jabbar, 16, Tandel St. owner of an eating house, fined Rs. 150, or in default, 3 months' imprisonment for selling as butter, a substance found on analysis to contain 100 per cent. foreign matter. The accused pleaded guilty.

Boman Behram of 56, Jail Road, who pleaded not-guilty to the charge of selling butter containing 40.9 per cent. foreign matter, was convicted and fined Rs. 75, or in default, two months' imprisonment. The defence was that he had purchased it from the Royal Dairy Company believing it to be genuine.

P. Khoddad, 103, Babulal Tank Rd., pleaded guilty to the charge of selling adulterated butter containing 53.1 per cent. foreign matter and was fined Rs. 75.

Sheriar Rustom Irani, Proprietor, Kemp Restaurant, 5-A, Abdul Rehman St., pleaded not-guilty to the charge of selling butter found on analysis to contain 48.1 per c. foreign matter. He said he had purchased it from the Baltic Dairy Co., Lohar Street, Dhobi Talao, under a letter of Guarantee which he produced in Court. The Letter of guarantee stated that the Baltic Dairy Farm agreed to sell pure butter at 2 1/2 annas per pound for one year commencing from June 1933. Mr. Chhotalal G. Shah, the Manager of the Company who was in Court was called as a witness. He admitted that he had passed the letter of guarantee to the proprietor of Kemp Restaurant. He stated that it was for the accused to prove that the butter taken by the Municipality and on which a charge has been made, was the identical butter sold by him.

WRIGGLING OUT OF IT.

Magistrate:—Your letter of guarantee reads that the Restaurant is to take all their supplies from you and you hold yourself responsible for the purity of the quality and also indemnify the buyer for any default in quality.

Witness:—Yes, but he must produce my cash vouchers.

Magistrate:—You are trying to wriggle out of your responsibility. There will therefore be a summons on you to produce all your books of account in Court on September 5. It appears to me to be quite clear that you have passed this kind of writings in order to get the custom of these merchants, and when it comes to a question of shouldering the responsibility you want to wriggle out of it.

The next case was against Mohamed Ibrahim, Hasanbhai Building, Dongri Street, he pleaded that he had purchased the butter from the Yezdani Dairy at Nagpada, believing it to be genuine. The butter was found to contain 100 per cent foreign matter. He was convicted and fined Rs. 150 in default three months imprisonment.

Janardhan Ramsurdar, 85 Bazar Gate Street, was fined Rs. 200 for refusing to sell a sample of milk. The accused pleaded guilty.

Chotalal Girdharlal Shah, Manager, Baltic Dairy Co., Lohar Street, was then prosecuted for selling butter found on analysis to contain 66 per cent foreign matter. The prosecution case was that on July 12 a sample was taken from the servant of the accused who was delivering butter to various Irani shops. The servant said that he was in the employ of the accused, and that he was delivering and selling butter on behalf of the Baltic Dairy Company. The servant passed a receipt for the butter purchased by the Municipal Inspector. The defence was that the company had no servant by the name of Chikli.

Magistrate:—Do you mean to suggest that an outsider took your butter and sold it passing a a receipt on the company form?

Accused:—It appears so.

PREPOSTEROUS SUGGESTION.

Magistrate:—This is a preposterous suggestion, but you are entitled to put up any defence you choose.

The case was then postponed to August 29 to record further evidence in the case.

Kader Mahomed, 102, Tantanpura Street, was fined Rs. 100 for selling butter found to contain 100 per cent foreign ingredient.

Sheriar Rustom Irani, Colaba Market, was prosecuted for selling butter containing 82 per cent foreign matter. He produced a letter of guarantee from the Baltic Dairy Co. The case was adjourned to September 5.

Gulamhusein Mohamed Jaffer owner of restaurant, 56, Custom House Road, was fined Rs. 25 for selling butter containing 29 per cent foreign matter.


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# FILM STAR IN 'CHEATING' CASE

## Story Of "Promised Commission In Jewellery Transaction"

(From Our Correspondent.)
KURLA, Aug. 14.

Mr. Naoroji Dinshaji Daruwala, first witness on behalf of the defence, was examined on Saturday afternoon at the resumed hearing of the jewellery Cheating Case in which Sorabji Ardhesar Talati, a broker, K. V. Acharya, formerly secretary of the Motion Pictures Corporation, Bangalore, and Sultana Jiliani, a film star, stand charged before Mr. V. M. Jadhav, Resident Magistrate, Kurla, with cheating in respect of jewellery collectively valued at Rs. 3,500, the amount being the sale price of a diamond ring and a pair of diamond ear-rings.

Mr. Daruwala, in his examination-in-chief by the first accused, stated that the complainant had shown him the receipt, which he had read, but he did not remember the contents. He saw, Sorabji who told him that he would let him know after consulting Acharya. Two days after Sorabji came to him and told him that the jewellery was returned to the complainant.

RS. 300 AS COMMISSION?

In reply to the second accused, witness stated that he know complainant for the last six or seven years. Acharya used to come to Bandra at the residence of Sultana. Complainant had told him that the former had delivered certain jewellery to Acharya through Sorabji. The complainant had promised witness to pay him Rs. 300 as commission if the latter succeeded in recovering the amount of Rs. 3,000 from Acharya. When witness informed the complainant that Sorabji was telling him that the jewellery was returned by Acharya, the complainant replied that it was not so. The complainant had never mentioned to him the names of Dewan saheb or Begumsaheb in connection with the jewellery transaction. Shown the receipt, witness stated that the words: "on approval" were added afterwards in black ink.

Cross-examined by the complainant, witness stated that he came to know Acharya through his (witness) wife.

The cross-examination had not concluded when the Court rose for the day.

## MARWARI DUPED

### "Domestic Servant" Runs Away With Daughter's Ornaments

(From Our Correspondent).
KURLA, Aug. 15.

The story of how a Marwari of Kurla is alleged to have been duped to the tune of Rs. 100 by a Brahmin youth, who had come to him in search of a job, was narrated yesterday before Sub-Inspector Kadam of the Kurla police by the complainant Rupchand Lalchand.

It appears that Hazarimal Raval (25) came to Rupchand, a goldsmith of Kurla on Sunday evening and requested him to employ him as a domestic servant. Asked to give reference, Hazarimal mentioned the names of some persons in Bombay. Rupchand promised to employ him after making personal inquiries with those persons. He, however, allowed Hazarimal to sleep at his place. Yesterday morning when Rupchand's daughter removed her ornaments before taking a bath, the accused was present. Subsequently she found that one of the gold ornaments, valued at Rs. 100 was missing and Hazarimal had disappeared.

When Rupchand returned from Bombay, the matter was reported to him. The complaint was lodged in the afternoon, when Hazarimal did not return. The police are investigating the case.

## FISHY BUSINESS

### Police Haul Up 4 Persons For Angling In Vihar Lake

(From Our Correspondent).
KURLA, Aug. 15.

On a charge of theft in respect of fish caught in the Vihar lake, three Christians and a Hindu of Kirol were convicted by Mr. V. M. Jadhav, Resident Magistrate of Kurla, yesterday afternoon, and were ordered to execute a bond of Rs. 50 each, with one surety for the like amount, to be of good behaviour for six months.

The accused were caught while fishing in the Vihar lake by Mr. M. S. Tatke, Inspector of the Water Department on July 21 last. They were arrested along with fish. Sub-Inspector Kadam of the Kurla police, investigating officer, gave evidence.

## BROTHEL KEEPER SENT TO JAIL

### Muslim Gets 3 Months' R. I. For Offering Girls For Prostitution

"I advise you now to leave this business or you will be deported."

"This warning was given to the accused by the magistrate in passing the judgment in an interesting case in which an old Mahomedan named Ladha Mama 'alias' Ladha Jafer was charged under Sec. 5 of the Prostitution Act for living on the earnings of prostitution before Mr. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court. The accused was found guilty and was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment, on Monday.

CONDUCTING BROTHEL.

The case for the prosecution was that information was given to Mr. P. C. Naik, the worker of the Bombay Vigilance Association that the accused was conducting a brothel in a house popularly known as No. 42 on Arthur Road, Tardeo. Mr. Naik paid two visits to the place with a friend and was represented as a merchant from Nasik. Four girls were called on the first occasion and nine on the second occasion and Mr. Naik and his friend were asked to select girls from them. After getting all the particulars of the case the matter was placed in the hands of the Police for taking action.

BOGUS CUSTOMERS.

Arrangement was made to send two bogus customers and the place was raided on 30th June by Messrs. Salaskar and Sawant, Officers of the Vigilance Branch of the Police. The accused brought several girls and the bogus customers were asked to selecet from them. Mama was then put under arrest and tried and sentenced as mentioned above.

The accused pleaded not guilty and said that he was working as a cook for one of the girls.

## CHEATING CHARGE AGAINST HINDU

One Hazarimal Sokhaji, who was arrested on August 8, was placed on Wednesday morning before Mr. P. L. Thaker, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon on a charge of cheating a merchant by giving him false information regarding himself.

The Nagpada police, who are in charge of the case stated in their remand application, that the accused went to a carpet factory, belonging to one Mohamed Hussein on March 31 and told him that he had come down from Nasik to buy carpets. He gave his name as Devichand Pratapchand. The Factory owner gladly welcomed him and showed him several patterns of carpets and the accused selected 100 carpets. He told the complainant that he would take delivery of the goods as soon as he received the telegraphic money order from Nasik and asked the complainant to keep the carpets in his own factory.

BUYING A SAREE.

While going out of the factory, the accused asked the complainant to buy him a saree. Both of them went to a shop and bought a saree, the complainant paying Rs. 20 on the accused's behalf. On returning to the factory the accused asked the complainant to pay him Rs. 30 for his expenses in Bombay, till the money from Nasik came. He promised to pay him all the money and take delivery of the carpets also.

The accused took the complainant the same nigt to a Building at Lower parel, saying that it would be the address from where the money would come. Both of them slept there for the night. Next morning when the complainant got up he found the accused missing. He immediately made a complaint to the Police, who arrested him on August 8 in Sheik Memon Steet. As the police were waiting for some information from the Nasik police they applied for the remand.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to be released on a bail of Rs. 50 till August 23.

## EAST INDIA COTTON ASSOCIATION

### Four Directors Elected To Board

The following four members are elected to the Board of Directors from the Brokers panel:

Mr. Ramdeo Anandilal Poddar
Mr. Chunilal B. Mehta
Mr. Jagjiwan Dossabhai, and
Mr. Begraj Gupta.

# FUTILITY OF THEIR TALKS!

## Thana Municipality Realises Valuable Time Is Wasted

(From Our Correspondent)
THANA, Aug 14

That a good deal of valuable time is wasted in futile discussion over certain allegations made by a councillor and the subsequent points of order raised thereon by another was the opinion expressed by several members of the Thana Municipality at a meeting of the general board held at the Municipal Hall on Friday evening, Mr. L. S. Tanpure, vice-president, presiding.

The General Board resolved to place an order for 171 additional electric lamps as a first instalment with the Thana Electric Supply Co. Ltd. in pursuance of their contract for 400 additional electric lamps at an enhanced rate of Rs. 3-6 per lamp per month.

FUTILE TALKS.

In the course of the deliberations over the question of providing additional electric lights, a good deal of time was wasted in futile discussion. Mr. D. B. Reporter moved a rider that necessary permission from the owners of private property be secured by the Municipality. Mr. F. S. Patel made a remark that the mover was "doing his duty to the electric company." Mr. Reporter, along with a few other members, took exception to this remark as it meant that the mover was interested in the Company, which amounted to casting aspersions on the character of a member. When the words were not withdrawn by Mr. Patel, Mr. Reporter raised a point of order, which was ruled out by the president. Mr. Shaikh Moosa Usman then moved an adjournment of the house for five minutes on the point whether a councillor could be tolerated to make such allegations. A large number of councillors, though showed their disfavour at the incident, voted down the adjournment motion.

At a previous meeting held two days earlier similar allegation and point of order had evoked a heated discussion.

This tendency of some councillors, who waste time of the Municipality, has been regretted much by a majority of the general board.

## PROGRESS OF HINDI IN BOMBAY

### 54 Candidates Will Appear At Exam. On Sept. 10 At Dadar

The Secretary Hindi Prachar Sabha Bombay writes:—

The following particulars regarding Hindi Examinations will be read with interest by the public. Preliminary examinations in Hindi which are of three grades are conducted by the Dakshin Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha Madras from 1922. Every year as many as 8,000 candidates take part in them.

These examinations were conducted in Bombay also for the first time in September 1931 with only 7 candiates. In February 1932 as many as 29 candidates in October 1932, 39 candidates and in February '33, some 30 candidates appeared from Bombay Centre. It is a matter of gratification to note that in February 1933 for the first time 3 Marathi Speaking and 1 Gujerathi candidate took part in these examinations.

SEPTEMBER EXAM.

The next examination will be held on 10th September 1933 at the King George English School, Dadar. Seth Veljl Lakhumsi Napoo and Sjt Nabar, Headmaster of the School have kindly consented to act as honorary Superintendents. As many as 56 candidates are appearing this time of which 15 are ladies. Distributed according to languages Marathi leads with 24 candidates, Tamil 18, Malayalam 4, Gujerati 4, Kanarese 4, and Telugu 2. Of these candidates 24 had their Hindi Studies at the Hindi school Matunga 11 at Seva Sadan Gamdevi, 10 at the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute Hostel, 6 at Blavatsky Lodge Girgaum, and 5 at Andhra Nilayam Parel.

Those who are interested in Hindi Study and examinations can write to or call at the following address:—Secretary, Hindi Prachar Sabha, Hari Building, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

Ducknow, Aug. 15—Police raided the Krishna Press and seized alleged unauthorised leaflets suspected to have been printed there. No arrests were made. —A. P.

# SISTER GIVES EVIDENCE IN KHOJA GIRL "MURDER" CASE

## Says She Was Summoned Thrice By Mother On Night Of Tragic Happening And Ordered To Wash Blood-Stained Clothes

"Under the direction of my mother I washed the clothes of Jainabi which had some blood stains on them. Sometime later my mother again called me and directed me to wash a frock of Jainabi which had blood stains on it.

Late at night, my mother woke up for a third time and asked me to wash another frock which had also blood stains.

At that time I entered the 'devankhanah' where Jainabi was lying on a bed, I could not see whether she was awake or not said Kulsambi, sister of Jainabi, giving evidence on Wednesday before Mr P L Thakker, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon on the resumed hearing of the "Khoja Girl Murder Case."

COPY OF CERTIFICATE

The first witness to be examined was Dr Kothavallah of the Bombay Municipality who stated that on the receipt of a memo from the Phydonie Police, he wrote a letter to Dr Hakim asking him to supply a copy of the certificate issued regarding Jainabi. After receiving the same he sent it to the Executive Health Officer.

SISTER'S EVIDENCE

The second witness of the day Kulsambi stated that she was unmarried and was living with her parents. Her sister Jainabi was suffering from swelling of legs for about two months and died on July 1 at 4 a.m.

At about 7 the previous evening, Dr. Hakim came and examined her sister Jainabai. Witness was not present then, but she knew that the doctor remained only for five minutes. She went to bad at 11 that night and was awakened by her mother at about 1 a.m. and was asked to wash some blood stained clothes belonging to Jainabai. She washed them. Again she was called by her mother later at night and was asked to wash a blood stained frock. A third time also she was told to wash a blood stained frock.

Continuing, the witness stated that both the times she entered Jainabai's bedroom she noticed nothing on her bed. Jainabai was lying on the bed. At about 4 in the morning her sister died. She was buried at 11 a.m.

The same day Sergeant Twiss had questioned her regarding her sister's death. Four days later, she was again questioned by the Police officer. She handed over to the police four blood stained clothes that she had washed and also two clothes which had been previously washed.

The witness admitted having told the police that on the night in question, she had seen her mother throw out of the window a rag of cloth.

NUNAN'S OPINION

Dr. Nunan, the Police Surgeon giving evidence said that he had examined the dead body of Jainabai a day after her death. He found that there were no external signs of injury. The woman was in aneamic condition. According to the witness, death was due to haemorrhage while in labour. Continuing witness said that the child must have been born alive and the mother of the child might have died shortly after delivery. She might have lived for about 3 or 4 hours after delivery. The Doctor was of opinion that it was highly improbable locking to the condition of the deceased, that she could have walked a distance of 25 feet after delivery.

After the Police Surgeon's evidence Nanbai and Gulabbi, two women employed by the Khoja Jamat who went to wash the body of Jainabai on the morning of July 1, gave evidence. Nanbai stated that on entering the house of the accused at Pydhownie, she found the body of Jainabai lying on a couch. She was dressed. There were blood stains on the cloth and the witness thought that the girl must have been in her monthly course at the time of her death. There were no blood stains on the deceased's person.

Then the witness explained the religious ceremony of the community that was gone through after the death. In the case of Jainabai the body was first washed with soap.

The case was postponed to Thursday for further hearing.


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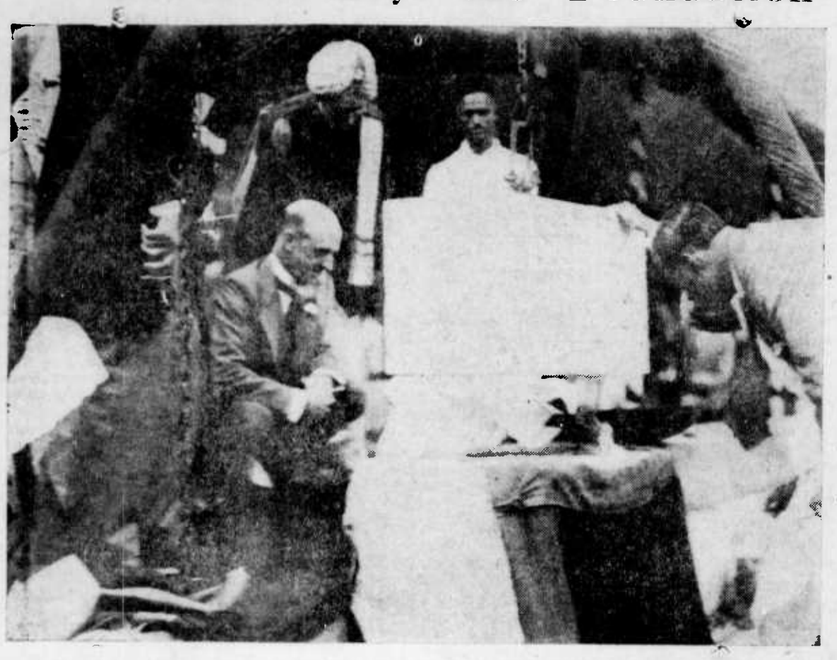
# Governor Lays the Foundation Stone of Salvation Army Building



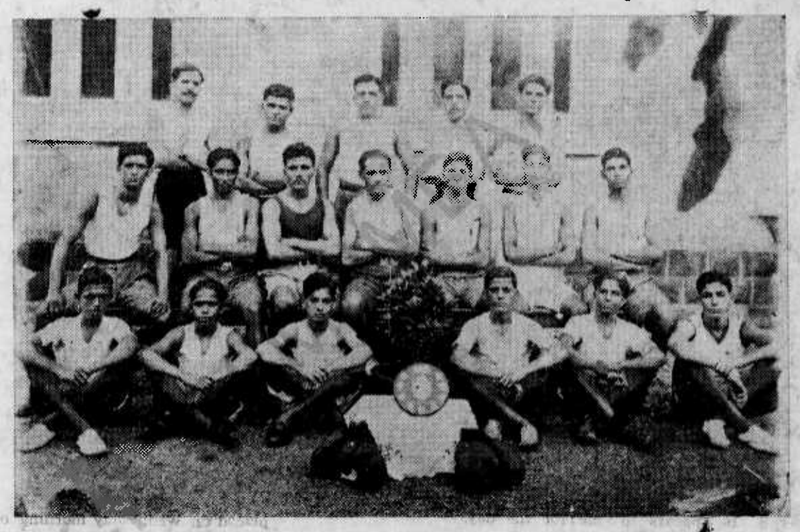
Sir Frederick Sykes laying foundation stone for the new buildings of the Bombay Salvation Army on Monday evening.

Members of the Salvation Army and Mr. Chandavarkar received on Monday evening the Bombay Governor on his arrival to lay the foundation stone of the Salvation Army buildings.

## DR. NANASAHEB DESHMUKH MEMORIAL HALL, MATUNGA.

The opening ceremony of the late Dr. Nanasaheb Deshmukh Memorial Hall, Matunga was performed on August 13, by Shreemant Babasaheb Ghorpade, the Chief of Ichalkaranji State, (Centre). Drs. Javle, Deshmukh, Sathe, and Sirdesai are sitting by the side of His Highness.

## ROVERS' BOXING CHALLENGE SHIELD WINNERS



The MacCabee Rovers (35th Bombay: Sir Elly Kadoori High School, Mazgaon) won the Rovers' Boxing Challenge Shield for the year 1933-34.

# Heavy Floods In Baroda

Water flowing over the bridge of the Vishwamitri river on August 12. The quarters of the Lady Surgeon of the State General Hospital (in the back-ground) were also affected by the floods.

There was a heavy downpour of rain at Baroda during the last week and all the streets were flooded.

## NEW MUSLIM PARTY FOR BIHAR?

### Securing Complete Provincial Autonomy, Its Aim

PATNA, Aug. 15.

At the last meeting of the executive board of the Provincial Muslim Conference it was resolved that the next annual sessions of the All-India Muslim Conference be held at Patna during the Puja vacation.

A committee was formed to organise a reception committee and to raise funds for the purpose. A new Muslim party is in the course of formation in Bihar.

A sub-committee was formed at the last session of the Provincial Muslim Conference at Kishanganj to draft the aims and objects and creed of the party which has since been done. The party will aim at securing complete provincial autonomy for Bihar and full responsible Government in the Centre by all legitimate means, advancing the social, educational and economic welfare of the people of Bihar and creating, fostering and promoting goodwill and co-operation among different communities and classes in Bihar.

The party will adhere to the principles of the resolution of the All India Muslim Conference passed on January 1, 1929 at Delhi and will protect the rights and privileges of Muslims in Bihar. These things will be considered at a meeting of the executive board of the Provincial Muslim Conference on August 17 after which a programme will be formulated.—A. P.

Flood water overflowing the Baroda State General Hospital Bridge.

## MYSTERIOUS DEATH OF CHRISTIAN

### Stomach Contents Sent For Report And Hearing Adjourned

The cause of death of an aged Christian, proprietor of a Dispensary is shrouded in mystery The police are investigating into the case, and the Stomach contents of the deceased have been sent to the Chemical Analyser for report.

It appears that Sabestian Danial Gracious aged about 60, owning a dispensary called William and Co. in front of the J. J. Hospital, went to his dispensary early on Wednesday morning, as usual and inside the shop he suddenly fell down and died.

Early in the morning before leaving his hocse, the deceased was seen hale and hearty by his son Anthony. It appears that the old man was in the habit of drinking heavily, but for the last three years, he had left off that habit and had not touched quor

From medical examination of the body, it appears that the heart of the old man was in good condition at the time of his death. No defect in the system was noticed by the doctor.

Formal evidence was recorded by the City Coroner, at the inquest held on the body, and the hearing was postponed to August 28, for getting the Chemical Ana-

Lucknow.—Twentytwo ersons have been arrested including Mohanlal Saxena, a Congress leader, for taking out a procession in connection with boycott of Foreign goods.—A. P.

## WELFARE WORK IN CITY MILLS

### Governor Satisfied With Improved Worker's Conditions

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The progress of rationalisation and of welfare work in the Bombay mills were among the subjects on which His Excellency the Governor sought first hand information during his visit to the Jacob Sassoon, Kohinoor and Spring mills on Tuesday morning.

The three mills visited have done much solid dork both for the industry and the workers. Prominence was given to a somewhat different field of development in each of them but the close relation between the interests o employers and employed, and between efficiency and the improvement of workers' conditions was apparent at every stage of the visit.

AT JACOB SASSOON MILL.

The Jacob Sassoon mill, which was first visited, is one of the group of ten mills controlled by Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Company Limited. The company employs some 20,000 workmen. It is only the Rachel Sassoon Mill in this group which produces special fancy goods from fine yarn and on that account still employs a weaver to two looms.

AT KOHINOOR MILLS.

From the Jacob Sassoon Mill His Excellency proceeded to the Kohinoor Mills at Naigaum which are under the agency of Messrs. Killick Nixon & Co. and was met on arrival by Mr. F. F. Stileman, Chairman of the Board of Directors, who presented the Directors who are at present in Bombay and the Officers of the Mills.

AT SPRING MILL.

His Excellency then visited the Spring Mill where he was met by Sir Nowrosjee Saklatwala, Acting Chairman of the Board of Directors

## COTTON COMMITTEE'S NEW SCHEMES

### Will Be Submitted Before Meeting In Bombay On Aug 29

The Publicity Officer, Indian Central Cotton Committee, Bombay, writes:—

The 27th meeting of the Indian Central Cotton Committee will be held on August 29th, 1933, in the meeting room of the Committee's headquarters in Bombay, Vulcan House, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate.

Amongst the many subjects coming up for consideration may be mentioned the Cotton Transport Act, Indore; progress made in Indian States regarding the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act; Cotton Marketing; report of the Forecast Improvement Sub-Committee; formation of a Cotton Association in Karachi; universal standards for Indian cotton; common unit for purchase of seed-cotton throughout India; and the greater use of Indian cotton in the United Kingdom

The progress reports of the Indian Central Cotton Committee's schemes in Surat, Broach, Jalgaon, Sind, Madras, Punjab, Central Provinces, Burma, Hyderabad States, Bikaner, Baroda, Hubli, Gadag, Khandesh and Athani will be submitted for approval.

PROPOSED SCHEMES.

Among the new schemes proposed to be introduced are (1) Survey of small leaf disease of cotton in the Bombay Presidency. (2) Investigation into the causes of the periodic partial failures of the American cotton crop in the Punjab. (3) Continuation of work in the Punjab on Pink Boll-worm and investigation of some aspects of the Spotted Boll-worm, and (4) Ginning and pressing factory at Ballhongal.

## CITY CONGRESS WORKER JAILED

C. Chellaswamy, a Congress worker, was sentenceod to one year's rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 100 indefault 3 months' further imprisonment by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay on Wednesday on being found guilty of disobeying an order of the Commissioner of Police.

## DISOBEYING POLICE ORDER

Ganpathi Shanker Desai, who was recently sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of picketing was to-day sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment on a charge of disobeying the Police Commissioner's order by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Bombay.

# THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

*THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1933*


## REACTION WITHOUT RESERVE

The Reserve Bank Committee's report, published simultaneously in India and in Britain on Tuesday, confirms the worst suspicions that were roused in the country by the forecasts in the press a week ago. It is almost unanimous on most of its important points, which testifies to the clever manner in which the Committee was packed and to the ease with which its Indian members accommodated themselves to Government's well-known views. Indeed the Government have won almost all along the line, and the Indian members have surrendered national interests apparently without any qualms. The Ottawa method has once again succeeded for the time being and it will not be at all surprising if the present central legislature further accommodates the Government by passing the Reserve Bank Bill to be placed before it shortly.

**PINNED TO FORMULA.**

Not only was the Committee carefully packed, but it was also pinned down to a formula, invented by the Federal Structure Committee, that the Bank should be "free from any political influence". That formula was for Government only a device to prevent even the national legislature having any control over the Bank. In this sense it had already been rejected by the Assembly five years ago. But the present Committee have unreservedly blessed it and produced a scheme that is anything but national.

Not much objection may be taken to the proposal that the entire capital of the Bank should be held by private shareholders. But it is objectionable that, while several restrictions have been devised to prevent too much capital being owned by any particular province, there is no restriction whatsoever to guarantee that the bulk of the capital will not be held by non-nationals. We cannot imagine any free country tolerating such a scheme if there were any possibility of non-national interests dominating it.

**WANTON ASSUMPTION.**

The position is made much worse by the provisions about the election of Directors—a vital matter. While eight Directors are to be elected by the shareholders, four and the Governor—not to mention the Deputy Governor, who has no voting power—are to be nominated by "the Governor-General in Council under the present constitution and by the Governor-General at his discretion under the new constitution." For the present the Governor General's Council will be entitled to participate in the election but the future Cabinet is boycotted.

It is a wanton assumption that the Cabinet will be biassed politically while the present Council and the Governor-General at all times will be paragons of justice, free from any political leanings. The assumption is not only preposterous. It is laughable. It is notorious, however, that all these one-sided provisions, professing to eliminate political influence, are only a devious device to eliminate Indian nationalist influence and to ensure free play for British political influence. Not even a school-boy will be deceived into thinking that the scheme is meant really to eliminate all political influence.

**A POLITICAL BODY.**

The Reserve Bank Committee itself is influenced through and through by political bias. That is evident not only in the undue power given to the Governor-General but also in questions of detail like the one about the Exchange. The Committee goes out of its way to recommend that "the only sound course for India is to remain on the sterling standard." It has left little to chance. The constitution it has concocted will ensure India's adopting only that "sound" course which will be acceptable to British interests, represented, among other ways, by the nominees of the Governor-General on the Banks Directorate.

With a reactionary scheme for a Reserve Bank the Government will now say in effect to the central legislature: "Accept this scheme or else there can be no Federation and therefore no central responsibility." Threats to the present legislature are superfluous. A body that endorsed the Ottawa Pact may be trusted to pass the new Reserve Bank Bill. But the present legislature's verdict is not likely to be the last word on the subject.

## Urgent National Duty

The public of Bombay who have generously financed the Congress all these years have not, perhaps, realised the full gravity of the economic situation with which the jail returned Congress volunteers are now faced. A large majority of them have nothing to live on; they have lost their comparatively comfortable positions in life, and are now reduced to a condition which compels them to beg openly, though a considerable number of them prefer to suffer silently. That is not a state of things which reflects credit either on the citizens of Bombay or the general Indian public. A few days ago a letter appeared in our columns from a jail-returned Congressmen giving a poignant picture of his misery. A suggestion was then made that the Indian Merchants' Chamber should take up this work of relief in earnest. We do not know whether the Chamber has done anything further in that direction, but if it has not it should undertake this important task immediately.

We suggest that this relief work should not be confined to Bombay alone. It must be an all-embracing one, and wherever Congressman requiring help are found, they should be helped immediately. We are aware of the magnitude of such a task, and the immense amounts it would require. But we hope there are patriotic and rich Indians enough in the country who will not refuse to help their humbler brethren who have suffered in the cause of the country. The meeting which was held in Bombay on Tuesday, and the decision of Sardar Jamiat Singh to fast himself unto death, if no help is given to his fellow-sufferers, have given added importance to the question, and the work should be started in earnest at once. We have no belief in the theory that these persons should be left to themselves by the country and that nothing should be done for them. It is an abominable suggestion.

At the Chowpatty meeting it was only natural that some of the released prisoners made bitter attacks on the Congress leaders, for being left in the lurch now. It is notorious that there is universal unemployment in the country and the resources of the poorer classes have dried up. Are we going to leave these politicals alone, instead of loosening our purse strings to give them some sort of relief? It is unfortunate that the Congress has been liquidated by the Acting President before going to jail and that there is no central authority or organisation to undertake this good work and give it the necessary impetus. We are glad to learn, however, that the Committee organised by Mr. Abdul Rehman Mitha, Mr. P. R. Lele and others is receiving at the outset a gratifying response.

The Indian Merchants Chamber must take up the matter without loss of time and make a country-wide appeal to Indians. We wrote sometime ago that there were hundreds of stranded agriculturists in the North Kanara District: there are others in Gujarat. All these people must not be allowed to perish for want of help from their countrymen, when they require it so badly.

## An Unwanted Navy

According to our Simla Correspondent the Government propose to bring forward an Indian Navy Bill this session and to get it through the Assembly as quickly as possible. Under the new Bill the Governor-General will control the new Navy and he will be the sole judge of the manner in which it should be utilised in cases of emergency and the British Admiralty will have no power over it, as at present. We are told that the Bill will not add a single ship or man to the present force and that it is all for the good of India.

We are rather reluctant to believe in the good and philanthropic intentions of Simla, for when in 1928 a Bill was brought forward in the Assembly it was rejected by that body for very good reasons which still prevail. In the Commons both the present Premier and Mr. J. H. Thomas then opposed it. We do not know what has happened in the meanwhile to convert the Prime Minister. The last Bill gave no control to the Assembly over its expenditure, and necessarily it would have been unable to control it in any way. All that the public had to do was to provide the money for it, and everything else was to be looked after by the Government. The Naval force could be taken to any part of the world according to the wishes of the British Government.

But the greatest objection lay in the refusal of the Government to Indianise it. Australia has a Navy of its own which is fully under the control of that Dominion, and it is not surprising that even our present legislators refused to swallow a measure which refuses to India such an obvious right. The present Bill may look very innocuous, but now that the Governor-General is going to be more powerful than even the Nazi chief under the White Paper constitution, the Assembly will have to take care that it does not concede too much. We are aware that the Assembly of 1928 is a quite different body from the present one, and that, perhaps, is why the Government of India are in such a hurry, for one would have thought that when the White Paper constitution was in working order, there would be time enough to pass this or any other Bill the Government like.

Only the other day Lord Rothermere complained that India was not paying more than a hundred thousand pounds for the maintenance of the Royal Navy while the country was getting all the protection it needs. There were many other suggestions also made by equally sincere friends of India, and we shall not be surprised if the intended measure is being brought forward in response to their demands. India does not want a Navy of her own which is not fully manned by Indians and under Indian control. But neither the Assembly nor the Council of State have courage enough to resist such a measure, and we shall not be surprised if it becomes law in the immediate future.

## Press Views

### Delay Is Dangerous

The Select Committee, after many weeks of work, will adjourn to-day until the autumn. Two questions out of the many discussed may be noted. The speed with which the new Constitution can be established is the essence of the Indian problem, and the mere hint—based on distorted reports of Sir Samuel Hoare's evidence—that federation might have to be postponed indefinitely was sufficient to do considerable damage in India. But it is more and more evident that of the two obstacles to federation—the political and the financial—the financial may prove the more troublesome. The conditions on which this country is insisting—reserve bank, balanced budgets, financial safeguards, and the rest—are possibly, in some part at least, unduly stringent. Anything which we can do to ease the strain in the early days of federation should be done; to do so might well prove ultimately more profitable to the City than to hold out now for the last atom of the most cautious finance.—"Manchester Guardian."

### Out Of The Bag

The true mentality of the protagonists of air bombing has been revealed in a leading article of our Anglo-Indian contemporary. Without indulging in pious platitudes or terminological inexactitudes, our contemporary has let the cat fairly out of the bag. Pact or no pact, any nation in a state of war, and with her back to the wall, will resort to this weapon causing death and untold miseries to innocent civil population. It is admitted that pressed by necessity, which knows no law, every nation will treat the pacts and treaties as so many "Scraps of Paper," immortalised by poor Kaiser Wilhelm and for which he has been universally condemned. Where then lies the necessity and utility of the much-boomed and costly Armament Conference of the League of Nations? When even the most outrageously immoral act is not considered unfair in war, what is the use of staging all the pompous conferences which are now the order of the day? They have failed even to serve the purpose of eye-wash.—"A. B Patrika."

## ORGANISING VILLAGE PANCHAYATS

### Work Should Be Done Through Paid And Unpaid Workers Among Villagers

By S. R. BHAGWAT.

The New Bombay Village Panchayat Act has now come into operation and the whole machinery of Government, as well as of the non-official or Semi-official agencies such as the Local Self-Government Institute, Deccan Agricultural Association, the Co-operative Institute, will shortly begin to do propaganda work for the establishment of Panchayats and to organise them wherever possible. The Bombay Council has provided a sum of Rs. 25,000 for this work in 1933-34.

There is a saying that "money makes the mare go" and there is no doubt that the propaganda work will be going on with full blast with its deafening sound. There was the same kind of phenomenon some 25 years back. The villagers were dazzled by the splendour of conferences and shows, and were frightened into silence at the approach of the high dignitaries—official and non-official—to their doors.

**SOME SUGGESTIONS.**

If we are to make a beginning on the proper lines, we shall have to adopt a scheme on some such lines as given below:—

Government should not be in a hurry to spend the amount of Rs. 25,000 sanctioned by the Council for propaganda work, by paying salaries and allowances to paid or honorary organisers or in printing leaflets or holding spectacular conferences at random. A permanent fund called "Village Panchayat Organisation Fund" should be started and the sum of Rs. 25,000 should be paid into it to form a nucleus. Similar amounts from Government or other sources should be added to it, every year. A committee of officials and non-officials should be formed to administer this fund.

A certain sum should be earmarked for each district in proportion to the number of villages with population above 250 in that district. If the amount earmarked to any district remains unspent for three years, it should be taken back for distribution amongst other districts.

**PAID PROPAGANDISTS**

Local men from each District intending to do propaganda work in connection with the village Panchayats should be asked to get their names registered in the office of the President of the District Local Board, definite areas being allocated to each propagandist or each batch of them who would like to work in common. They should be paid an honorarium at the rate varying between Rs. 30 and Rs. 50 per month at the discretion of the Panchayat Committee of the District Local Board or on some other basis.

Arrangements should be made to prepare in vernaculars, pam-

(Continued on page 7).

## Frankly Speaking

**AN URGENT APPEAL.**

Reports from Broach state abnormally heavy floods have done dire havoc to a number of villages in the district.

Over five thousand people are said to have been rendered absolutely destitute, their homes, cattle and all having been washed away.

The need for relief, therefore, is urgent, and the Arya Samaj Bombay has done a great service by taking prompt steps to organise relief to all people in distress, irrespective of class or creed.

It has appointed a special Relief Committee consisting of Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal, Raja Mukundlal, Raja Narayanlal Bansilal, Seth Velji Lakhamsi Nappoo and several other responsible citizens.

The Committee has already begun relief work in earnest and we trust that its appeal for funds or gifts of grain or clothes will elicit prompt and generous response from the Bombay public.

**IDIOTIC OPTIMISM.**

That eternal optimist, Sir Mahomed Yakub, unburdening himself to Reuter said that, while he did not guarantee that the Government would meet the demands of the people of this country, he asked them to believe in the "bona-fides" of the Premier and Sir S. Hoare.

Nobody in this country attaches any importance either to what this person says or does, and he has no influence with any party of any importance in India.

Does he really believe that the mere strengthening of the hands of Sir Samuel Hoare, or his chief, will satisfy political India? This Moradabad Knight does not realise that he is making himself ridiculous by the expression of such silly views.

The days of worshipping at the shrine of either Mr. MacDonald or Sir S. Hoare have gone. Political India will continue to strive for its birthright, which cannot be denied to it for a long time, despite Sir M. Yakub and his political friends.

**MADRAS SPECIALITY.**

We fail to understand why Madras alone of all provinces should specialise in cane charges on non-co-operators. A procession was started, after giving notice to the authorities, with a view to breaking laws, and when it refused to disperse, it was charged by the Police with canes and forcibly dispersed.

The leader of the procession, Mr. Natarajan, no doubt, received his share of the beating, and as he refused to move he was arrested and removed to the Police Office, where he was detained and released in the night.

A more humane method would have been equally effective, but perhaps, to the Indian Home Member it is repugnant. It is not for nothing, we suppose, that his term has been extended!

The members of the procession could well have been arrested and sentenced to imprisonment, but evidently the Police do not want to burden the jails with their presence. A cane-charge is thus resorted to. The whole business is illegal and beastly.

**PURDAH PROVINCE!**

After doping the public all these weary months with the story that the "Red Shirt" movement on the Frontier was dead and buried long ago, the Governor has suddenly taken additional powers to repress all and sundry. Is the step taken preparatory to extensive military operations of the Frontier?

Only a few days ago we were told by an Anglo-Indian paper that some of the road-makers on the Frontier, who were helping the military, were ex-Red Shirts.

The trouble is that the Frontier Province is working behind a purdah, and we do not know the real state of things.

Miss Khurshed Naoroji, who was on her way to Peshawar, was suddenly arrested, and is perhaps now jailed. This is not the first time that a barrage has been raised between India and that Province. By such secretive methods, the Government are merely helping to create more suspicions in the minds of the Indian public.

**AN URGENT PROPOSITION.**

The Bombay Municipal Corporation has done well to take up the question of establishing a commercial museum in the City, but it should not be content with dilly-dallying in the matter.

A well equipped commercial museum should have been set up long ago in "Urbs Prima" and the greatest industrial centre in India.

Calcutta established a museum in 1916; and though it has been closed for several years past, attempts are being made to revive it under the auspices of the Calcutta Corporation.

The Revenue and the General Purposes Committee of the Bombay Corporation is understood to have approved of the Commissioner's suggestion that the Trustees of the Prince of Wales Museum might be asked to add to it an industrial and economic section.

If the Trustees do not accept the suggestion promptly enough, the Corporation should proceed with its scheme independently with such assistance as it can get from Government and the commercial bodies in the City.

## Readers' Views

### MELANCHOLY MEANNESS

**From L. J. Siqueira.**

Your Spanish correspondent Ribiero—I hope he is not related to Rivera—seems to have very little regard both for his own reputation and for truth. He makes accusations against the Emigration Committee without a shred of evidence. More disgraceful conduct is difficult to imagine. Falsehood is his weapon, calumny his sheet-anchor.

1. He says that one of the first acts of the Emigration Committee was "to get unemployed friends from Goa to work as clerks in the Committee's office". The Committee has only one clerk, who was engaged only in December last after an open competitive examination for which about sixteen were chosen out of about fifty-five applicants. The candidate selected is a Bombay Goan and, therefore, a Goan emigrant. He is a graduate of the Bombay University, with a number of commercial diplomas and with distinctions in Portuguese studies.

2. No member of the Committee receives any honorarium for the work they do. Members of the Committee, though all busy men, sacrifice their time and energy to serve the community without any kind of remuneration whatsoever.

3. The Committee have given no loans, as is alleged by your correspondent either to their friends or to their enemies. I hope your correspondent is not one of the disappointed applicants, since all applicants for loans have received little encouragement at the hands of the Emigration Committee.

4. The Committee came into existence, as your correspondent maintains, a year ago but it incurred no expenditure of any kind up to December last. On the contrary, one of its members offered his own office for the work of the Committee which engaged its premises only in March last. The whole work of the Committee was done by its members at their own places and thus over six months rent was saved for the use of poor Goans in Bombay.

5. The Committee has so far received only Rs. 30,000 (thirty thousand). It has given to the Charitable Institutions of the community rupees nine thousand and five hundred which they have distributed to poor Goans through their own machinery. The Committee, besides, has organized medical relief, meal tickets to starving Goans and monetary assistance to destitute Goans on which it has spent about six thousand rupees. The Committee is spending considerable sums for the training of Goan girls and women at "St. Thereza's Home", Cumballa Hill, and for the protection and training of fallen women at St. Catharine's Rescue Home, Kandivli.

6. The smallest item of expenditure has been the establishment charges, thanks to the most economic manner in which the members, at a great personal sacrifice, have organized and worked the office. Thus you will see, Sir, what an unscrupulous fiction monger this Ribiero is.

(Although the controversy regarding the Goan Union and the Emigrant Fund Committee, etc., was closed, we have felt it necessary to give the writer of the above, the opportunity of replying to the charges made against the Committee.—Editor.)

### TRAMWAY TRAFFIC

**From "A Daily Passenger".**

Of late, some special inspectors have been posted for standing duty on the Chira Bazaar Road between 9 and 11 a.m. to remove excess passengers from Tram Cars going towards the Fort. The rush of traffic during these hours is so great that both the conductors and the passengers are put to the greatest inconvenience and some cars have to be detained every few yards.

The Tramway Authorities would do well to run at least four additional extra cars between Thakurdwar and Bori Bunder and four more between Opera House and Flora Fountain during these hours on working days.

This will enable the Company not to lose so many uncollected fares as at present and will also be a great facility to the office going passengers.

### G. D. A. EXAMINATION

**From Ardeshir Edulji Bengali.**

This year's result of the G. D. A.'s examination amply proves that its position is leterred to a mere clerk's examination. On coming to know that the holding of this examination is extended to two years more there was a regular stampede at the Examination Hall of clerks and some students with some elementary knowledge of book-keeping with a fond belief that here was a splendid opportunity of getting a Diploma for a mere sitting. Whereas when formerly about hundred students appeared annually for this examination, this year a record number of over one thousand students presented themselves but out of this it can safely be said very few candidates (an infinitesimal part) were serious students the rest being entirely laymen trying to snatch a Diploma by chance by attending one hour lecture at some local training institute.

The fact that only 189 students were declared successful out of the entire agglomeration of examinees confirms the above statement that serious students were few and far between. Surely the examiners could not be so callous as to deliberately massacre such a large number of candidates. There is something amiss with the candidates and not with the examiners.

The Examination Papers were as usual repetitions of past examination papers requiring no originality from the students. Looking to all the above facts this year's result should be considered very lenient.

The Auditors' profession is as important as the legal profession to the public at large. Now fancy that, whereas for Solicitors Examination, the minimum qualifications are, (1) the candidate must be a graduate (2) he must pass in three years' Articleship; and (3) such a stiff competitive examination that only two pass out of fifty; for a public accountant the qualifications are, (1) Matriculation (2) G. D. A. Examination consisting of about three subjects and no serious study; (3) Three years Articles.

The Solicitors Examination has been made so stiff that students of several years study cannot get through it even for several years. This has been done with a view to keep up the status of the profession and it has the support of the general body of Solicitors. I, therefore, ask, why cheapen the Auditors profession by giving passports to mere Matriculates to enter this profession after a haphazard study of attending one hour evening lecture at some Institute and pass an easy examination?

No doubt the Government has seen the utter fruitlessness of the G. D. A. Examination and has replaced the same by Registered Accountants Examination embracing subjects somewhat similar to the Incorporated or Chartered Accountants Examinations, but the questions set in this year's R.A.'s Examination have been extremely easy and the result was in the neighbourhood of forty per cent. If such results continue for a few years more the Auditing profession, already flooded as it is, will command no status at all. I suggest therefore that the R.A. Examination be made as stiff as possible and only allow the most brilliant candidates to enter the profession.

### "NO ENCROACHMENT IF MUNICIPAL COFFERS FILLED"

**From Mahaveerprasad Soorajprasad.**

The brave men of the Municipal Encroachment Department were showing their gallantry to the poor vegetable dealers of Thakurdwar up to the end of June last. In July, the dealers were made to pay Rs. 3 per month to the Municipality and a pass was issued to them. Now they can run their business without any trouble from the same Encroachment Department. Encroachment at once disappears as soon as one pays something towards the Municipal coffers. Can the responsible Municipal Officers or Mr. Tairsee, who is the stout supporter of this undesirable department explain as to how the encroachment disappeared after the payment of Rs. 3?

Again, the brave men of the Encroachment Department do not dare to go to Null Bazaar and Bhendi Bazaar, where the Muslim dealers are selling their wares on charpoys, crying loudly what they are selling. They know very well what the consequences would be if they played their pranks with the Muslim dealers of Null Bazaar.

# More Graduates Can Go To Polls

## Mr. Paranjpye's Motion Accepted By Senate

### Prof. Shah's Amendment For 100 p. c. Enfranchisement Thrown Out

**A proposal mooted at the meeting of the Bombay University Senate on Wednesday to widen the franchise of graduates so as to enable them to exercise their votes immediately on graduation was thrown out by a narrow majority of two votes. Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, the Vice-Chancellor, presided.**

**CONSERVATIVES' FEARS.**

"Don't take a leap in the dark. Don't make the Graduates' constituency unmanageable" cautioned the conservative element in the Senate. They feared that graduates fresh from colleges could not be said to be mature in judgment and therefore urged that they should wait at least for three years before they are entitled to vote.

**—IN INTEREST OF EDUCATION.**

**Prof. K. T. Shah, sponsor of the reform said that the enfranchisement of all the graduates would swell the electoral roll of graduates from 3,000 to 30,000 and the infusion of fresh blood in the Senate was in the interest of education.**

"WIDEN THE FRANCHISE."

A plea for widening the franchise of graduates so as to enable them to exercise their votes three years after their graduation and not ten years after graduation as at present was contained in a resolution moved by Mr. M. R. Paranjpye. His proposition suggested the deletion of the present rules relating to the registration of graduates and substitution of the following:—

Any graduate of this University who has taken the degree of Doctor or Master in any Faculty or has graduated in any Faculty not less than three years before registration will, subject to the payment of the prescribed fee, be entitled to have his name entered on the Register of Graduates, and to vote at the election of Fellows'."

100 P.C. ENFRANCHISEMENT

Prof. K. T. Shah who wanted that all graduates should be enfranchised immediately on their graduation without having to wait for three years moved the following amendment:

"Any graduate of this University will, subject to the payment of the prescribed fee, be entitled to have his name on the Register and to vote at the election of Fellows."

Prof. Shah said that the object of his amendment was to widen the Graduates' constituency and make the graduates take more interest in University affairs. At present owing to the fact that they had to wait for 10 years for being entitled to vote, there were only three to four thousand graduate voters, but if the franchise was extended without restriction as to the period of probation, there would be nearly 30,000 graduate voters. He thought that graduates fresh from their colleges were likely to evince more lively interest in University affairs than those who were cut off from their educational careers and devoted to other professions.

MINIMUM PERIOD.

Principal G. S. Mahajane, who opposed the amendment, on the other hand thought that three years was the minimum period necessary before the graduates could be called upon to exercise their franchise. Graduates fresh from the colleges he thought were not in a position to exercise their judgment properly and they had preconceived notions and prejudices.

CONGRESS EXAMPLE.

Mr. Syed Miran Mahomed Shah strongly supported the amendmenot and declared that he was in favour of liberalising the franchise. The Congress which was the premier institution in the country was advocating adult franchise. In such an atmosphere it would only be just for them to enfranchise all graduates.

COUNSEL OF CAUTION.

Mr. D. G. Dalvie in opposing the amendment said that only last year they had discussed the question and it was the considered opinion of the House that a three year limit should be put on graduates before they could exercise their votes. But since then the membere of the Senate seemed to have gone ahead and now they advocated putting no time limit at all. In his opinion graduates fresh from their colleges could not apply their minds to the various problems before the Senate.

Principal P. M. Limaye opposed the amendment on the ground of "economic independence." His experience was that until a few years after graduation a man would not be able to be independent economically and he may have to depend on his parents for the purpose of paying the registration fees. This meant that only rich mens' sons would get themselves registered and the poor graduates would be left in the lurch. The speaker did not want this distinction and therefore advouated a time limit of three years.

Principal B. G. Phalajani also oppose the amendment and said that a time limit of at least 5 years was essential.

"UNFOUNDED".

Dr K. G. Naik in strongly supporting the amendment of Prof. Shah said that the fears expressed by the conservative element in the house that new graduates would not be able to exercise their judgment was unfounded. It was also ridiculous to suggest that the examiners would be influenced to pass their candidates on promises of future voting. He thought that the University should be democratised by widening the franchise of the graduates.

Prof. D. B. Gadgil pointed out that Mr Dalvie was wrong in saying the House had expressed itself in favour of a time limit of three years. The fact was that last year the House passed a resolution by a majority that the time limit should be abolished. In replying to the argument of "economic independence" the speaker said it was for the Senate not to prescribe any fees for registration in which case the question of "economic independence" would disappear. He supported the amendment.

"WHY TAKE LEAP IN DARK?"

Principal T. K. Shahani was not in favour of having an unmanagable constituency of graduates and warned the members of the Senate not to take "a leap in the dark" by accepting the amendment of Prof. Shah.

SENATE WILL BENEFIT.

Dr. Khanolkar Dean of the K. E. M. Hospital said that the infusion of young blood in the Senate would be to the good of that body, and youth and energy would give them a momentum. As a medical man he believed in the tranfusion of blood and he thought that the Senate would benefit by the fresh outlook and ideas of the youth.

SELF-CONDEMNED.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh said that any one listening to the debate in the Senate would frankly be disappointed. He thought that those who were opposing the amendment and were urging that graduates should wait for at least three years before they could exercise their votes were condemning their own university system. Was it their case that at the end of a four years course in the University the graduates were unable to exercise their judgment and had not enough experience to take charge of the affairs of life? If that was so the only conclusion one could arrive at was that there was something defective in their education and that the period of the college course must be further extended. The infusion of youth in the University he thought would make for its progress.

NATHING TO FEAR.

Prof. Shah in replying to the debate said that the fears that if all the graduates are enfranchised the older members of the Senate would be thrown overboard were groundless because out of a House or 144 members the graduates could only return 25 members. The teachers and professors had also nothing to fear because they had their own constituency.

The amendment on being put to vote was carried 41 voting for and 40 voting against it. A roll was demanded which resulted in its being thrown out by a majority of two votes 42 voting in favour of the amendment and 44 against it.

RESOLUTION PASSED.

The original resolution of Mr Paranjpye fixing the limit to three years was then passed.

OFFER OF DONATIONS.

The offer of a donation of Rs. 40,000 to the University for the purpose of promoting the study of chemical technology was then considered by the Senate.

Mr. R. P. Masani moved that the offer of Rs. 40,000 made by Messrs. Ardeshir Hormasji Cinshaw and Co. attorneys for the executors and trustees of the Estate of Chaturbhuj Jiwandas for the promotion of the study of chemical technology in the University Department of Chemical Technology be accepted with the best thanks and that the Academical Council be requested to frame regulations in the matter in accordance with the clause of the consent decree in a suit Advocate-General vs. Bai Manibai."

Mr Masani said that it was very gratifying that the new department which the University had inaugurated should begin its operations with the blessings of all concerned.

RESEARCH STUDENTSHIPS.

Prof N G Damle moved an amendment that the purpose of the offer would be best fulfilled by founding research studentships in the University Department of Chemical Technology. He said that the money available should be spent not on lectureships but on giving scholarships to research students.

On being put to vote, the amendment was lost. The original proposition was carried.

FOR TECHNOLOGICAL DEPT.

The Senate then accepted another donation of Rs. 2,70,000. Offered to the University for the purpose of the Technological Department of the University.

As recommended by the syndicate Prof. P. A. Wadia moved:—

"That the proposed offer Rs. 2,70,000 made by Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad on behalf of the trustees of the estate of the late Ranchhoddas Tribhowandas Mody (subject to the sanction of the High Court) for the purpose of the Technological Department of the University be accepted with the best thanks of the Senate, and that the Academic Council be requested to frame regulations in the matter in accordance with the desire of the Trustees.

Prof. Wadia said that for the first time in the history of the University they had the co-operation of the public in the work which the University had undertaken in a farsighted manner.

DR. VIEGAS' GIFT.

The Senate then accepted a third offer of 3½ per cent Government promissory notes of the face value of Rs. 5,000 bequathed by the late Dr. A. G. Viegas, (who was the oldest member of the Senate) for the purpose of founding a scholarship in Technology in the name of his wife Amelia.

The Senate then adjourned till Thursday.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KARACHI.


## KARACHI MUNICIPAL BILL NOT RETROGRADE

### "One Of The Best Bills I Have Seen In This Country", Says Municipal President

**From Jamshed Nusserwanji, President, Karachi Municipality.**

The new Municipal Bill is not retrograde as some persons think. It is a Bill with a great deal of potentiality for the progress of the city of Karachi. It is one of the best Bills that I have seen in this country. It is well drafted, precise and free from ambiguity which is not the case generally with such Bills. One advantage is that it is entirely newly drafted and not made up in bits and by piecemeal.

However, it throws at the same time, a considerable responsibility on the Corporation, the Standing Committee and the Chief Officer. It will mean a good deal of thinking to make rules and bye-laws under the new Act.

Another difficulty will be that the Corporation will have to be tuned to the new conditions under the new Act. There is so much in the new Act which the members will find difficult to accept in the working, having placed themselves in a particular rut for nearly 30 years. They will suddenly find themselves in a new world and to understand its geography will take a long time, and therefore patience and study will be very necessary. They will find themselves divested of a number of powers which they have now, and at the same time burdened with many responsibilities which they have not at present. The system of work will be totally different.

SELECTION OF OFFICERS.

One of their greatest responsibilities will be in the selection and management of their officers. I am very clear in my mind when I make this statement, that under the new Act either the Karachi Municipality will progress, and side by side the city will progress or that the Karachi Municipality will become a 3rd class local body and will be dissolved under the Act. All will depend upon the selection of the officers by the Corporation, and election of the councillors by the people. Education is not the necessary qualification of a councillor, but a thinking mind, a broad spirit, and the good of the city at heart are three qualifications which will be very necessary under the new Act for a councillor.

The officers to be selected will have necessarily to have complete patience and tact both with the members and the public. Whilst a good deal of freedom and power are given to them under the new Act, the slightest mistake will land them into the utmost difficulty, and they will find continued obstruction from the councillors.

SEPARATE ELECTORATE.

Of course, the ugly part of the new Act is the separate electorate. I have no doubt in my mind that a separate electorate has some advantages, but the ultimate effect of it is that the division remains continually, and that makes work more hard.

There is nothing to be afraid of in the powers of the Commissioner-in-Sind, because much depends upon our own self. No doubt in the first draft, there were certain powers of the Commissioner which were undesirable for any democratic institution, but the changes made by the Select Committee are such to which no good government or democratic institution could object.

I do not think myself that the Council will agree to my amendment of several Standing Committees, each for each department. Of course if they agree it will mean division of work, and more efficient work, in my opinion. The difficulty is that it has not been tried and therefore, the Government and the Legislative Council are afraid of this experiment.

A MODEL ACT.

The new Corporation will have many additional powers and responsibilities and if, therefore, the good of the city is at heart mainly and chiefly, under the new Act rapid progress can be made. Karachi city will be the first to have a model Act, which is nearer to the ideal in comparison to the Acts of other cities.

From a careful comparative study of other Acts, it is very clear that in many respects the Karachi Act is progressive, and one can only hope and pray that under the new Act all will be well. It has a dynamic force in it and all depends upon the use of such force by officers and the councillors.

## AIR PLANE WRECKED

### Heavy Rain & Strong Wind Currents Overturn Machine

KARACHI, August 16.

News is received here that the Karachi Aeroclubs' plane had a forced landing 40 miles east of Karachi on Monday afternoon.

It is stated that Mr. H. T. Mama who piloted the plane took off from Karachi towards Hyderabad (Sind) for cross-country flying with Mr. S. F. Golwalla as a passenger.

Mr. Mama had been instructed to follow Mr. L. D. Punwani who piloted another machine of the Club and left 2 minutes before him, but it is stated that Mama landed near Kulu village 40 miles off Karachi owing to heavy rain, and made a cross-wind landing, when owing to a strong wind blowing it was overturned and was badly damaged.

Mr. Mama and Mr. Golwalla are unhurt.

The wreckage of the plane is being brought by rail to Karachi —A.P.

## DRAUGHT IN N. Y. COTTON

### Liverpool Prices Suffer Heavy Decline

(From Our Commercial Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Wednesday, 11 p.m.

3 1/2 per cent. Indian Sterling Loan opened to-day at a rise of 2 1/2 shillings on the London Stock Exchange but later on ruled quiet and was quoted at £83-3/4.

The Liverpool Cotton Market opened at a decline of 6 points and improved 4 points from the opening level on trade buying. Later on prices suffered heavy decline on easier American advices and closed at a decline of 16 points.

The New York Cotton Market opened at a decline of 3 points but rallied 6 points on small buying. Later on there was heavy southern selling and prices registered a fall of 26 points.

SILVER.

The London Silver Market ruled quiet but steadied with a small business. The market was featureless and closed as under:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot Silver | 17-3/4 |
| Difference | Nil. |
| Forward | 17-13/16 |
| Difference | 1/16 |

Quotations in the Bombay market were as under:—

| | Rs. | as. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready Silver | 54 | 12 | 0 |
| First Settlement | 55 | 2 | 0 |
| Second Settlement | 55 | 8 | 0 |

GOLD.

| | Rs | as. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready Gold | 30 | 15 | 0 |
| First Settlement | 30 | 15 | 3 |
| Second Settlement | 30 | 15 | 6 |

CROSS RATE.

Dollar Sterling Cross rate was quoted 4.40-1/2 and Franc at 84.21.

## LONDON NEW YORK CROSS RATE

### Latest Quotation

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

London, Aug. 16.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.43 1/8 |
| To-day's opening | 4.42 1/4 |
| To-day's closing | 4.40 |

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

New York, Aug. 16.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.41 3/8 |
| To-day's closing | 4.39 1/2 |

## LATEST COTTON PR...

(Cotton Information Bureau 21 Ismail Buildings Hornby Road Fort Bombay)

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

OCTOBER.

New York, Aug. 16.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing rate | 8.90 |
| To-day's opening rate | 8.87 |
| Difference | —.03 |
| To-day's closing rate | 8.71 |
| Difference | —.19 |

BROACH EXPECTATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| July-August | 179 |
| April-May | 199 |

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET

OCTOBER.

Liverpool, Aug. 16.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing rate | 5.37 |
| To-day's opening rate | 5.31 |
| Difference | —.06 |
| To-day's closing rate | 5.22 |
| Difference | —.15 |

FRANC RATE.

Paris, Aug. 16.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 84.2° |
| To-day's opening | 84.21 |
| To-day's closing | 84.21 |

## SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

On Tuesday, His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and staff had breakfast with their Excellencies at Jayamahal Palace.

Their Excellencies received the Raja of Bansda.

The Viceroy granted an interview to Colonel Sir Kailas Haksar.

Her Excellency paid a visit to the Masina Hospital.

Their Excellencies left Bombay by Special train for Delhi.—A.P.

## "K. E. M. Hospital Mystery" Scandal

### Acting Dean Unjustly Victimises Student For Supposed Communication With 'Chronicle'

That there is "something rotten in the state" of the administration of the King Edward Memorial Hospital and the Gordhandas Medical College is apparent by facts and circumstances that have come to light from time to time. Since the administration passed out of the hands of Dr. Jivraj Mehta, there seem to have been constant trouble, and difficulties between the students and the Acting Dean, who has his own peculiar ways of maintaining discipline.

These are not, however, the only matters, complaints of which reach us now and then. The whole question of the present administration of the Hospital and the College will be dealt with comprehensively in the columns of the "Bombay Chronicle" on a future occasion. But there is one matter incidental to the whole question which needs urgent attention.

ASSAULTED STUDENT MYSTERY.

Readers of "The Chronicle" will remember the reports that were published in "The Chronicle" recently under the heading of "K.E.M. Hospital Mystery"—a mystery that has not by the way been properly cleared up yet.

It will be recalled, that a student, who had been assaulted by another student and whose injury was so severe as to necessitate his being received as an in-patient in one of the wards, was practically segregated in the ward by order of the Acting Dean. None was allowed access to him and the case was not reported to the police as it should have been.

On the matter being made public in the columns of "The Chronicle", however, the student-patient was immediately discharged. The Acting-Dean has since been busy investigating the matter, not for the purpose, apparently, of bringing the offender to book and having him punished—the assault was a singularly cowardly and brutal one—but to find out who was responsible for communicating the matter to this journal.

CHARACTERISTIC ACTION

It is characteristic of the complaints that have reached us of the way in which such matters are dealt with by the College authorities, that one student, in particular has been selected for victimisation, charged with being the person responsible for causing the publication of the news of "The Mystery" in the "Chronicle", he has been, without any evidence being adduced and without being given a chance to defend himself, ordered to quit the College and not to enter its precincts, and told that he will not be admitted in the next term unless his father guarantees his good conduct in the future.

The Acting-Dean, not content with this, actually ordered him to leave Bombay by the first available train, thus assuming the powers of a police officer designated to prescribe the movements of individuals under an Emergency Powers Ordinance.

**CHARGE ABSOLUTELY UNTRUE**

**The amazing fact is that the student in question had never had any communication at all with the "Chronicle" on the subject and his very existence was unknown to us until the Dean penalised him on the charge of giving us the information.**

APPEAL TO MAYOR.

The victimised student has appealed to the Mayor and the Municipal Commissioner who are taking their own time to investigate the matter. As the present term expires, however, on the 26th instant the matter is one of extreme urgency, for elementary justice requires that the order of expulsion should be withdrawn and the victimised student re-admitted before that date arrives.

We hope the Mayor and the Commissioner will take the necessary action.

## *ORGANISING VILLAGE PANCHAYATS*

(Continued from page 6).

phlets or booklets, dealing with each subject connected with the administration and functions of the Village Panchayats and they should be made available at small price to those village workers who may wish to study the subject. Arrangements should also be made to conduct correspondence courses and certificate tests in order to supply the village workers, at their doors with training facilities that they can make use of without having to remain absent from their work or profession and without having to incur any cost for stay in towns or cities away from their home.

This work should be undertaken by the Local Self-Government Institute or some other body competent to do the same and the funds required at the start should be supplied wholly or partly either as grant-in-aid or as loan. The amount so taken should be recouped from the sale booklets.

A scheme organised on some such lines and brought into effect at least for the first two or three years will enable us to minimise the waste of funds to find out people who are the proper workers in the field and to leave full scope or initiative to any one who wants to work in the villages without trespassing on the powers of any institution or any individual.

**VILLAGE LEADERS WANTED.**

We must realise—and the sooner we do it the better—that the people trained or living under urban surroundings, where life and business is very artificial are very rarely competent to appreciate in their true perspective the difficulties and problems of the rural population who work and play with nature and lead more or less, a natural life. The work will have ultimately to be done by the village leaders themselves. It should therefore be our main object to find out village leaders suitable for this work and to encourage them in their efforts instead of frightening them into inactivity by artificial red-tape barriers that are the creation of urban mind.

---

Nathiagali, Aug 16—A security of Rs 2,000 has been demanded from the Editor of "Sherisarbad", a weekly of Abbottabad in connection with the publication of certain articles recently.—A.P.


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# Reserve Bank Under Alien Grip?

## Organise Countrywide Opposition, Exhorts Mr Shroff

### Like W. P. Scheme, It Is Offered Under Threat, Says Mr. Subedar

**The perpetuation of the iniquitous 18d. ratio and the Sterling link, the absence of Safeguards against foreign interests acquiring control over the management of the Reserve Bank, and the possible fear of officialdom and vested interests acquiring predominence in its control, constitute the main criticism levelled against the Reserve Bank scheme in Bombay commercial circles.**

NOT REPRESENTATIVE.

Interviewed by a "Chronicle" representative, Mr. A. D. Shroff said: "I hope it will not deceive anybody that the Committee set up by the Government to discuss the question of Reserve Bank scheme was in any sense, representative of Indian opinion.

"Without being discourteous to the gentlemen nominated by the Government for consultations, I cannot help feeling that the public will take into consideration before expressing their opinion on the Reserve Bank Report, that many of the members nominated have yet to acquire the rudimentary knowledge of principles and organisation of a Central Bank.

MOBILISE PUBLIC OPINION.

"It appears now certain that the Government made a special effort to exclude from consultation such Indians who could have given them a reflex of representtive Indian opinion on the subject. One important assumption underlying the whole scheme is that public opinion in India, will tamely accept the continuance of the present position, which, in the teeth of continued opposition the Secretary of State forced upon India a link between the rupee and the sterling.

GRATUITOUS ASSUMPTION

"I should most strongly contest the opinion expressed by the Committee in its Report that "The only sound course for India is to remain on Sterling Standard." I hope, that public opinion will be organised on a country-wide scale to oppose and refute this most gratuitous assumption which can never work to the economic well-being of the country."

LIKE W. P. REFORMS.

"Reserve Bank scheme is like White Paper reforms, determined by our masters and offered to us under threat, 'It is either that or nothing' said Mr. Manu Subedar in an interview to the press on Wednesday.

Continuing he said. "Carefully chosen Public Men have given their blessing to it subject to a minor caveat and the docile legislature with the official nominated block is going to pass it substantially in the form it is put. The hope of achieving any improvement or alteration is small but, if any people feel that they would like to get it altered so as to secure Indian interests to a greater extent than they secure in the scheme I would suggest a few important points for consideration.

TO PRIVATE SHAREHOLDERS?

"An institution that is going to have control of such large funds such as currency reserves, banking reserve and cash balance of Government could not be handed over to private individuals, nor should the larger issues of control of money market and exchanges and conditions under which loanable funds are dealt with be given over to individuals who have no responsibility to the people of this country viz. private shareholders.

"If the institution cannot be owned by the State, it should have a moiety of shares or there should be a clause that at any time the legislature decides that it is contrary to the interests of India to allow a private-governed institution for this purpose, they should be free to acquire at the price to be named and fixed at present, the shares any number or all.

NOT FOR ALIENS.

"The amount proposed to be contributed by shareholders viz. 5 crores will be so small as against the large public reserves to be handed to the bank that representation of public directors should not be a minority of four as against eight for shareholders. but it should be the otherway about. There should also be a provision that shares of the Reserve Bank shall not be held by or transferred to any persons who are not born Indians or subjects of this country nor should they be held for or on account of an alien by Indians.

PRINCIPLE OVERDONE

"'Freedom from political influence' which has been the guiding principle is overdone by the creation of seperate registers, spreading shareholders all over so as to make the institution less amenable to public opinion and also by so arranging matters that executives will be almost entirely be in non-Indian hands.

With the Finance Member incapable of influencing the bank with the Government nominees small in number and made to represent not the general interest of the country but some special interests, it should be right to apprehend such results.

## UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

### Candidates Who Passed M.sc. Translation Test

The following candidates registered for the M.Sc. translation test at the Bombay Karachi and Bangalore Centres, have passed their examination held in July

BOMBAY CENTRE.

(French and Mathematics.)

1 H I Bhatt; 2 N G Datar; 3 B G Dave; 7 D V Kelkar; 9 R Sarangapani.

FRENCH AND PHYSICS.

10 B S Chothia; 11 P H Dalal.

FRENCH AND CHEMISTRY.

14 Y J Rangwala; 15 G B Rau; 16 S M Sheth.

FRENCH AND ZOOLOGY.

19 Rutton Hormusji Bana; 20 M S Kati.

GERMAN AND MATHEMATICS

24 K I Shukla.

GERMAN AND PHYSICS.

29 J V Karandikar; 30 N V Kogekar; 32 M D Manohar; 33 K N Sohoni

GERMAN AND CHEMISTRY.

34 D D Gangal; 35 S M Gaywala; 37 C B Joshi; 38 G R Kelkar; 41 G F Mankodi; 43 B M Naik; 46 S A Vaishnav.

KARACHI CENTRE.

(French and Mathematics.)

47 K L Chablani; 48 G S Daryanaji; 49 D C Makhijani; 50 T G Mansukhani.

FRENCH AND PHYSICS.

51 S G Khubchandani. (passed with distinction in Physics).

BANGALORE CENTRE.

(German and Chemistry.)

52 G P Kane.

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## ALL QUIET IN ALWAR

### Withdrawal Of British Indian Troops Ordered

SIMLA, Aug. 16.

News has been received from Alwar that the British Indian troops stationed at Kishangarh since the disturbance of January have been entirely withdrawn as their presence is no longer required in view of the fact that the special conditions which necessitated their help have disappeared with the complete reamalgamation of the then disturbed area with the regular state administration.

The troops entrained to-day from there after nearly eight months assistance in restoring order and dealing with the manifestation of communal disturbances, and the aftermath of the general state of insecurity which followed last winter.

NO FURTHER DANGER.

Mr. Wylie ever since his appointment as Prime Minister of the State has set about making exhaustive enquiries into the condition of the State and during the last few months not only in the four Nizamats but througout the whole State rapid progress has been made by way of redressing grievances which were not peculiar to Meo Nizamats but were shared by the Hindu population of the state.

The situation has so much improved that the authorities now feel there is no further possibility of a serious danger and hence have ordered the withdrawal of British Indian troops, specially summoned eight months ago.—A P.

## JUTES RULE VERY QUIET

### Limited Business Done In Coals In Calcutta Share Market

CALCUTTA, August 16.

Jutes were very quiet due to less support from professional operators and weaker hessian market.

In coals limited business was put through at about quotation rates. Teas remained steady although business resulted was of moderate dimensions. Miscellaneous disclosed no special features. Securities were weak. Following were the closing quotations.—

Securities:—3 per cent paper 72|8 small odd lot; 3-1|2 per cent paper 84|13; 4 per cent loan 1960|70 97|10 small lot; 4 per cent loan 1943 101|14; 5 per cent loan 1945|55 113|2 small lotffi 5-1|2 per cent loan 1938|40 108, 4 per cent new Punjab loan 1 948 96|15.

Banks:—Imperial Bank fully paid 1201; Imperial Bank conty 293|8 odd lot.

Railways:—Burdwan Cutwa 72|8 ex-div.; Darjeeling Himalayan ordy 75|8.

Coals: Amalgamated 13|8; Burrakur 11|4; East Indian 14|8; Equitable 17|10; Katras Jherriah 31|12; Standard 26|14.

Jutes:—Bally 141; Barnagore 133; Belvedere 347 small lot; Clive 255|12 small lot; Empire 36|8; Howrah 48|12; Kamarhatty 453; Megna 20; National 20|6; Presidency 5|5; Reliance 70 small lot; Sooral pref. 113|8.

Miscellaneous:—British India Corporation pref 122; Titaghur paper pref 100; Titaghur Paper paid up 133; Ivan Jones 5|4; Bengal Iron 2|12.

Sugar Shares:—Cower and Co. 15|4; Cawnpore 36|12; Punjab Sugar Mills 327 small lot; Ryam 46.

Teas:—Bishnauth 23|2; Dauracherra 12|12; Gohpur 6; Hattikhira 20|6; Hoolungoorie 472|8; New Dooars 875; New Terai 11; Patrakola ordy. 935; Rajnagar 4|9; Tellapara 440.—A.P.

## QUIT ORDER ON "TAI NAIDU" EDITOR

HUBLI, Aug. 16.

A correspondent wires:—

The District Magistrate of North Kanara has ordered Mr P R Ramaya, editor of the "Tai Naidu", Bangalore, to leave North Kanara District immedately and not to enter it for a month.

The order is issued under Special Powers Act. Mr Ramayya had gone to North Kanara District to attend and report the proceedings of a political case.—A. P.

A Panvel correspondent wires to the effect that Shrimant Ramchandra Krishna Puranik, aged 51, of Shredhutpapeshwar Pharmcy. Panvel, died of diabetes, at night on 14th instant, in Dr Bhajekar's Hospital, Bombay. His body was brought down to Panvel for cremation which was attended by Hindus, Mohomedans and other communities. Bazar and schools remained closed in his honour.

## "DANGEROUS CRIMINAL"

### Judge's Attack On Chief Prosecution Witness

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Aug. 16.

The great fire-conspiracy trial, longest ever held in the Old Baily, entered the closing stage.

After six and a half weeks' hearing, during which enquiry was made into the complicated details of 14 different fires, Judge Humphreys has begun summing up which is expected to last until to-morrow afternoon, after which the Jury will return the verdict.

Sentences are likely to be passed on Friday on six defendants who pleaded guilty on certain counts and any of the remaining ten who may be found guilty.

A feature of Judge Humphreys' address to the Jury to-day was the strong attack on the chief prosecution witness, Capsoni, to whom he referred as a blackmailer and a highly dangerous criminal though, he added, it was impossible to prosecute him. His chief regret was he was unable to pass upon Capsoni the sentence which he richly deserved.

## LEGAL FLAW IN PROCEEDINGS?

### Defence Plea In Adulterated Butter Case Appeal

Hormusji Rustomji Irani who was sentenced by Mr. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate, to a fine of Rs 100 for selling adulterated butter filed a revisional application at the High Court, which came on before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia on Wednesday. The prosecution is at the instance of the Municipal Commissioner.

The petitioner is a salesman at the Rising Sun Bakery at Charney Road Junction.

Mr G. N. Thakore, arguing for the petitioner, asked how could butter which contained 89 per cent of matter not derived from butter taste like butter?

A legal flaw in the proceedings was pointed out by counsel. Only the complainant was filed and no evidence was taken. The accused made a statement which was regarded as an admission. This admission ought to have been recorded by the Magistrate under Section 243 of the Criminal Procedure Code. The omission vitiated the proceedings, according to various authorities.

On this ground, counsel submtted that the conviction should be set aside. It was then open to the prosecution to start a fresh case.

Further hearing was adjourned.

## CLOTH-SHOP BURGLED

### Police Arrest Ex-Employee On Suspicion

In connection with a robbery of cash and cloth valued at about Rs. 320 committed in the shop of a cloth merchant, one Namdeo Sadobar was arrested by the Delisle Police and produced before the Presidency Magistrate, Fifth Court, on Wednesday.

On the night of the 14th instant at about 9-15, the cloth merchant in question had after finishing his day's business padlocked the door of his shop at Ferguson Road with two locks and gone home. When he visited the shop the next morning, he was shocked to find one of the two locks missing while the other was broken open. On entering the shop he found signs of a robbery and on examination found missing pieces of cloth and money from his cash-box.

EX-EMPLOYEE ARRESTED

He at once reported the matter to the police who arrested the above accused. He was formerly a servant with the merchant and was in the habit of sleeping near the door of the burgled shop. The suspicions of the police were aroused when they heard that Namdeo was not found sleeping at the door as usual on the night of the robbery. When the accused was questioned about it, he told them he had spent the night in a gully near-by.

The Magistrate remanded the accused in custody until August 22 so as to enable the police complete their inquiries.

Rugby.—The latest Treasury returns show that the total ordinary revenue for the current financial year up to August 12 amounted to £207,668,091. At the corresponding period last year the amount stood at £201,306,870. Ordinary expenditure to date for the current year totalled £255,571,009 which is £33,000,000 less than the total of ordinary expenditure at the corresponding date last year.—B. O. W.

## POONA JOURNALIST CONVICTED AS LOITERER

### Defence Alleges Malicious Prosecution, But Magistrate Disbelieves Accused's Quarrel With Police Officer

(From A Correspondent.)

POONA, Aug. 15.

"I sanctioned the prosecution against a person whose name or description I did not know. Nor were they submitted to me by the Sub-Inspector" said Mr. E. J. Jenner, Assistant Superintendent of Police, who was cited as a defence-witness in the course of his examination to-day, when the hearing of the case against Mr. K. B. Mysorkar journalist of Poona for riding a cycle without light under 6- D. Police Act was resumed.

At the outset, Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, defence counsel filed a supplementary statement that (1) the accused was a graduate of the Bombay University (2) The prosecution once dropped could not be revived (3) that the offence was not covered by Section 61 of the District Police Act (4) that the sanction to prosecute once granted against a particular person could not be used for another.

CAUSE OF PROSECUTION

Examined by Mr. Bhopatkar, Mr. Jenner stated that the Sub-Inspector did not mention the name of the accused in his report. He sanctioned the prosecution without knowing the name. The witness stated that on 19th July he sanctioned the prosecution and a cutting of the "Times of India" of July 18 was attached to the report submitted to him by the Sub-Inspector.

Mr. Bhopatkar, arguing the case for the defence, pointed out that the evidence given by the A. S P. showed that the prosecution was launched without giving the name or the description of the accused. The proceedings which were once dropped were revived because the incident was reported in the "Times of India." The accused who is a graduate of the Bombay University was engaged in a responsible profession of journalism. He was known to all Police officers in Poona, though he may not have been known to a stray Sub-Inspector.

TRAGEDY OF ERRORS.

Referring to the legal issue whether the proceedings once dropped could be revived, the counsel pointed out that according to the evidence given by the A.S.P., the accused was warned and let go. That the accused who was once acquitted should have been prosecuted again was bad in principle.

As regards the mistake in name in Police Diary (which showed Nimbkar), Mr. Bhopatkar referring to the comic incident during the first hearing of the case observed that owing to the vigilance of the Police, the comedy of Errors had been transformed into Tragedy of Errors." (laughter.)

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

At this stage the Magistrate addressing the counsel said "why do you insist on the surname (Mysorkar). There is the name Krishnaji Baburao Nimkar."

Mr. Bhopatker—There may be hundreds of people in Poona who bore the name Krishnaji Baburao. There is one Mr. Tari Vithal Tulpule, a pleader, and another Hari Vithal Tulpule is a professor! How can you transfer the pleadership of one to the other, etc., because of the same name. My name is Luxman Balvant and if any other person named Luxman Balvant committed a murder, are you going to arrest me for that offence (lohd laughted.)

POLICE EFFICIENCY.

Continuing Mr. Bhopatkar drew attention to the fact that to the fact that though the accused wrote his name in the undertaking the mistake as regards the name was not reclified till the first hearing of the case. Besides, the Sub-Inspector practically deceived the A.S.P. into sanctioning the prosecution against the mistaken name. The conduct of the Sub-Inspector, who in the course of cross-examination told the Court to correct the name of the accused into Nimbkar, Mysorkar or Mhaiskar, reflected on the Police efficiency.

The counsel then remarked that it was a regrettable thing that accused, a journalist, well-known to all people in Poona should have been marched off to a Police Chowky like an ordinary thief.

Proceeding Mr. Bhopatkar said that the the case was of a trival nature. But it was fought out by the accused as a matter of principle. The accused had not committed the offence and the present prosecution was launched against him merely out of malice because of the publication of the story in a newspaper.

ACCUSED FINED.

The Magistrate fined the accused Rs. 3 whilh he refused to pay. The Court gave him 3 days.

When asked by him whether it was R. I. or S. I. the Magistrate said that unfortunately R. I. is not sanctioned.

In the course of the judgment is was held that the accused's story of quarrel with Sub-Inspector was not proved. At dead of night, in need of rest the accused might not have gone so slowly, as to be called loitering.

## INDIAN COFFEE PROPAGANDA

### Planters' Conference Sanctions Investigation

BANGALORE, Aug. 16

The Planters Conference concluded its session this afternoon unanimously re-electing Mr. H Fowke, chairman for the year.

Resolutions were adopted sanctioning the investigation into scope for propaganda in the United Kingdom in favour of Indian coffee, protesting against unduly high incidence of taxation on motor vehicles in the Madras Presidency particularly on petrol.

The Tea Cess Committee sales activities in the South were strongly deprecated on the ground that they interfered with the work of the Committee which was purely propagandist.

The meeting resolved to present an address to His Excellency the Viceroy during his visit to South in November.—A. P.

TENDERS FOR STERLING.

On Wednesday, tenders to the amount of £2,682,000 at 1s. 6-1|16d. were received and allotted approximately 37 per cent. £1,000000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 23rd instant, on the same conditions as previously announced.

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# No Case For Calling A.I.C.C. Meeting

## If I Get Proper Requisition Signed By 30 Members, I Shall Not Decline To Convene It, Says Mr. Aney

YEOTMAL, (By Mail)

The following is the full text of Mr. Aney's reply to Mr. Satyamurti:—

"Many thanks for your letter. It is a pity that you are trying to read in my explanation much more than what it can ordinarily mean. Provincial organisations have been functioning through dictators only for the last 18 months and more. They cannot function in the normal way so long as the present condition of hostility between the Government and the Congress, i.e., so long as the civil disobedience campaign continues.

It is certainly open to the A.I.C.C. to call off the campaign and enable the original bodies to function normally. But the informal conference was, as you know, entirely in favour of continuing the campaign. It expressed its opinion against unconditional withdrawal unequivocally.

NO VALID GROUND

It is true that I can summon the meeting if the All India Congress Committee as often as I deem it necessary for the discharge of its obligations. The point is whether there is any necessity to summon such a meeting at present. The only ground which you have endeavoured to make out for convening such meeting is that my decision to call upon the Congressmen to offer individual civil disobedience is opposed to what you describe as the definite vote of the Informal Conference. The was duly and very carefully considered by me. The form which the Civil Disobedience may take at a given stage of the campaign is a matter of detail on which I feel sure that you will concede that those who are entrusted with responsibility of running the campaign are best qualified to express decisive opinion and issue necessary directions. There was information in the records of the secretariat of the A.I.C.C. which is now abolished which made it imperative on me to discontinue the mass movement such as the no-tax campaign in Karnatak, etc. Members assembled at the informal conference were requested to give their advice to Gandhiji and myself. A little difference of opinion between the advice so tendered by the majority of the informal conference and the decision of those who happen to be at the head of the movement on a detail of this nature is certainly not a sufficiently strong and valid ground to summon the meeting of the A.I.C.C. I do not see there is any real new matter also demanding the urgent consideration of that body."

ONLY DIFFERENCE

"In all places where the no-tax or no-rent campaigns were not going on, the form of the campaign was of the type of what is now technically described by Gandhiji as Individual Civil Disobedience. The only difference brought about by my statement is that they have now no shadow cabinets or other secret organisations to putt the strings from behind. There is therefore no substantial difference in the old method and this new method so far as the majority of the Congress provinces are concerned. In the case of those where the mass movement in the form of no-tax campaign was going on, the the idea is to absolve the Civil resisters there of all obligations to continue the movement as secret Congress organisations which were doing constant efforts to maintain the same and which were now altogether scrapped and the resister was now called upon to look up to nobody else except himself for any kind of support guidance.

NO GROUND FOR COMPLAINT.

While abolishing the mass movement an exception has been made in favour of those who are prepared to undergo cheerfully all the privations and sufferings on their own responsibility. I am confident that there can be no difference of opinion regarding the eminently equitable nature of these provisions. There is neither ground for complaint whatsoever for those who are ready to suffer nor those who cannot suffer for many reasons. The latter have been expressly called upon to devote themselves as zealously as they can to the constructive programme of the Congress."

"As organisations are not normally functioning those obligations for the proper discharge of which the A.I.C.C. has to meet gradually, do not also exist or arise."

NO CASE

"I therefore do not see that there is any case for summoning the meeting of the A.I.C.C. for the present."

"I desire however to add that I shall not decline to convene the meeting of the A.I.C.C. if I get the proper requisition signed by 30 members as required by Article 19 Up to the evening of the 12th instant I did not receive any such requisition.—A.P.

## CONFERENCE OF NON-BRAHMIN YOUTHS

### Mr. Chikodi Will Preside Over 1st Session In Bombay

The first session of the Bombay Provincial Non-Brahmin Youth Conference will be held in Bombay on the 20th instant under the presidentship of Mr. P. R. Chikodi, M.L.C.

The following have been elected to be the office bearers:—Mr. J. S. Sawant, Reception Committee Chairman; Mr. G. V. Mokashi, General Secretary and Messrs. S. V. Ragji and B. R. Jadhav, Secretaries.

MR. CHIKODI'S PUBLIC WORK.

Mr. P. R. Chikodi is one of the founders and member of the Karnatak Lingayat Education Society established in 1916 at Belgaum. He was the first to start an Anglo-Kanarese weekly newspaper called "The Vibhakar" at Belgaum. He attended as delegate 1st All-India Liberal Conference, held at Bombay under the presidency of Sir Surendranath Banerjee.

In 1923 he formed jointly with Dewan Bahadur Latthe, and Mr. A P. Changule, the non-Brahmin Unionist party. He was elected a member of the Executive Committee of the All India Non-Brahmin Congress in 1924. He was elected unopposed to the First Bombay Legislative Council under the Montague-Chelmsford Reforms. He was a member of the Finance and Public Accounts Committee from 1921 to 1923 and a member of Compulsory Primary Education Committee and the Retrench Committee appointed by the Bombay Government in 1921. He was the President of the First Karnatak Non-Brahmin Primary Teachers' Conference, Dharwar. In 1924 he attended the All-India Peace Conference at Delhi and the All-India Unity Conference at Bombay.

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# DEVIDAS CONVICTION

## Gaya Prasad Singh Gives Notice Of Questions In Assembly

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Aug. 14.

Mr. Gaya Prasad Singh has given notice of the following questions in the Legislative Assembly:—

1. (a) Is it a fact that as soon as Mr. Devidas Gandhi accompanied by his wife arrived in Delhi about the 6th August in the night, he was served with a notice at the station under section 3 of the Punjab Criminal Law (Amendment) Act 1932, asking him to depart from the Delhi Provinces immediately, and to remain outside its limits until further notice?

(b) Are Government aware that Mr. Devidas Gandhi at once sent a reply to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, in course of which he said, "I have absolutely no intention of participating in the Civil Disobedience movement in Delhi. I have chosen to come to Delhi, not with any intention of taking part in politics, but with a view to settling down here in private life for at least a few months", and requested the Chief Commissioner to withdraw the order? Was this letter delivered to the Chief Commissioner?

ARREST AND CONVICTION.

(c) Are Government aware that in spite of the above disavowal, Mr. Devidas Gandhi, was arrested at one and taken to the Jail? If so, why, and what is the evidence in possession of the Chief Commissioner on which he is "satisfied" that there were sufficient grounds for taking action under the law referred to in (a) above? Did not Mr. Devidas Gandhi visit Delhi many times last winter; and did he take part in Civil Disobedience movement at the time?

(d) Are Government awade that in course of his statement before the Magistrate in the trial, Mr. Devidas Gandhi reiterated that he had come to Delhi with no intention of committing any breach of law? And are Government aware that the trying Magisterate held that so far as the question of satisfaction of the Chief Commissioner was concrned in regard to the possible activities of Mr. Devidas in Delhi, the Court had no jurisdiction to question the local Government's authority; and no evidence on that point was adduced by the prosecution?

## *MINISTERS SHOULD BE ABOVE SUSPICION*

### *Non-official Resolution Withdrawn In Bombay Council*

POONA, Aug. 16.

At the Bombay Council this evening keen interest was evinced in the debate on the resolution by Rao Bahadur Chittale, non-official recommending to Government to take steps to move the Government of India to incorporate a rule in the Government Servant's conduct Rules prohibiting Government members and Ministers from allowing Members of the Council from ordinarily residing with them as guests, as such practice was contrary to public interests.

The mover stated that the conduct of Ministers should be above suspicion, particularly at a time when the Provinces were on the eve of getting responsible Government.

The leader of the House objected to this remark.

The mover also objected to the Minister's subscribing to party funds but the Chair pointed out that there was nothing wrong in such a practice and it was prevalent in England also.

At this stage a Member opposing the resolution remarked that the mover participated in sandwiches at Government House parties. The mover strongly objected to this, but the Chair intervened remarking that the speaker did not mean mutton sandwiches, but only vegetable sandwiches.

Government benches did not participate in the debate.

After nearly three hours discussion the resolution was withdrawn.—A. P.

## *JAP BOYCOTT OF INDIAN COTTON*

SIMLA, Aug. 16.

Haji Abdulla Haroon has secured first place for his resolution to discuss Japanese boycott of Indian cotton in the ballot held to-day for the meeting of the Legislative Assembly on 21st August.

Muazzam Saheb has second place for his resolution for penalising the cutting of currency notes, while Mr. Goswami Puri comes next with his resolution urging measures to put a stop to communal riots—A. P.

# VILLAGES DEVASTATED

## 500 People Rendered Homeless Due To Havoc Of Floods

### BROACH IN DISTRESS

**Corn, Clothes & Fodder Are Needs Of Hour To Save Villagers From Further Misery.**

(From A Correspondent.)

AMOD, Aug. 16.

Villages of Broach District situated on the banks of River Dhadhar have been devastated, owing to heavy floods. About 500 persons have been rendered homeless. Corn clothes and other help such as money &c., are urgently necessary.

## BROACH RELIEF COMMITTEE

### Arya Samaj Workers Visit Flooded Areas

The Arya Samaj, Bombay has received the following sums for the flood relief.

Seth Surajmal Lallubhai & Co. Rs. 75.

Kariana Bazar Association Rs. 250.

P. M. Zaveri Danavala Rs. 50.

A second wagon full of rice has been sent to Ankleswar.

The Bombay Arya Samaj appointed a Relief Committee composed of the following persons:—

(1) Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal; (2) Raja Mukundlal; (3) Raja Narayanlal Bansilal; (4) Seth Velji Lakhamsi Nappoo; (5) Sjt. Jamnadas Mehta; (6) Sjt. Balubhai Desai; (7) Sjt. D. D. Sethia; (8) Sjt. S. D. Sethia; (9) Sjt. Shivdas Chapsi; (10) Sjt. Dwijendranath Shastri; (11) Sjt. Pardhubhai Sharma; (12) Sjt. Laxmanrao Ogle; (13) Sjt. Vijay Shanker Mulsha; (14) Sjt. Vallabhdas Mehta, B.A.; (15) Sjt. Nandkishore; (16) Sjt. Sabhajit Mishra; (17) Sjt. Bhagvad Dayaluji; (18) Sjt. J. P. Kaku; (19) Sjt. Ganpati; (20) Sjt. Jakumal Tarachand; (21) Seth Purushottamdas Jiwandas; (22) Seth Hirji Jeram Mehta and (23) Lala Kisan Prasad.

Sjt. Kalidas Arya, worker of the Arya Kumar Maha Sabha, Baroda has gone to the flooded area.

Sjt. Pardhubhai, member of the Relief Committee is proceeding to Ankleshwar to hep relief work. The sufferers are given help without any distinction.

## *RELIEF TO BROACH FLOOD VICTIMS*

The Secretary Bombay Arya Samaj writes:—

The relief work in the Broach District has been already started by the Bombay Arya Samaj. The Bombay Arya Samaj workers and volunteers rendering help to the sufferers at Ankleshwar and Amratpura.

Grains and clothe are the urgent needs of the people. The following Associations have kindly contributed funds for immediate help.

The Grain Merchants' Association Rs. 500/.

The Kariyana Merchants' Association Rs. 2500.

The Seeds Traders' Association Rs. 200/.

25 bags of rice have been received from the Bombay Rice Merchants' Association.

Several other commercial Associations have been approached and requested to subscribe contributions.

In response to the telegram for help from Mr. Haribhoy Javerbhai Amin, Broach, the Bombay Arya Samaj requested him telegraphically to co-operate with the Arya Samaj Seva Samaj Relief Work started at the above centres.

The Bombay public can send in their contributions in form of money, grain, cloth, etc. The Secretary Arya Samj, Girgaum Back Road, Kakadwadi, Bombay, No. 4.

## *ADVOCATE SUSPENDED*

### *Bar Council Takes Two Years To Submit Report Of Tribunal*

PATNA, Aug. 16.

Mr. Besheshwarnath Sahu, advocate Patna, was suspended for one year by a full bench of the High Court, to-day.

Of the nine charges against him Their Lordships found the advocate guilty of two, namely retaining copies of judgments of his clients to nduce them to engage him in appeal, and getting a mortgage deed executed by his clients in the name of his son and cousin-in-law partly towards payment of his fees.

Their Lordships criticised the delay in the submission of the report by the Bar Council Tribunal which took more than two years over the matter.—A. P.

# POONA HANDICAPS

## Weights For Fourth Day Of Summer Meeting

POONA, Aug 16

The following are the handicaps for the Fourth Day of Poona Summer Meeting on Saturday:—

THE SANDHURST PLATE—Distance 6 furlongs.

Star of Italy 9-7; Kumbak 9-7; Pollux 9-6; Tel Asur 9-6; Masked Jester 9-2; Costaki Pasha 9-0; Ootman 8-11; La Fontaine 8-7; Spanish Wish 8-7; Ethics 8-4; Private Seal 8-1; Gay Day 7-11; Spinner's Cottage 7-11; Celebrator 7-10; Almeda 7-7; Nijinski 7-7; Westerner 7-4; Cospatrick 6-12; Mulligatawny 6-12.

THE ASCOT PLATE—Distance 1 mile

Ternlet 9-3; Carnelian 9-2; Chivalresque 8-12; Rooz 8-10; Manbar 8-7; Raphael 8-7; Prince Kh. 8-7; Eastern Essex 8-6; Pallas 8-5; Heremia 8-4; Custodian 8-4; Greek Burn 8-3; Lis 8-3; Sochmore 8-2; Zecoh 8-0; The Tiff 8-0; Charmaine 8-0; Aurangzeb 7-12; Breffney King 7-11; Sauer Kraut 7-11; Galloping Major 7-10; Facino 7-9; Bucentaur 7-5; Pobieda 7-4; Arthur 7-0; Johnny Green 7-0; Hero Worship 6-12.

THE ELPHINSTONE PLATE. Division I—Distance 7 furlongs.

Complet 9-4; Broken Link 9-2; Fine Knight 9-1; Moti Koh 9-0; Essexbrook 8-13; Woven 8-13; Rollup 8-12; Gallophant 8-11; Broadway Joe 8-9; Gift Horse 8-8; Howth 8-5; Solfering 8-5; Lignet 8-2; Mahalakshmi 8-2 Mystic Fruit 8-1; Glenlinnhe 8-0; Raghubeer (late Prince Shaw) 7-13; Bismarck 7-12; Pomagne 7-9; Puffin 7-5; Insomnia 7-0; Madge Mee 7-0.

THE ELPHINSTONE PLATE. Division II—Distance 7 furlongs.

Poor Bairn 9-4; Skysign 9-3; D'Artagnan 9-1; Jelal Shah 9-0; Bonne Tete 8-12; Turlogh 8-12; His Majesty (late Grand Ecart) 8-11; Long Reign 8-9; Little Rock 8-8; Cardsharper 8-8; Heyday 8-4; Superlative 8-4; Ballintoy 8-2; Santon 7-13; Draughtsman 7-11; Over 7-7; Burnley 7-7; Fors Abbey 7-3; Lon 6-12; Queen's Pilot 6-12.

THE EGERTON HANDICAP—Distance 1¼ miles

Rosette 9-4; Mountgarrett 9-3; Harvard 9-0; Buckskin 8-11; Frost 8-11; Oratorio 8-9; Tan 8-8 Conciliator 8-7; Abelaid 8-7; Kileager 8-5; Solomon's Seal 8-3; Hue and Cry 8-3; Kirkibost 8-2; Soso 7-13; Part Swan 7-12; Crinoline 7-5; Bridgefly 7-0; Old Roy 7-0; Lothair 6-12; Stein Song 6-12

THE PATIALA PLATE—Distance 1 mile

Old Scar 9-10; Cherryboy 9-7; Chanson 9-5; Daftrum 9-5; Chanticleer 9-3; Johnnie Walker 8-12; Spring Song 8-5; Dry Sand 8-5; Cheer Up 8-5; Eagle Queen 7-8; Rosario 7-5; Diadem 7-5; Fancy Free 7-9; Sanguine 6-12; Honeysuckle 6-12; Naring 6-12; Marcodia 6-12.

THE LOHAGAON PLATE—Distance 1 mile.

Vershan 9-7; Taj Mahal 9-7; Electricity 9-3; Saifuldowla 9-0; Tennyson 8-13; Funny Face 8-11; Al Hamil 8-9; Hakim Pasha 8-8; Blue Funnel 8-4; Amij 8-2; Rushdi 8-2 Sea King 8-0; Gunboat Jack 8-0; Young Avar 7-13; Watchmaker 7-13; Black Beauty 7-12; The Knave 7-12; Anchor 7-11; Nazam Bahadur 7-10; Jassir 7-9; Lamington 7-7; Black King 7-5; Shaiban 7-4; Mushoor 7-4.—A. P.

# INDIA SHOULD REVISE HER ATTITUDE TOWARDS JAPAN

## If Lancashire Does Not Realise Its Obligations Why Should Enormous Burden Be Shouldered In Her Interest, Says Anklesaria

LONDON, August 15.

In connection with the recent discussion at Manchester by the Indian Cotton Inquiry Committee with Mr. Anklesaria, Member of the Indian Legislative Assembly, on the question of establishing more intimate relations between Lancashire buyers of Indian cotton and cotton-growers and consumers in India, a statement has been issued saying that, Mr. Anklesaria declared that the Indian cotton manufacturer acquired disproportionate influence in the Councils of the Government of India and with the British public to the prejudice of the just claim and interests of the grower and the consumer.

"If Lancashire failed to realise its obligations to the Indian cotton grower, why in her interests should there be shouldered the enormous burden of 75 per cent. cotton duties against the Japanese cloth, thereby risking the loss of his most important market. Indian agriculturist and his representatives in the Assembly would have to revise their attitude towards Japan and other potential rivals of Lancashire in Indian markets," he declared.—Reuter.

## LANGRIDGE SCORES DOUBLE CENTURY

### Sussex' Big Score In First Class Cricket

LONDON, August 16.

The following are the closing scores in the first class cricket matches which commenced to-day:—

Essex vs. Surrey at Southend: Essex 384 for nine, (Oconnor 57, Eastman 88).

Kent vs. Northamptonshire at Dover: Kent 224. (Ames 132, Thomas 4 for 50). Northants 92. (Freeman 4 for 40, Marriott 4 for 48.

Sussex vs. Glamorgan at Hove: Sussex 384 for 2. (Bowley 64, John Parks 94, John Langridge (not out 205).

Leicestershire vs Hampshire at Leicester: Hants 330 for 7. (Kennedy 77, Bailey not out 52).

Gloucestershire vs. Derbyshire at Cheltenham (College ground): —Gloucester 411 for 7 (Barnett 52, Dacre 50, Hammond not out 216).

Worcestershire vs. Lancashire at Worcester:—Lancs 509 for 5 (Hopwood 71, Parkinson 88, Iddon not out 177, Lister not out 80).

Yorkshire vs. Notts at Bradford: —Notts 324 (Keeton 110, Voce 56, Leyland 4 for 56). Yorks 115 for no loss (Holmes 62 not out).

Somerset vs. Middlesex at Weston-super-mare:— Middlesex 195 (Atkinson 94 White 6 for 77). Somerset 106 for 1 (Longrigg not out 51).

West Indies v. Sir Lindsay Parkinsons: West Indies 165 (MacDonald 5 for 58). Sir Lindsay Parkinsons 75 for 5.

It is learnt that Duleepsinhji who is residing at Wentworth Surrey, is progressing. He recently received visits from cricketing friends.—Reuter.

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# YARN MARKET NERVOUS

## Decline In Cotton Induces Sales

### DAMAGE TO CROP

### Prices Cheap And Attractive

Bombay, Aug. 16.

The Yarn market has continued to remain dull and depressed during the week under review with a declining tendency all-round. Prices of raw material have further declined during the week and this has naturally caused a certain amount of nervousness amongst the dealers who have been trying to dispose of their holdings at best market rates in anticipation of replacing them at a later date when they feel they will be getting a better opportunity to make purchases Buyers however are very scarce and prefer to wait and watch before making any purchases except for their immediate requirements. Reports from all important consuming districts all over the country go to show that the markets have been everywhere nervous and unsettled and buying is more or less at a standstill at present. Monsoon has been generally favourable everywhere except in certain parts of the country where excessive rains are reported to have caused some damages to crops and property but so far reliable reports are not available regarding the extent and nature of such damages. It is however believed by the trade that the Indian Crop is likely to turn out fairly heavy unless something untoward happens in the next few months. The future tendency of the market is rather uncertain and although the present level of prices in yarns seems to be rather cheap and attractive a further fall in prices is not unlikely owing to the continued absence of satisfactory demand.

ENGLISH YARNS.

Prices are reported to have declined to some extent in Manchester, but owing to very keen Japanese competition and also equally keen competition from the Indian Mills there is hardly any scope for any business in Manchester yarns on a large scale. Prices in spot goods are declining.

JAPANESE YARNS.

Further decline in prices has been experienced during the week in almost all kinds of Japanese and Shanghai yarns as a result of further decline in prices of raw material and the absence of confidence amongst the dealers. The Japanese Spinners have not yet lowered their rates to the same extent, but it is believed that in course of the next few days they will bring down their limits to enable them to make large forward sales, particularly in 40s, 42s and Mercerized yarns. In the meantime dealers have been busy liquidating their holdings even at a heavy loss. Sampin has declined to some extent in sympathy with Cotton whereas Exchange remains unchanged.

ART SILK YARNS.

Syndicate prices remain unchanged where as demand for this class of yarns continues moderate level of prices. The important event during the week has been the lowering of their limits by some of the Japanese Spinners to the extent of about Rs. 10 per case, but they have not succeeded in arranging any satisfactory sales so far. Dealers have been anticipating a further decline in the limits in the course of the next few days and prefer to await further developments. Stocks of Syndicate goods are very low at present, but large arrivals of Japanese goods are expected in the next few weeks. The future tendency remains uncertain.

INDIAN YARNS.

Some of the local Mills have arranged sales in Coarse counts to the extent of about 3000|4000 bales at prices which in many cases are said to be unremunerative. Further sales are under negotiations, but the buyers' ideas have now been getting lower and lower and it seems increasingly difficult for the Mills to meet them in their present ideas. It is equally difficult for the dealers and consumers to pay any higher prices in view of the fact that owing to keen competition from Japanese and Indian cloth weavers in the consuming districts find themselves in a helpless condition and in many cases are not even able to make both ends meet. In such circumstances it is well-nigh impossible to expect them to pay any higher prices for yarns. Owing to cold weather approaching there has been some improvement in demand for Coarser counts from all over the country, but the prices offered are much too low to admit of any important sales.

THE SEEDS TRADERS ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Cartorseeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 26/12 Highest Rs. 26/14 Lowest Rs. — Closing Rs. 26/10.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 28/6 Highest Rs. 28/10/6 Lowest Rs. — Closing Rs. 28/7.

Linseed Delivery December Opening Rs. 6/11/6 Highest Rs. 6/12 Lowest Rs. — Closing Rs. 6/11/9.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery August Opening Rs. 27/8/6 Highest Rs. — Lowest Rs. 27/8 Closing Rs. 27/10.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs. 29/10 Highest Rs. — Lowest Rs. — Closing Rs. 29/5.

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The s.s. "Clan Buchanan (Line Clan: Agents: Messrs. Pestonji Bhicajee, Port Okha), arrived Port Okha on the 13th instant with 702 tons of China clay and left to-day for Marmagao with the same bottom cargo.—A. P.


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# WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Aug 15.

Messrs. Batlivala & Karani have issued the following report showing closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Amer. Power and Light Com. | 12 1/4 |
| Amer. Power and Light Pfd. 6 dollars. | |
| Amer. Power and Light 5 p c P. A | 24 1/2 |
| Amer. Forn. Power com | 12 |
| Amer. Forn. Power Gold D. | 48 |
| Amer. Forn. Power 7 p c P | 24 |
| Electric Bond Common | 24 |
| Electric Bond 5 dollar Pfd. | 48 |
| Electric Bond 6 p c Pid | |
| Consolidated Gas | 49 1/2 |
| Columbia Gas | 20 |
| United Light & Power A | 5 1/4 |
| North American | 24 1/2 |
| United Corpn. | 9 |
| American Super Power | 5 |
| American Tel. & Tel. | 126 1/2 |
| Western Union Telg. | 64 1/2 |
| Radio Corp. | 8 1/2 |
| Cheasapeake & Ohio | 46 |
| New York Central | 43 1/4 |
| Union Pacific R R | 121 |
| Pennsylvania R R | 36 1/4 |
| Baltimore & Ohio R R | 31 |
| International Carriers | 8 |
| Mac Intyre | 33 |
| Alaska Juneau | 27 |
| Noranda Mines | 32 |
| Kelvinators | 11 |
| Uunited States Steel | 52 1/4 |
| Bethelehem Steel | 39 1/2 |
| Youngstown Sheet & Tube | 22 |
| American Smelting | 34 |
| Int. Nickel Common | 19 |
| International Harvestor | 34 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 16 3/4 |
| Kennecott Copper | 20 |
| Cerro le Pasco Copper | 32 1/4 |
| Glidden | 11 |
| General Motors | 30 3/4 |
| Packard Motor | 1 1/4 |
| Chrysler | 36 |
| General Electric | 24 |
| Goodyear Tyre | 37 |
| United Aircraft | 35 1/2 |
| Curtiss Wright | 3 1/2 |
| National Dairy | 20 |
| Standard Oil of N J | 36 |
| Mid. Con. Petroleum | 10 1/2 |
| Philips Petroleum | 12 |
| St. Regis Paper | 5 |
| American Radiator | 15 |
| National City Bank | [illegible] |
| Guaranty Trust | 320 |
| Sun Life of Canada | 450 |
| American Ice Co. | 12 |
| Bush | 4 1/4 |

Market awaiting news.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Chartered Bank of I.A. & China | £ 15-7/8 |
| Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.) | £ 129 |
| P. & O Banking Corporation | £ 9-3/4 |
| National Bank of India | £ 45-1/2 |
| Funding Loan 4 p.c. | £110-7/8 |
| Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c. | £100-1/8 |
| Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p.c. | £ 62 |
| Indian Stock 3 per cent. 1948 | £ 71-1/2 |
| Indian Stock 3-1/2 p.c. 1931 | £ 83-1/2 |
| Indian Stock 4-1/2 p.c. 1950-55 | £107 |
| Consols 2-1/2 p.c. | £ 73-3/4 |
| War Loan 3-1/2 p.c. | £ 99-7/8 |
| Victory Bonds 4 p.c. | £110-1/8 |

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Central India | 211 |
| Barsi-Nugger | 45 |
| Berar | 49 |
| Western-Northerns | 205 |
| Tinnevelly and Cambodia | 210 |
| Total Cotton | 720 |
| | Cwts. |
| Wheat | 612 |
| Linseed | 2.795 |
| Rape, Rai & Mustardseeds | 153 |
| Gingellyseed | 42 |
| Poppyseed | 33 |
| Groundnuts | 1.241 |
| Castorseed | 94 |
| Rice | 13.965 |
| Myrabollams | 1.942 |
| Cottonseed | 26.473 |
| Gram | 518 |
| Joowar | 306 |
| Barley | 2.205 |
| Bajree | 1.874 |
| | Tons. |
| Coal | 1.075 |

Lahore.—Sir Joginder Singh, Minister of Agriculture the Punjab and one of the sponsors of the Punjab Communal formula who is on a brief visit to Lahore met by invitation a number of Sikh leaders last evening when the prospects of the communal pact are said to have been discussed.—A. P.

London.—It is understood the will Sir John Ellerman proved provisionally to be over 17 million sterling consisting mainly cash and Government securities.—Reuter.

# SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

August 16th.

Kohinoor, Dyett, Rangoon.
Jelaveera, Beatson, Rangoon.

DEPARTURES.

August 16th.

White Fan, Hart, Port Said (for order.)
Pleioden, Forrest, Aroebay.
Jalarajan, McDonald, Calcutta.
Delhi, Abemeis, Karachi.

August 17th.

Sirsa, Walsh, Karachi.
City of Khios, Cory, Karachi.
India, Lauza, Genoa.

LOADING.

August 16th.

Steamer Cathey for Sydney.
Steamer City of Khios for Karachi.
Steamer Bamora for Busrah.

S S Kohinoor:—The T M Coy's steamer Kohinoor, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Rangoon with a general cargo.

S S White Fan:—The Messrs. Strauss Coy.'s steamer White Fan sailed on Wednesday for Port Said (for order) with a general cargo.

S S Pleioden:—The A P O Co's steamer Pleioden sailed on Wednesday for Arocbay, with ballast.

S S Jalarajan:—The Scindia S N Coy's steamer Jarajan, sailed on Wednesday for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S S Delhi:—The L Edward Ltd., steamer Delhi, sailed on Wednesday for Karachi, with same bottom cargo.

S S Sirsa:—The B I S N Coy.'s steamer Sirsa will sail to-day for Karachi with same bottom cargo.

S S City of Khios:—The K N Coy.'s steamer City of Khios will sail to-day for Karachi, with same bottom cargo.

S S India:—The M Italiana steamer India, will sail to-day for Genoa, with a general cargo.

S S Jalaveera:—The Scindia S N Coy's steamer Jalaveera, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon, with a general cargo.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, August 16.

S.S. Vita: Agents: M.M. & Co. from Busrah:—2157 bags barley, 156 bags beans, 80 bags hartuman, 101 bundles animal skins.

From Karachi:—289 bags gram, 485 bags jira, 22 bags almond seeds, 330 bales cotton raw, 46 kgs chemicals, 68 cases fish, 2460 bags wheat, 286 bags wheat flour.

S.S. Takliwa: Agents M.M. & Co., from Durban:—50 cases grape fruits, 1 box jewellery.

From Beira:—14000 bags sugar.

From Mozambique:—2670 bags cashewnuts.

From Dar-es-Salam:—203 bags gum.

From Zanzibar:—40 cases, orange peels, 17815 bales cloves.

From Mombassa:—151 bags sandalwood, 225 casks potatoes, 7798 bales cotton.

S.S. City of Khios; Agents K Nixon and Co., from Liverpool:—180 cases cottons, 90 cases cotton piecegoods, 25 cases cotton yarn, 240 cases solder, 117 cases machinery, 60 cases looms, 60 cases metal polish, 38 cases washing blue, 73 cases silk yarn, 275 cases broken tiles, 200 tons pig iron, 55 cases oil-cloth, 50 cases traps, 29 cases pans, 80 cases E'ware, 319 cases casings, 50 drums colour, 440 drums chemicals, 420 drums paints, 58 bundles wire, 200 cases glycerine, 3272 cases soap, 43 cases electric fans, 1600 cases tyres and tyre-covers, 45 cases wine, 200 bundles galvd. sheets, 258 bundles steel circles, 550 bundles steel middles, 25 cases cheese, 230 cases motor cars.

From Manchester:—180 cases cottons, 50 cases cotton piecegoods, 22 cases silk yarn.

From Port Said:—50 bales cotton.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

S.S. Durenda, for London:—27 bales animal skins, M Nissim; 10 bales woollen carpets, A Azizulla-off; 1300 bags linseed oil cakes, Swastika Oil Mills, Ltd; 75 casks condiments, D D Framji & Co.; 100 drums groundnut oil, H V Oomerbhoy; 1600 bags groundnut oil cakes, H A K Oomerbhoy; 1632 bags groundnut oil cakes and 660 bags linseed oil cakes, J Travers & Sons.

For Dunkirk:—770 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros; 110 bales cotton raw, B Mavji & Co.

For Hull:—100 drums groundnut oil, H A K Oomerbhoy; 728 bags myrabollam, P Mathradas & Co; 4667 bags groundnut oil cakes and 658 bags linseed oil cakes, J Travers and Sons; 1358 bags castor seed, Ralli Bros; 228 drums groundnut oil, Swastika Oil Mills, Ltd.

For Havre:—25 bales cottonfly, V P Maskai; 371 bags mustardseed, Volkart Bros; 2422 bags linseed, K Devchand & Co; 250 bales cotton raw, B Mavji & Co.

S.S. Tarantia; for Liverpool:—16 bales cotton thread waste, M Mafatlal & Co; 104 bales cotton thread waste, M Narottamdas & Co; 28 bales wool raw, Bombay Co.

For Manchester:—25 bales cotton thread waste, M Narottamdas & Co.

S.S. City of Rangoon, for Liverpool:—155 bags groundnuts, M Bhuta & Co; 80 bags kardi seed, M Bhuta & Co; 640 bags myrabolam, E A R & T Co. Ltd; 69 bales wool raw, Cox & Kings, Ltd.

For Manchester:—187 bales cotton raw, O Suleman & Co.

For Marseilles:—49 bags cashew kernals, S B Torney.

For Jaffa:—17 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.

For Beyrouth:—28 bales cotton yarn, A H Diab.

For Famagosta:—10 bales cotton yarn, A H Diab.

For Alexandretta:—34 bales cotton yarn, A H Diab.

S.S. Kepwick-Hall, for Antwerp:—40 bales hemp, Grahams Tdg. Co. Ltd; 141 bales hemp, D Anand ji; 26 bales wool raw, Ralli Bros; 2800 bags groundnut oil cakes, Strauss & Co; 250 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Rotterdam:—700 bags linseed oil cakes, H V Oomerbhoy; 1280 bags groundnut oil cakes, D Jeewandas.

S.S. Cathay, for Melbourne:—200 bales cotton raw, C & Thackersey Ltd.

S.S. C|o Bristol, for Dunkirk:—110 bales cotton raw, K M Nathoo.

For Antwerp:—5990 bags linseed L Dreyfuss & Co.

S.S. Crown of Galicia, for Port Said:—11980 bags linseed, L Dreyfus & Co.

S.S. London Maru, for Dairen;—400 bales cotton raw, T M Kaisha, Ltd.

# SHANGHAI COTTON

### Strenuous Efforts Of Bears

SHANGHAI, July 21.

(By Mail)

The following is the Weekly Cotton Market report of Chinese Cotton issued by Messrs. J Spent & Co.

The dominant feature of our market during the past week has been the marked steadiness in prices on the local stable with an evolving firmness being displayed whenever any demand arose for the better grades, although actual business done on same may be said not to have been on a great scale. While the new crop position has had a decidedly weakish inclination by reason of the favourable weather conditions as well as by the prospective heavy arrivals of the American fibre which is being, shipped against the fifty million dollar loan to the Chinese Government, the July cotton in the Cotton Goods Exchange manifested a smewhat firmer aspect at the close, irrespective of the strenuous efforts on the part of the Bears to tender as much as possible to bring about a depression. That there should have been so much resistance to the machinations of the Bears coupled with the very heavy decline registered at the close in the American markets, only points to the shortage in the domestic staple which may now be set down as an established fact.

The reaction recently registered in the American markets does not appear to have affected the local market to any extent in that such may be said to be offset by the decline in the silver exchange rates. The Bulls of the July/August position continue to maintain their strong attitude being encouraged by the inadequacy of supplies of the raw material in the local mills, the comparatively higher rates in the values of the imported fibre and the distant period before any idea can be formulated of the dimension of the new season crop all of which factors may be reasonably assumed as indicating in the near future if not to higher levels at least to no appreciable retrogressiveness.

YARN

Our market during the past week has shown no improvement whatsoever due to the continued meagre demand from the interior marts and prices ruled easier, registering a decline of about three dollars per bale for the near months. Until some definite and potential method can be devised to reduce the stocks and particularly those stocks stored in the warehouse of the Cotton Goods Exchange there seems to be little hope, for the time being, for any material improvement to materialize in the yarn situation.

SHANGHAI MARKET

| | dollars. |
|---|---|
| Shanghai Spot ex-mill | 46.00 |
| Shensi, No. 1. Spot ex-mill | 43.50 |
| Shensi ordinary, spot ex-mill | 47.50 |
| Lingpao, spot ex-mill | 54.00 |
| Ningpo, spot ex-wharf | 44.00 |
| Shensi No. 1 Oct/Nov. ex-mill | 46.00 |
| Tungchow, Oct/Nov ex-mill | 45.50 |

Tone of the Market—Steady.—A.P.

# MONSOON STRONG IN UPPER BURMA

### Thunder Showers Continue In S. E. Madras

POONA, Aug. 16.

The monsoon has been strong in Upper Burma, Assam and East and North Bengal and generally weak elsewhere. Fairly widespread thundershowers are reported from South-east Madras and Mysore. The rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, East United Provinces, West Rajputana and Konkan and local in Burma, Bengal, Bihar, West United Provinces, East Central India, Kashmir, North-West Frontier Province, Mysore and South-east Madras, while a few falls have occurred in Orissa, West Central India, East Central Provinces, East Rajputana, the Punjab Hills, Malabar and Madras Deccan.

CHIEF AMOUNTS OF RAINFALL.

Myitkyina two inches; Toungoo and Bhamo one and a half; Kyaukpyu and Akyab one, Cherrapunji seven; Dibrugarh, Cox's Bazar and Jalpaiguri two; Dhubri and Mymensingh one and a half; Silchar, Chittagong, Shillong, Darjeeling and Darbhanga one; Bogra and Chandbali a half; Dehra Dun one; Mukteswar and Bareilly three-quarters; Lucknow a half; Mount Abu one and a half; Cherat threequarters; Parachinar a half; Salem two; Mahabaleshwar one and a half, Mangalore one; Pamban and Trichinopoly threequarters; Marmagao, Mercara and Khandala a half; Bangalore, Madura, Vellore and Kodaikanal a quarter.

Forecast:—The monsoon will continue strong in Upper Burma, Assam and East Bengal and the rainfall will increase in South Madras.—A.P.

BOMBAY CITY RAINFALL.

Bombay, August 16.

Rainfall during 24 hours 8 a.m. of date 16|8|33 at Colaba Pt. 0.01"; Fort 0.15"; J.J. Hospital 0.06" and Cotton Laboratory, Matunga 0.00".

Total since 1st June to date at Colaba Pt. 41.32; Fort 65.70; J.J. Hospital 48.00 and Cotton Laboratory, Matunga 43.76.

Total for the corresponding period of 1932 at Colaba Pt. 51.94; Fort 59.44; J.J. Hospital 55.97.

Total for the corresponding period of 1931 at Colaba Pt. 72.36 Fort 79.99; J.J. Hospital 73.58.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Bombay, August 16.

Following is the summary of meteorological observations during 24 hours, ending 8 a.m. of 16|8|33:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —00.9 inches.

Temperature dry bulb at 8 a.m. 80.2 degrees and wet bulb 76.4 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 85.2 degrees (0.3 above normal). Minimum 78.3 deg. (2.5 above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 83 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N-W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 21 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 148 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 28 miles p.h.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq: 10)" 10.

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.01".

Total rainfall during the month 16.90" and year 44.17".

Weather Remarks: Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING.

Bombay, August 16.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.3 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea-level would actually read 29.98 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.78 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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# INDIFFERENT TRADE & SPECULATIVE SUPPORT

## Southern Hedge Selling Depress Cotton Prices

## WHEAT SITUATION DISCOURAGES BUYERS

## Weather Favourable But Operators Await Government Policy & Programme

Bombay, August 16.

The New York Cotton Futures Market was weakest on general selling influenced by favourable crop conditions and Southern selling.

Sharp decline in Chicago Wheat owing to removal of minimum prices helped the decline in cotton prices. In the meantime professional operators are keenly awaiting Government policy and programme regarding inflation. At the moment the Government is facing some difficulties with regard to various new measures, but one must not forget that the abandonment of Gold Standard by U.S.A. was a voluntary action intended to improve the internal economic condition by raising commodities prices. Everything is set at work to drag the States out of the mire and with active co-operation, there has been considerable improvement both in industry and prices. The country knows that if President Roosevelt fails the consequences may prove to be of the gravest character. However, the wholesale purging of commodity has created some nervousness, but the technical situation has greatly improved. As a matter of fact, wild speculation needed a check to readjust prices and incomes.

NEW YORK EXCHANGE.

The New York Cotton Market opened at a decline of 4 points, but under trade buying prices advanced 11 points from the opening level. This was the highest level of the day and later on prices kept on declining throughout the day on hedge selling. The market closed at about the lowest level of the day and closed at a net decline of 20 to 15 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 15 pts. at 8.85c.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

The New Orleans Cotton Futures Market was easy and closed at a decline of 27 to 26 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 27 points at 8.68c.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton Futures Market opened at a decline of 11 points. Prices declined early on scattered selling, but later there was fair amount of trade calling and London buying. The market appears to have been sold out. Later speculative buying reacted at the close on weaker New York. The market closed at a decline of 5 to 6 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices declined 5 pts. at 5.57d. per lb.

INDIAN & EGYPTIANS.

East Indian Cotton Futures declined 5 pts. and Egyptian Cotton Futures closed at a loss of 9 to 5 points.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON.

The Alexandria Cotton Futures Market was quiet and closed irregular at a decline of 13 points to a rise of 5 points.

STABILISATION OF PRICES.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co., state:—

Despite less favourable weather in the Central Belt prices eased further on Southern selling due to indifferent trade and speculative support. According to the latest cables from Geneva, a wheat conference has been called culture has made an arrange- Wallace, the Secretary for Agriment threatening the subsidies to culture, has made an announce- exporters should an agreement not be reached on the restriction scheme by the 24th inst.

It is generally believed any favourable developments in wheat will help cotton.

As stated yesterday, our information from a Wall Street source is that the American Government is contemplating definite action next week in view of the intense pressure being brought to induce Government to stabilise farm prices. Reliable opinions in Wall St. indicate that should President Roosevelt fail to stabilise commodity prices, all confidence in his economic measures will be lost, and it is anticipated he will very shortly take speedy steps to circumvent this.

PRIVATE CABLES

New York October highest 9.17 +.07 up at 10-21 a.m. lowest 9.00—20 down at 3 p.m.

Messrs Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

Their Liverpool Agents cabled as under:—

8-58 a.m.: Heavy rains in Oklahoma and Arkansas.

The daily official U. S. Government forecast:

Entire belt partly cloudy.

11-43 a.m.: Liverpool market improved on execution of limit orders, and important buying account Bombay.

8-55 p.m.: U S A Mills Consumption for July 600,000 bales (against 695,000 for June 1933; and 279,000 for July 1932).

New York market affected by situation grains, for which minimum price will be removed tomorrow; therefore market expected to go lower temporarily.

Another of their Liverpool friends cabled:—

"Expect a temporary decline. Advise liquidating longs."

New York December highest 9.33 at 10-9 a.m. lowest 9.10 at 2-58 p.m.

Messrs Chunilal Mehta & Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool: Market displayed firmer tone owing to some fresh buying on reaction theory and easier Sterling but Dollar appreciation bearish factor New York.

Liverpool: Market has a better undertone owing to liquidation apparently over. The Census Bureau estimates the consumption of American cotton during last month in the U S A at 6,00,000 bales. The figures are somewhat above expectations. Our opinion is that the chances are in favour of a reaction.

New York: Subject to further stale long liquidation and southern selling, demand restricted pending outcome various Government policies.

New York: Weather continues favourable. Hedge selling large. activity. Trade interests and Dry goods market showing less about as expected. Declining Government are buying futures.

New York: Consumption report tendency influenced by support beig withdrawn by speculative interests. Dry goods reports discoraging in consequence of tax. Mill stocks are heavy and may check demand Market may be lower if crop accounts continue favourable and unless inflation increased.

Messrs Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cables:—

Liverpool: Winnipeg fixed minimum prices based on last nights close until further notice.

Liverpool: General uncertainty restricting business with no offtake hedge selling, think bureau discounts possible Bearish weather conditions, position appears well liquidated.

New York: Do not consider present prices high, movement increasing no speculation.

New York: Government announce recreck shows 794 thousand bales held collateral against seed loans of which 173 released sale against latter 145 futures purchased.

New York: Liquidation continuing, hedge selling, poor support indications seem to favour a further decline.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Aug. 15.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| October 1933 | .... | 8.90—.20 |
| December 1933 | .... | 9.10—.21 |
| January 1934 | .... | 9.16—.19 |
| March 1934 | .... | 9.32—.19 |
| May 1934 | .... | 9.46—.16 |
| Middling Spot | .... | 8.85—.15 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Aug. 15.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| October | .... | 8.78—.27 |
| December | .... | 9.00—.26 |
| Middling Spot | .... | 8.68—.27 |

NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 15.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| New York, 10-55 a.m.:— | | |
| October | ..... | 9.08 |
| December | ..... | 9.28 |
| New York Noon Call:— | | |
| October | ..... | 9.05 |
| December | ..... | 9.25 |

WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

EAST:—Partly cloudy with showers except Florida where conditions generally fair.

WEST:—Partly cloudy and unsettled with showers.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

SAKELS

Alexandria. Aug. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Nov. | 13.85—13 |
| Jan. | 14.27—08 |
| March | 14.68—07 |

ASH.

| | |
|---|---|
| Aug. | 11.77 +.02 |
| Oct. | 11.53+.03 |
| Dec. | 11.65+.05 |

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

| F. P. Bales | 1933-34 | 1932-33 |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts to date 15-8-33 | 158000 | 151000 |
| Receipts Yesterday 15-8-33 | 19000 | 15000 |
| Exports to date 15-8-33 | 265000 | 203000 |
| Stock at Ports 11-8-33 | 2965000 | 3344000 |
| Stock Interior Towns 11-8-33 | 1151000 | 1313000 |
| Stock Liverpool 11-8-33 | 828000 | 752000 |
| Visible Supply 11-8-33 | 6378000 | 6667000 |
| Quantity in Sight 11-8-33 | 200000 | 131000 |
| Quantity out of Sight 11-8-33 | 366000 | 267000 |

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Aug. 15.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| SAKELLARIDIS: | | |
| October 1933 | .... | 7.20 |
| November 1933 | .... | 7.26 |
| January 1934 | .... | 7.35 |
| March 1934 | .... | 7.43 |
| May 1934 | .... | 7.51 |
| June 1934 | .... | 7.59 |
| F.G.F. Spot | .... | 7.59 |

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Aug. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| BROACH:— | |
| Fully Good (Good Staple) | 4.61 |
| Fine (Good Staple) | 4.76 |
| Superfine (Good Staple) | 4.91 |
| OOMRA:— | |
| Good (No. 1 Staple) | 4.70 |
| Fine (No. 1 Staple) | 4.85 |
| Choice (No. 1 Staple) | 5.00 |
| BENGAL:— | |
| Good ..... | 3.59 |
| Fine ..... | 3.69 |
| Superfine ..... | 3.79 |
| SCINDE:— | |
| Good ..... | 3.69 |
| Fine ..... | 3.79 |
| Superfine ..... | 3.89 |

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Aug. 15.

| | 10-10 a.m. Quotations | To-day's Closing. |
|---|---|---|
| August 1933 | .... | 5.36—.05 |
| September 1933 | .... | 5.35—.05 |
| October 1933 | 5.31 | 5.37—.05 |
| November 1933 | .... | 5.38—.05 |
| December 1933 | .... | 5.40—.06 |
| January 1934 | 5.37 | 5.42—.06 |
| February 1934 | .... | 5.44—.06 |
| March 1934 | .... | 5.46—.06 |
| April 1934 | .... | 5.48—.05 |
| May 1934 | .... | 5.50—.05 |
| June 1934 | .... | 5.51—.05 |
| July 1934 | .... | 5.53—.05 |
| Augus 1934 | .... | 5.54—.05 |
| Middling Spot | .... | 5.57—.05 |

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool. Aug. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| October | 61 3/4d |
| December | 63 7/8d |
| March | 65 5/8d |

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Aug. 15.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports ..... | 19,000 |
| Day's Exports to Great Britain ..... | 1,000 |
| Day's Exports to the Continent ..... | 14,000 |

COFFEE: NEW YORK MARKET

New York, Aug. 15.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot:—8-1|4

LINSEED.

London, Aug. 15.

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton: Aug.|Sept. sellers £11-8-9.

Linseed La Plata c.i.f. Hull ton: Aug.|Sept. sellers £10-12-6.

Linseed Bombay (London) ton: Aug.|Sept. sellers £11-18-9

SEEDS.

London, Aug. 15.

Cottonseed Bombay (Hull) c.i.f ton:—No offers.

Castorseed Bombay (Hull) c.i.f ton:—Aug|Sept. sellers £10-10-0.

Rapeseed Toria Hull|Continent ton:—Aug|Sept. sellers £10-7-6

LONDON METAL.

London, Aug. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Copper Braziers | £ 49 |
| Yellow Metal | £ 40-1-9 |
| Spelter hard Indian Brands | £ 16-3|8 |
| Corrugated Sheets 24 | £ 15-1|4 |
| Tin English Ingots | £215 |

## GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Aug. 16.

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS

| | |
|---|---|
| 3-1|2 p.c| G.P.N Sett | 84-15 |
| 3½ per cent G P N Cash | 84-12 |
| 4 per cent 1960|70 Sett | 97-13 |
| 4 per cent 1960|70 Cash | 97-14 |
| 5 per cent 1945|55 Sett | 112-14 |
| 5 per cent 1945|55 Cash | 112-15 |
| TAXFREES. | |
| 5 per cent 1955 Mysore | 112-0 |
| 5½ per cent 1938 Mysore | 109-0 |
| 6-1|2 p.c. 1935 B D L | 107-14 |
| 3½ per cent 1947/50 Cash | 94-11 |
| 4 per cent 1934/37 Cash | 101-12 |
| 4 per cent 1943 Cash | 101-14 |
| 4½ per cent 1934 Cash | 102-6 |
| 4-1|2 p.c| 1955-60 Cash | 105-6 |
| 5 per cent 1939/44 Cash | 106-11 |
| 5 per cent 1940/43 Cash | 106-14 |
| 5 per cent 1935 Cash | 104-8 |
| 5½ per cent 1938/40 Cash | 107-15 |
| 6½ per cent 1935 T B Cash | 107-8 |
| CORPORATION LOANS (Taxable) | |
| 4 per cent B P T 1974 | 93-4 |
| 4 per cent M Deb 1974 | 92-4 |
| 5 per cent M Deb 1959 | 106-0 |
| 6 per cent M Deb 1954 | 116-0 |
| 6 per cent K P T 1956 | 115-8 |
| 6½ per cent B I T 1937 | 107-10 |

## GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Aug. 16.

The local silver and gold markets ruled very steady on improved buying to-day. Bhadarva silver opened at Rs. 55/3 and after declining to Rs. 55/2 advanced to Rs. 55/6 on short covering and general buying. Gold Bhadarva delivery opened at Rs. 30-14-0 and advanced to Rs. 30-15-6 on increased buying. There was scarcity of contracts.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready Silver | 55 | 1 | 0 |
| Bhadarva | 55 | 6 | 0 |
| Tejimandi | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Aso | 55 | 12 | 0 |
| Teji mandi | 1 | 11 | 0 |
| Gold Ready | 30 | 15 | 0 |
| Bhadarva | 30 | 15 | 6 |
| Teji mandi | 0 | 4 | 6 |
| Aso | 30 | 15 | 9 |
| Teji mandi | 0 | 8 | 6 |

## NEW YORK SILVER

New York Aug. 15.

Spot Silver 35 3/8—1/4c

September 35.40—30c

Tone—Steady.

LONDON SILVER.

London, Aug. 15.

Silver:—Market quietly steady.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot ..... | 17-3|4 |
| Forward ..... | 17-7|8 |

LONDON GOLD.

London, Aug. 15.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £6-4-10

## SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai, August 16.

T.T. ON LONDON:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous close ..... | 1.2-3|4 |
| To-day's opening .... | 1.2-13|16 |
| To-day's closing .... | 1|2-13|16 |
| Difference ..... | +1|16 |

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Aug 15.

T.T. London on:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Berlin ..... | 13.84-1|2 |
| Amsterdam .... | 8.17-1|2 |
| Brussels ..... | 23.65 |
| Madrid ..... | 39.51 |
| Milan ..... | 62.75 |
| Berne ..... | 17.09-1|2 |
| Paris ..... | 84.28 |
| Prague ..... | 111.37 |
| New York ..... | 4.42-1|8 |

LONDON DISCONTS RATES.

London, Aug. 15.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0-7|16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 0-11|16 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1|2 per cent to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 0-1|4 per cent.

Interest 7 Days' market Loan 0-1|4 per cent.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Aug. 15.

Smoked Sheets Standard Ribbed lb. Spot: Sellers 3-27|32

JAVA SUGAR: LONDON MARKET

London, Aug. 15.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C & F Calcutta: Aug|Sept. sellers per cwt. 7|10-1|2

C and F Bombay:—

Aug|Sept. sellers per cwt. 7|10-1|2

C and F Karachi:—

Aug|Sept. sellers per cwt. 7|10-1|2

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Aug. 15.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe, Parcels:—Aug.|Sept. paid 22|9.

Wheat Barletta Russo, Parcels, Aug.|Sept. sellers 22|9.

Wheat South Australian, Parcels:—Aug|Sept. sellers 25|9.

## BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, August 16.

In sympathy with a further decline of 20 points in New York Futures, the Local Market opened at Rs. 199|8 for Broach A|M. delivery and declined to Rs. 198|14 on scattered selling. The offerings were soon absorbed and the market displayed good undertone. There was general buying as a result of decided change in the local sentiment. The decline is overdone and long liquidation is over. The crop has suffered considerably and the market believes it risky to remain short at the present low level. There is a belief for an upward reaction and in the absence of offerings, the market shows good rallying power.

Liverpool market opened steady at a decline of 6 points. There was absence of selling and with continued good demand prices advanced to Rs. 202 and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

| | Rs. as. |
|---|---|
| Broach J.-A. | 181 8 |
| Broach A.-M. | 201 8 |
| Oomra D.-J. | 172 8 |
| Bengal D.-J. | 145 12 |

COTTON TENDERS.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

| | To-day | Total |
|---|---|---|
| Broach J/A | 200 | 25,000 |

ROOM RATES.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Superfine | 186 |
| Fine | 183 |
| Fully Good | 180 |
| Good | 177 |

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bengal Superfine | 151 |
| Bengal Fine | 148 |
| Bengal F. G. | 145 |
| Sindh-Punjab Fine | 148 |
| Sindh-Punjab F. G. | 145 |
| Wardha-Hingt Fine | 178/80 |
| Nagpur Savner Fine | 178/80 |
| Yeotmal Fine | 174 |
| Arvi Fine | 175 |
| Ellichpur Fine | 174 |
| Amraoti-Berar Fine | 170 |
| Khamgaon Fine | 170 |
| Mulkapur Fine | 162 |
| Khandesh Fine | 158 |
| Muthia F. G. | 140 |
| Jalna-Sallu F. G. | 160 |
| Burwah Sanavad F. G. | 170 |
| Ujjain-Shujauljur F. G. | 170 |
| Broach F. G. | 182/83 |
| Punjab-American | 195 |
| Punjab-American mix | 180 |
| Cambodia | 240/45 |
| Miraj-Sangli | 180/85 |
| Compta Good | 185 |
| Bagalkot | 170/75 |
| Busoga | 318 |
| Kampala | 322 |

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD.

The following rates prevailed in the Market on 16th day of August, 1933:—

BROACH FULLY GOOD QUALITY.

VAIDAS.

| | April-May. 1934. | July-Aug. 1933. |
|---|---|---|
| (B. T.) | Rs. | Rs. |
| 10-30 | 199/8 | 179/8 |
| 12-30 | 201/0 | 181/0 |
| 2-30 | 201/8 | 181/8 |
| 4-30 | 201/8 | 181/8 |
| 5-30 | 203/0 | 183/0 |
| | April-May. | July-Aug. |
| Highest | 203/0 | 183/0 |
| Lowest | 198/8 | 178/8 |

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

| | Extra Spr-fine | Sup. | Sup. Fine | F. G. Good. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| M. G. Bengal U. P. | 147 | 144 | 141 | 138 |
| M. G. Panjab | 147 | 144 | 141 | 138 |
| M. G. Rajputuana | 147 | 144 | 141 | 138 |
| M. G Oomra No. 3 | 175 | 173 | 171 | 168 |
| M. G Oomra No. 1 | 182 | 180 | 178 | 175 |
| M. G Oomra No. 2 | 178 | 176 | 174 | 171 |
| M. G. Broach No. 2 | 184 | 182 | 180 | 178 |
| M. G. Punjab-Ame | 193 | 191 | 189 | 187 |
| M. G. Surat | 234 | 232 | 230 | 228 |
| M. G. Rajpipla | 234 | 232 | 230 | 228 |
| F. G. Navsari | 244 | 242 | 240 | 238 |

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

| In full-pressed Bales. | Yesterday. | Since 1st Sept. This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | —— | 219,613 |
| Central India | 211 | 207,472 |
| Barsi and Nagar | 45 | 133,766 |
| Hyderabad-Gaorani | —— | 55,681 |
| Berar | 49 | 470,084 |
| Central Provinces | —— | 136,164 |
| Total Oomras | 305 | 1,222,780 |
| Dholera | —— | 296,085 |
| N.-W. Provinces | —— | 8,155 |
| Rajputana | —— | 84,304 |
| Sind-Punjab | —— | 106,718 |
| Broach | —— | 327,729 |
| Coompta & Dharwar | —— | 92,006 |
| Western Districts | 205 | 75,064 |
| Cocoanada | —— | 13 |
| Tinnevelly and Cambodia | 210 | 59,311 |
| Persian | —— | 7,427 |
| American | —— | 75,196 |
| Egyptian & African | —— | 152,361 |
| Comilla, Burma and other sorts | —— | 188 |
| Total | 720 | 2,505,357 |

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

| In full-pressed Bales. | 1st Sept. to 10th Aug. Yesterday. | This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | 1,292 | 404,159 |
| Japan & China | 1,171 | 1,179,188 |
| Coast Ports | 200 | 28,830 |
| Up-country by Rail | —— | 133,271 |
| Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan | —— | 14,528 |
| Total | 2,663 | 1,759,976 |

LINSEED OILS.

London, Aug. 15.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt August sellers 20|4-1|2.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Jan.|April paid 21|3.

## BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

## Prices Steady On Scattered Buying

### TATA STEEL SHARES IN REQUEST

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Owing to the annual general meeting of the members of the Brokers' Association, the market opened to-day at 2 p.m. There was scattered buying and the market displayed good undertone. Improvement in raw cotton prices influenced some buying. Mill shares were steady with Dyeings Rs. 774-6, Fazal Rs. 291-4, Pearls 193-12. Tata Steel Ordinary shares were also steady, Ordinary were quoted at Rs. 54-6, Second Preference Rs. 96-12 and Defds. at Rs. 192-8. Other Industrial shares were also steady with a moderate enquiry.

There was particularly good enquiry for Pearl and New Great shares which registered a rise of Rs. 7-8.

Bombay Dyeings closed at Rs. 777/8. Fazuls opened at Rs. 287/8 and finished at Rs. 293/2. Pearls started at Rs. 174/6 touched Rs. 180 and closed at Rs. 178/12. New Greats were most active and gained Rs. 15 the close being Rs. 163/2. Swadeshis finished at Rs. 251/14 and Kohinoors were steady at Rs. 158/2. Andhras opened at Rs. 1,471/4 and finished at Rs. 1,477/8. Powers were very active and firmed up to Rs. 1,040 after opening at Rs. 1.027/8. Hydros closed at Rs. 161/14, Indians rose to Rs. 202/8 and Shahabads were steady at Rs. 277/8. Bombay Burmas were steady at Rs. 383/2. Belapure spurted to Rs. 195 on the same being included in the forward list. Tata Steel ordys. rose to 54/12 and deferreds found buyers at Rs. 195.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Aug. 15.

Bom. Dying 770, 75, 73, 76-14.
Century 225, 27, 29.
Central India 322, 23-2.
Colaba 86, 89.
Crescent 57.
Fazulbhoy 390, 89, 93.
Kohineer 155, 56, 58.
New Great 153, 58, 63.
Pearl 170, 13, 77, 78.
Simplex 80, 81-14.
Swadeshi 250, 51-14.
Bundi 26-4, 6.
I. Cement 288, 92.
T. Steel Dfd. 193, 95, 96.
T. Steel Ord. 53-12, 54-6, 8, 12.
B. Steam 183-2.
B. Burma 389, 83.
Tata Hydro 160, 61-14.
Andhra 1468, 72, 76, 77.
Tram. Ord. 738-12, 39-6.

| | |
|---|---|
| TEXTILE SECTION | |
| Ahmedabad Advance | 336-4 |
| Bombay Dyeing | 776-14 |
| Century | 229-6 |
| Central India | 323-2 |
| Colaba Land | 89-6 |
| Crescent | 48-12 |
| Dawn | 470-0 |
| Ebrahim Pabaney | 95-0 |
| Finlay | 100-0 |
| Fazulbhoy | 293-2 |
| Gokak | 121/14 |
| Hindustan | 1905-0 |
| Indian Mfg. | 1,695-0 |
| Indian Bleaching | 132-8 |
| Indore Malwa | 348-12 |
| Kastoorchand | 6-0 |
| Khatau | 72-8 |
| Kohinoor | 154-12 |
| Lakshmi | 845-0 |
| Morarjee | 490-0 |
| Model Nagpore | 60-0 |
| Mysore | 98-2 |
| New Great | 163-2 |
| Osmanshahi Mills | 111 |
| Pearl | 178-12 |
| Phoenix | 336-4 |
| Sholapur | 3225-0 |
| Sassoon Silk | 48-12 |
| Swan | 70-10 |
| Simplex | 81-14 |
| Swadeshi | 251-14 |
| Tata Mills | 30-4 |
| Vishnu Mills | 1,587-8 |
| BANK SECTION | |
| Bank of India | 103-0 |
| Baroda Bank | 89-0 |
| Bombay Provincial | 51-0 |
| Central Bank | 22-8 X.D. |
| Imperial F. P. | 1,205-0 |
| Imperial P P | 296-4 |
| Union Bank | 4-7 |
| HYDRO ELECTRIC SECTION. | |
| Ahmedabad Electric | 150-0 |
| Andhra Valley ordy | 1477-8 |
| Bombay Tram Ordy. | 139-6 |
| Broach Electric | 12-0 |
| Karachi Electric | 185-0 |
| Surat Electric | 167-8 |
| Suburban Electric | 131-4 |
| Tata Hydro Ordy. | 161-14 |
| Tata Power Ordy. | 1,041-4 |
| CEMENT SECTION | |
| Bundi Cement | 26-6 |
| Gwallor Cement | 80 |
| Indian Cement | 292-8 |
| Katni Cement Ordy. | 293-2 |
| Katni Cement def | 1090-0 |
| Okha Cement | 117-8 |
| Punjab Cement Ordy. | 15-6 |
| Shahabad Cement | 279-6 |
| Shivrajpore | 18-4 |
| United Cements | 64-8 |

| | |
|---|---|
| PREFERENCE SHARES | |
| Andhra Valley pref. | 1235 |
| Bombay Steam pref | 272-8 |
| Bombay Tram pref. | 74-8 |
| Central India pref. | 507/8 |
| Katni 1st pref | 115-0 |
| Katni 2nd pref | 132-8 |
| Punjab Cement pref | 14-1 |
| Tata Hydro pref | 125-10 |
| Tata I & S 1st pref | 160-10 |
| Tata I & S 2nd pref. | 97-8 |
| Tota Power pref. | 1305 |
| Vishnu pref | 532-8 |
| DEBENTURES | |
| 6 per cent Andhra Valley Deb | 108-4 |
| 6½ per cent Bombay Tel Deb | 56-4 |
| 7 per cent Sholapur Deb | 96-10 |
| 6 per cent Tata Hydro Deb | 108-10 |
| RAILWAY SECTION | |
| Ahmedabad Prantej | 802-6 |
| Amritsar Patti Old | 112-0 |
| Central Provinces | 81/4 |
| Dhond Baramati | 81-4 |
| Guzerat | 60-0 |
| Hoshiarpur Doab | 85-0 |
| Larkhana | 81-0 |
| Mandra Bhon | 75-0 |
| Mymensing Rebate | 82-8 |
| Mymensing Gtd | 82-0 |
| Pachora Jammer | 62-0 |
| Sara Sirajgunj | 82-8 |
| Sialkot Narowal | 92-4 |
| Sind Light | 50-10 |
| Tapty Valley | 702-8 |
| Upper Sind Light | 87-0 |
| MISCELLANEOUS SECTION | |
| Alcock Ashdown | 213-12 |
| Br. Burma Petrol | 2-13 |
| Bombay Burma Old | 383-12 |
| Bombay Burma New | 130 |
| Bombay Steamer | 283-12 |
| Bombay Telephone | 87 |
| Belapur Sugar | 196-4 |
| Indian Radio ordy | 472-8 |
| Indian Radio def. | 512-8 |
| Indian Mercantile | 42-4 |
| McKenzies | 59-0 |
| New India Assurance | 25-4 |
| Jupiter Insurance | 11-4 |
| Oriental Insurance | 3030-0 |
| Vulcan Insurance | 7-4 |
| Port Canning | 662-8 |
| Scindia Steam | 10-12 |
| Tata Construction | 62-8 |
| Tata I & S Ordy. | 54-12 |
| Tata I & S def. | 196-10 |
| Tata Oil | 20/12 |

## HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Aug. 15.

Broach July/A. Op. 180; Highest 183 1/2; Lowest 179; Closing 182 1/4

Broach A/May Op. 198; Highest 202 3/4; Lowest 197 1/4; Closing 202.

Oomra D/J. Op. 168; Highest 173; Lowest 168; Closing 172 3/4

Bengal D/J. Op. 142; Highest 146; Lowest 142; Closing 145 1/2.

## COTTON STRADDLES

Approximate Differences.

New-York Liverpool:—October 164 Jany. 148 March 140.

Bombay-Liverpool:—Broach A/May 198—Liverpool May 5-40 Rs. 37 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay-New York:—Broach A/May 198—New York May 9-46 Rs. 40 1/2 at 4.41 3/8 Cross Rate.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

Chicago, Aug. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| September | 0.92 1/8c. |
| December | 0.95 3/4c. |
| May | 0.99 7/8c. |

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# The Bombay Chronicle

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J2

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1933

# *Roosevelt's Recovery Drive*

## Wages And Hours' Wrangle Handicaps It

### Old Boys Must Go To School To Relieve Unemployment

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.

**The National recovery administration's drive to restore prosperity in the United States has entered the second stage. Government are beset with increasing difficulties. For example, the basic industries of oil, iron and steel and coal are still wrangling over codes of hours and wages.**

**President Roosevelt is making every effort to co-ordinate the contending forces through the Supreme Recovery Council.**

**The measures discussed include a proposal that half a million boys and girls who had recently left the school should return, so as to relieve the unemployment situation.**

**Meanwhile 60,000 employees in the dress-making trade at New York, New Jersey and Connecticut are threatening to go on strike for better wages and shorter hours. Reuter's Special.**

## *COMMODITY MARKETS LACK INTEREST*

### *Firm Undertone In Wall Street*

(Special Cable).

LONDON, August 15.

On the Stock Exchange to-day, gold minings remained firm, industrials showing improvement. Wheat sellers were more reserved in anticipation of the coming Conference at London, otherwise the commodity markets again lacked interest. Copper particularly showed weakening tendency owing to the speculative selling.

Wall Street presented a firmer undertone, but trading is still restricted.

## *BOUNTY TO COTTON FARMERS*

### *For Agreeing To Curtail Production*

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.

100,000,000 dollars will be paid to cotton planters and 90,000,000 to Grain Farmers who agreed to curtail production according to the announcement of Mr. Morgenthau, head of the Farm Credits Organisation. Planters will under-plough twenty-five to fifty per cent of crops now growing. Debts to Government for seed and production loans will not be deducted from this bounty.—Reuter.

## NO MONEY IN LOTTERIES

### "Most Expensive Way Of Raising Funds", Says Finance Member

CALCUTTA, Aug. 14.

"It was the considered opinion of the Government that it was wrong to raise money for public purposes by appealing to the gambling instinct of the people," said Mr. J. A. Woodhead, Finance Member, moving circulation, for eliciting public opinion, of the Bengal State Lotteries Bill, a non-official measure introduced today in the Bengal Council with the object of making adequate provision for improvement of public health, sanitation, hospitals, agriculture and industries.

MOST EXPENSIVE.

Mr. Woodhead thought that the system of raising money by lotteries was the most expensive way of doing so.

Members of the Council including Mr. W. H. Thompson, leader of the European group, supported the motion for circulation which was carried without division.

The House then adopted a motion for the circulation of a non-official Bill to amend the Calcutta Municipal Act of 1923, the object of which was to turn the plural constituencies into a single-seat constituency and to provide seats for nine representatives of labour in the Municipality.—A. P.

## *ADDRESS TO VICEROY*

MADRAS, Aug. 15.

The Madras Corporation adopted a resolution to present an address of welcome to His Excellency the Viceroy during his visit to Madras and Rs. 500 were voted for the purpose.—A.P.

## REFORMING URDU DRAMA

### Mrs. Sarojini Naidu Praises Hyderabad Move

(From A Correspondent.)

HPDERABAD (Dn.), Aug. 11.

"Amongst the cultured Urdu-knowing classes, women in delicate state of health and men with weak lungs should keep away from this show. Successive convulsions of laughter are bound to harm them," remarked a doctor, coming down the stairs of the Excelsior Theatre on Thursday night last.

This observation of a medical man does only partial justice to Mr. Fazlur Rahman's new social comedy, "Nai Roushni", (Modern Age) which was staged by the "Anjumane Tarakki-e-Drama," because wit and humour are not the only strong points of this play. The language, the psychological background and the freedom from the age-worn and conventional traditions of Urdu stage are its principal merits.

The drama was very well staged, both from the point of technique as well as its presentation. The actors, being all university students, naturally acquitted themselves very creditably.

MRS. NAIDU'S SPEECH.

At the conclusion of the drama Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, warmly complimented the dramatist as well as the actors for their respective shares in giving the audience so pleasant an evening. Urud poetry, said Mrs. Naidu, had had its birth in the Deccan. It was, therefore, in the fitness of things that Urdu drama, too, should owe its reform to Hyderabad, was now the cradle of that literature.

There was an old-standing prejudice that Hyderabad was incapable of doing big things. That notion should now disappear, considering the valuable contribution that Hyderabad was making in the shape of developing and enriching the Urdu literature.

Mrs. Naidu said, amidst loud applause, that she was proud that a "Mulki" had come forward to elevate the status of Urdu draam. Those who were in the habit of sneering at Hyderabadis, had better look out, warned Mrs. Naidu.

The audience was bubbling with patriotic emotions as this great Hyderabadi lady was exulting in the glory of her State.

## RESERVE BANK PROPOSALS

### London Paper Boosts It Up As "Symbol Of Great Achievement

### LINK WITH STERLING

**No Possibility Of Scheme Falling Through On Political Grounds, Says "Financial Times"**

LONDON, Aug. 16.

Long summaries of the Reserve Bank proposals are prominently published in London news papers.

"The Times" remarks that the document is of outstanding importance and marks yet another milestone on the road towards self-Government. It stresses the significance of the report for India's financial future and says that it should not be forgotten that the creation of a new Reserve Bank is the symbol of a great achievement—political unity of India—and that the maintenance of the Sterling standard through an independent central institution will be at once the ripest and the most logical development in the financial sphere of a general constitutional advance. It is therefore to be hoped from every viewpoint that the bill embodying this recommendation will receive speedy passage in the Assembly.

"The Financial Times", which points out that on technical side the proposals present probably the last word in central banking technique, thinks that there is little possibility of the scheme falling through like the 1928 scheme, on political grounds and adds that the proposed omission of any provision for a specific rupee redemption fund, makes it all the more necessary in the present state of uncertainty that the Bank's assets at the outset, should be secured by ample margin against all possible contingencies.—Reuter's Special.

## BRITISH TEXTILE DELEGATION

### To Arrive In India On September 14

LONDON, Aug. 15.

A delegation representing the British cotton textile industry will arrive in Bombay on September 14, to meet the representatives of the Government of India before the latter take the final decisions in regard to negotiations with the Japanese Government.

The Delegation will consist of Sir (William Clare Lees (Chairman), Mr. Hammersley, M.P. (Federation of Master Cotton Spinners' Association), Mr. R. Houghton and Mr. F. Longworth (Cotton Spinners and Manufacturers' Association), Mr. A. D. Campbell and Mr. E. R. Street (Manchester Chamber of Commerce).

The Delegation has telegraphed to the Bombay Millowners' Association suggesting discussions of all markets in which both the parties are interested.—Reuter.

## *START IN EARLY OCTOBER*

### *War Debts Discussions Between U. S. And Britain*

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.

The Secretary of State has announced that war debts discussions with Great Britain will probably begin, early in October.—Reuter.

## HITLER IN ACCIDENT

### Narrowly Escapes Death On Austro-Bavarian Frontier

### NO FOUL PLAY

**Chancellor's Adjutant Hurled Out Of Second Car & Receives Serious Injuries**

MUNICH, August 15.

Herr Hitler had a narrow escape while motoring on the Austro-Bavarian Frontier. The details have not been disclosed, but a serious accident befell the car immediately following Hitler's.

His Adjutant Brueckner was hurled out of the car and one of his arms was fractured. He was seriously injured internally and his recovery is doubtful.

Hitler's niece and sister were also injured.

## *NO SUGGESTION OF FOUL PLAY*

MUNICH, August 16.

There is no suggestion of foul play with regard to the motor accident mentioned earlier. H. Hitler's route was decided at the last moment, and it was impossible for his political enemies to know his whereabouts.—Reuter.

## *DROP IN NETHERLANDS BANK RATE*

### *Signifies Disappearance Of Artificial Conditions*

THE HAGUE, Aug. 15.

The Netherlands Bank discount rate has been reduced from three-and-half to three per cent. owing to easier money conditions signifying that artificial conditions of a month ago have disappeared.—Reuter.

## *SERIOUS AIR-CRASH*

### *One Aviator Killed And Another Injured*

SIMLA, Aug. 15.

A report has been received here of a serious aircrash in which Air Craftsman Castle was killed, and Ft. Lt. Slocombe slightly injured. The crash occurred between Kohat and Bannu yesterday at 8 p.m. owing to bad weather, while looking for a landing ground.

Slocombe has been admitted to hospital at Kohat. Both belong to the 27th Squadron Wapitis. The incident has nothing to do with air operations on the border.—A. P.

## *WOMEN CONVICTS ON HUNGER STRIKE*

### *Mitter States Reason In Bengal Council*

CALCUTTA, Aug 15

The Hon. Mr. P. C. Mitter replying to questions in the Bengal Council said that on May 2 three women convicted for terrorist outrages, Bina Das, Santi Ghosh and Suniti Choudhry went on hunger-strike. On May 4, few other female prisoners were induced to stop work and refuse to take food, but they resumed both on the following day. The other three women gave up hunger strike on May 9 after Bina Das had an interview with her father. The cause of the hunger strike on May 2 was stated to be the separation of division three from division two prisoners. Suniti Choudhry (Division three) who had been allowed to stay with Bina Das (Division two) was removed on May 1 after arrival of Santi Ghosh (Division two). On May 2, Division 3 Civil Disobedience prisoner was turned out from Bina's quarters by the wardress, in accordance with the rules. On May 4 a complaint was made that the conduct of a Muslim jailor with a Hindu matron was unbecoming. The complaint which was investigated three months ago was found to be baseless and on re-investigation it was again found to be without foundation.—A. P.

## HAVANA SENSATION

### Murder & Misappropriation Charges Against Ex-President Machado

### 5 COMRADES INVOLVED

**Inmates Of Prisons Wounded Following Outbreak OF Disorder Due To Protest**

HAVANA, Aug. 16.

Charges ranging from murder to misappropriation of public funds have been filed in a criminal court against ex-President Machado and five of his associates.

PRISONERS WOUNDED.

Several inmates of the Principe prison were wounded when guards and soldiers fired to restore order in consequence of an outbreak of disorder, following some prisoners protesting against being placed in cells with the followers of Machado.—Reuter.

## *O'DUFFY CANCELS CHURCH PARADES*

### *National Guard Will Meet In Closed Area Instead*

DUBLIN, August 15.

General O'Duffy has cancelled the Church Parades of the National Guard fixed for next Sunday, on the ground that the Ecclesiastical Law does not allow such parades in Church precincts.

Instead, every company of the National Guard will meet in a closed area at a time to be arranged by the local commander.—Reuter.

## CLEMENCY FOR BURMA REBELS

### Govt. Already Reviewed Over 1,100 Cases, Says Home Member

RANGOON, (By Mail.)

In the Burma Legislative Council U San Lu (Thayetmyo) asked: "Is the Government prepared to consider the advisability of reconsidering the sentences passed on some rebels? Has the Government reconsidered the case of some of rebels? If so please state (1) the number of cases reconsidered and (2) the nature of order passed on them?"

The Hon. Home Member: Government has been reviewing every case of rebels convicted by the Courts with a view to the grant of as much clemency as possible, and will continue to do so till all the cases are disposed of. Gut Government does not consider it necessary to form an Inquiry Committee to enquire into these cases. Government has already reviewed the cases of 1138 convicted rebels and the orders passed on them are 'inter alia' commutation of the death sentences reduction of sentences of imprisonment and conditional and unconditional releases. Government has already decided to review the remaining cases after periods ranging from two to twelve years.—A. P.

## *CHEMICAL EXAMINER CHARGED*

### *Alleged Submission Of False Report*

CALCUTTA, August 15.

The Court of Inquiry, consisting of Mr. T.J.Y. Roxburgh, District and Sessions Judge 24 Parganas, and Lt.-Col. R. N. Chopra, commenced public enquiry to-day at Alipore under the order of the Bengal Government, Local Self-Government Department, into certain allegations against Capt. Jitendrakumar Banerji, Assistant Chemical Examiner to the Bengal Government.

The charges against Capt. Banerji are that he submitted a "deliberately false report" as to the nature of stains on the clothing of a man named Hiralal Ahir or in the alternative that, he was guilty of gross and culpable negligence in the examination of it.

Ahir, it will be recalled, was recently tried at the High Court Criminal Sessions on a charge of murder in connection with the death of Sheikh Idu, during the last Corporation elections, but was acquitted.—A.P.

## WHEAT-EXPORTING COUNTRIES MEET IN LONDON

### Chicago Market Removes Minimum Price Peg, Fluctuation Of 5 Cents A Bushel Up And Down During Day Being Allowed

GENEVA, Aug 15

**The Secretary General of the League of Nations has invited 27 principal wheat exporting and importing countries to attend a conference in London, on 21st August.**

**Invitations have been issued at the request of Argentina, Australia, the United States and Canada; hence in the construed meaning, at least a provisional agreement has been reached by the Big Four.—Reuter's Special.**

### *U. S. TO REMOVE SURPLUS*

WASHINGTON Aug. 15.

Unless an international reduction of wheat production is secured the United States is prepared to subsidise exports in order to remove the surplus according to Mr. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture, who declared that the Unites States was ready to accept any "reasonable" plan for European co-operation, involving reduced production which would be satisfactory to Canada, Australia and Argentina.—Reuter's Special.

### *MINIMUM PRICE PEG REMOVED*

(Special Cable)

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.

Chicago grain market resumes on 16th August, with the minimum price pegs removed, the only restriction being the maximum of five cents a bushel fluctuation up or down during the day.

Mr. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture, previously stated the Administration would keep its hands off, and permit open market operations, but would strive in any other way to aid wheat farmers.

### *TEMPORARY PEGGING BY WINNIPEG*

WINNIPEG, Aug. 15.

Minimum prices for trading in grain futures, based on closing market of last night, were unanimously decided by the Grain Exchange, which means temporary pegging prices of wheat and coarse grains.

The decision is due to an avalanche of offerings by Chicago which depressed the price of wheat by twelve cents bushel. The pegging decision immediately raised the price of grain by three cents a bushel.

## SUKKUR HELPS HARIJANS

### Plans To Free Them From Clutches Of Money Lenders

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Aug. 13.

A Co-operative Housing Society for Harijans is about to be established in Karachi, as the result of the efforts of the Servants of Untouchables Society of Sind, and in accordance with the instructions of the General Board, a survey of the local Harijan population is being prepared.

A school for Harijans has been started at Tando Adam which has on its roll about 40 students. At Sukkur, the teaching of music to Harijan students has been introduced and the Municipality has sanctioned the grant of a plot for the construction of a school building for Harijans at a nominal annual rent.

In Sukkur, efforts have been further made to investigate the indebtedness of Harijans and a Society for the purpose of advancing loans to them with a view to free them from the clutches of money lenders has already been formed.

## *COMMUNICATION RESTORED*

JORHPUR, Aug. 16.

The District Traffic Superintendent wires as follows:—"Through communication between Bhavi and Bilara was restored to-day.—A. P.

## *AIR MAIL ARRIVAL*

KARACHI, Aug. 16.

The Calcutta Air-mail arrived at 9-53 a.m.

The outward air-mail left at 10-30 a.m. with four passengers and 1,190 pounds of mails.—A. P.

## RLY. GUARD'S HOUSE BURGLED

### Culprit Sneaks In Early Morning Hour & Bolts With Booty

(From Our Correspondent).

KURLA, Aug. 15.

The house of Abraham Antone, a Christian guard, employed in the G. I. P. Railway, was burgled in the early hours of the morning of August 6 last and property, consisting of four 100-Rupee, 18 10-Rupee, four 5-Rupee currency notes and Rs. 15 cash along with a few gold ornaments was found to be missing from a trunk.

In this connection a man was arrested on suspicion by the B. B. & C. I. Railway police at Dahanu Road Station the same afternoon, and detained in the custody of the Palghar Magistrate. He will be brought down to Kurla and placed before the Resident Magistrate on a charge of theft.

It is allged by the complainant that the accused, who gave his name as Dhadgusru Pannalal (18) had come to him on August 5 last. The accused requested the complainant that he might be given shelter, as he was poor and without a guardian, but this was refused. The complainant, who wanted to go to his native place, had taken a loan of Rs. 800 from the Society and had kept the money and a few ornaments, he had purchased, in a trunk.

Early on the morning of August 6, the door of his house was knocked by some one. The complainant, thinking that a milkman had come, opened the door.

The accused, who was loitering outside, it is alleged, went stealthily inside and before anybody could notice him bolted with the booty. He is alleged to have purchased a gramophone and caught a morning train at Bombay Central. Property worth Rs 400 was recovered from him by the railway police at the Dahanu Road Station.

Madras.—The Madras Corporation has resolved to present an address to the Maharaja of Travancore on his return from the Continent and Rs. 250 have been sanctioned for the purpose.—A.P.

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